



Foreword by the Independent Safeguarding Children Commissioner

It has been a year of significant progress and considerable challenge for the City & Hackney Safeguarding Children Partnership (CHSCP) as we have worked to safeguard and promote the welfare of all our children and their families. This Foreword provides a self-assessment and commentary on our key achievements, while also highlighting the areas where we continue to face undeniable difficulties.

In 2024/25, our partnership demonstrated a strong, collective commitment to our core mission. We have seen positive movement in several key areas. Crucially, our multi-agency safeguarding arrangements, including the governance structure and the roles of our lead and delegated safeguarding partners, continue to function effectively. The enduring commitment to independence within our arrangements has been invaluable, providing the 'grit' necessary for the robust scrutiny and constructive challenge that drives our work forward. This is an approach we have chosen to maintain, as it neither weakens nor undermines the ability of our partners to fulfil their statutory

We are proud of the strong performance reflected in recent inspection outcomes. The City of London Corporation received an 'Outstanding' Ofsted rating, with inspectors highlighting the excellent services that are making a significant difference in children's lives. Similarly, Hackney's Children & Families

Service was rated 'Good,' a considerable improvement achieved despite a challenging period marked by a cyber-attack and community tensions. Both the Metropolitan Police Service and the City of London Police have also made notable improvements in their handling of child-related cases, with a renewed focus on a 'child first' approach and better investigation processes. These positive inspection results are a clear testament to our focus on maintaining and building upon the foundations of good practice.

Our commitment to learning is another area of progress. We have continued to implement our learning and improvement framework, identifying lessons from multi-agency audits and local case reviews to drive improvements in practice. We published two Local Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (LCSPRs) this year, for Case A and Child V, and have actively progressed the recommendations from both, as well as from the ongoing Child Q review. This appetite to learn is central to our work, ensuring that we are a reflective and continuously improving partnership. We have once again demonstrated that our partnership will respond to questions concerning the health and wellbeing of our children whenever and wherever they arise, doing so without fear or favour.

Despite these successes, we remain grounded in the reality of the significant challenges we face. The most pressing of these are financial constraints, increased demand, and the rising complexity of cases. We know from our



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25

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lead to a reduction of approximately 1,700 staff. Hackney Council needs to save significant national reform agenda, whilst creating opportunities, is marked with \$52 million over the next three years. This environment of tightening funds and deficits. The Metropolitan Police Service faces a \$260 million deficit, which will growing demand is leading to difficult decisions, restructures, and concerns about staff capacity and well-being. Overlaying these circumstances with a partners' reports that organisations are grappling with substantial budget risk as well. We cannot ignore this reality,

creating ethical and clinical dilemmas for our practitioners. We also face ongoing The complexity of cases continues to increase. Agencies like the East London mental health issues among children and young people. Many of these cases are high-risk but fall below the threshold for statutory social care intervention, challenges with data accuracy and information-sharing agreements between (HHFT) report a sustained rise in emotional distress, self-harm, and complex agencies. These issues can hinder our ability to respond effectively and in a Foundation Trust (ELFT) and Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust timely manner, an area we are committed to improving.

safeguarding workforce, ensuring that staff and volunteers are well-supported As we look to the future, our priorities will reflect the need to navigate these challenges. We must continue to focus on the health and stability of our

amidst ongoing organisational change and increased demand. We must to harm, including child sexual abuse, adolescent safeguarding, and the also strengthen our approach to strategic vulnerabilities and pathways ongoing risks associated with unregistered educational settings The CHSCP's commitment is to ensure that every child is seen, heard, and helped. We will proactively tackle racism through our Active Anti-Racist and maintain our unwavering focus on the lived experience of children. Charter, listen to the voices of children and families to inform our work, While the road ahead will be difficult, we are confident

that by working together and staying true to our core principles, we can continue to make a eal and lasting difference for the children and families in the City of London and Hackney.



Independent Child Safeguarding Commissioner Jim Gamble QPM

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Learning & Improvement	Key Messages for Practice	SAFER - The Golden Rules of Safeguarding	Reviews of Practice	Rapid Reviews	Locat Child Salegual uning Plactice Reviews Case A Charlet	Child Q	Auditing	The Voice of the Child, Family & Community	Pertormance Data	Front-Line Intelligence External Learning	External Leaning		Training & Development		Evaluation		Priorities & Pledge	CHSCD Driorities 2024/26		ביים אינים א		What You Need to Know
32	33	37	36	42	44	47	51	53	99	63	99	89	69	73	74	78	81	83	83	85	87	95
Progress 2024/25	The CHSCP's Priorities	City of London Safeguarding Snapshot 2024/25	Hackney Safeguarding Snapshot 2023/24	Safeguarding Partners & Relevant Agencies	The City of London Corporation - Children's Social Care and Early Help	The City of London Corporation - Education and Early Years	The City of London Police	Hackney Council - Children & Families Services	Hackney Education	Young Hackney	Hackney Youth Justice Service	Hackney Housing	The Metropolitan Police Service	NHS North East London Integrated Care Board	Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	East London NHS Foundation Trust	City & Hackney Public Health	CAFCASS	Probation	Safer Workforce	The City of London	Hackney

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PROGRESS 2024/25



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and improvement of the statutory safeguarding arrangements in the City of London and the London Borough of Hackney. It reports on the following The City & Hackney Safeguarding Children Partnership annual report for 2024/25 sets out examples of the learning, challenge, impact, evidence

- safeguarding arrangements alongside a summary of progress against The governance and accountability arrangements for the CHSCP's the CHSCP's priorities and pledge.
- London Borough of Hackney, highlighting key data and the progress The context for safeguarding children in the City of London and the made by partners over the reporting period.
- The lessons that the CHSCP has identified through its Learning & Improvement Framework and the actions taken to improve child safeguarding and welfare as a result of this activity.
- The range and impact of the multi-agency safeguarding training delivered by the CHSCP.
- The CHSCP's priorities going forward.
- The key messages for those involved in the safeguarding of children and young people.

Agency Safeguarding Arrangements Unit in the Department for Education. In line with statutory requirements, the CHSCP annual report 2024/25 has been sent to the Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel and the Multi-

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THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP
ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

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Summary

The City and Hackney Safeguarding Children Partnership (CHSCP) is established in accordance with the Children Act 2004 (as amended by the Children and Social Work Act 2017) and the statutory guidance issued within Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023. The CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements define how safeguarding partners, relevant agencies and other organisations work together to coordinate their safeguarding services. These arrangements include details about how safeguarding partners identify and respond to the needs of children, commission and publish local child safeguarding practice reviews and provide for independent leadership and scrutiny. The published arrangements are available <u>HERE</u>.

Purpose

As set out in WT23, purpose of multi-agency safeguarding arrangements is to ensure that, at a local level, organisations and agencies are clear about how they will work together to safeguard children and promote their welfare. This means:

- There is a clear, shared vision for how to improve outcomes for children locally across all levels of need and all types of harm.
- When a child is identified as suffering or likely to suffer significant harm there is a prompt, appropriate and effective response to ensure the protection and support of the child.
- Organisations and agencies are challenged appropriately, effectively holding one another to account.
- The voice of children and families combined with the knowledge of experienced
 practitioners and insights from data, provides a greater understanding of the areas
 of strength and/or improvement within arrangements and practice.
- Information is sought, analysed, shared, and broken down by protected
 characteristics to facilitate more accurate and timely decision-making for children
 and families, and to understand outcomes for different communities of children.
- Effective collection, sharing and analysis of data, enables early identification of new safeguarding risks, issues, emerging threats, and joined-up responses across relevant agencies.
- Senior leaders promote and embed a learning culture which supports local services to become more reflective and implement changes to practice.
- Senior leaders have a good knowledge and understanding about the quality of local practice and its impact on children and families.











PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25



Vision

they are effectively safeguarded, City of London and Hackney are seen, heard and helped; That all children in the

properly supported and their lives improved by everyone

working together.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT



Principles

to live in. The CHSCP wants to make sure that everyone who works with children across the City of London and Hackney has the protection of vulnerable children safe and effective care; and ensuring a safe and nurturing environment for them work together to make the lives of children safer by protecting them from harm; As leaders across a range of organisations, the commitment of the CHSCP is to preventing impairment to their health and development, ensuring they receive and young people at the heart of what they do. In practice, this means that children are seen, heard and helped.

friendship circles, health, education and public Seen; in the context of their lives at home, spaces (both off-line and on-line).

putting themselves in their shoes and thinking what children and young people are saying -Heard; by professionals taking time to hear about what their life might truly be like.

imaginative solutions that help make children Helped; by professionals remaining curious and by implementing timely, effective and and young people safer.

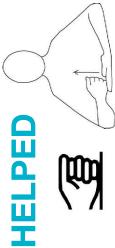
Worried about a child?

You must inform the Designated Safeguarding Lead without delay













The CHSCP's aim is to ensure that safeguarding practice and outcomes for children are at least good, and that staff and volunteers in every agency, at every level, know what they need to do to keep children protected, and communicate effectively to ensure this happens. All our activity is underpinned by the following principles

- Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility. As a partnership, we will champion the most vulnerable and maintain a single child-centred culture.
- Context is key. Capitalising on the unique opportunities presented by a dual-borough partnership, we will have an unswerving focus on both intrafamilial and extra-familial safeguarding contexts across the City of London and the London Borough of Hackney.
- Anti-Racist practice is key. The CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements are proactively anti-racist. Our focus in this context moves beyond the rhetoric and is evident in our leadership, our practice and in the outcomes of the children, young people, and families we engage.
- The voice of children and young people. We will collaborate with children and young people and use their lived experience to inform the way we work. We will regularly engage with them as part of our core business and ensure their voices help both design and improve our local multi-agency safeguarding arrangements.
- the voice of communities. Improving our understanding of the diverse communities across the CHSCP's footprint, we will regularly communicate with, listen to, and engage local communities in the work of the CHSCP. We will harness their experience to both inform and improve the way we safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people.
- Enabling high quality safeguarding practice. We will
 promote awareness, improve knowledge and work in a way
 that is characterised by an attitude of constructive professional
 challenge.
- Fostering a culture of transparency. We will enable the CHSCP to learn from individual experience and continuously improve the quality of multi-agency practice.



THE CHSCP

The CHSCP's Active Anti-Racist Charter

tolerance for racism, and we are committed to playing written safeguarding arrangements, and we expect all impact of racism resonates in both their personal and just that. It describes a range of expectations for how racism can be tackled and how we can help children can test and create their own guidance. All agencies professional lives. Given the range of activity that is represented on the CHSCP have formally agreed to ongoing in this space, the Charter does not replace promoting the welfare of all children, we have zero Racism Charter sets out a framework to help us do umbrella architecture' against which organisations our local workforce and how for many of them, the our part in eradicating it. The CHSCP's Active Antiany single-agency initiatives, rather it provides the As a partnership responsible for safeguarding and its contents. The Charter is referenced within our we seek. It also recognises the demographics of and their families see, hear and feel the change agencies to adhere to it.



TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



Key Roles & Relationships

STATUTORY SAFEGURDING PARTNERS

A statutory safeguarding partner in relation to a local authority area in England is defined under the Children Act 2004 (as amended by the Children and Social Work Act, 2017) as the local authority, an integrated care board and the chief officer of police, 7.2 These three partners have a joint and equal duty to work together as a team (and with other organisations) to safeguard and promote the welfare of all children. Given the CHSCP covers both the City of London and the London Borough of Hackney, our local safeguarding partners comprise the following:

- Hackney Council
- · The City of London Corporation
- NHS North East London Integrated Care Board (ICB)
- The Metropolitan Police Service (MPS)
- The City of London Police

LEAD SAFEGUARDING PARTNERS

_SPs are fulfilling their joint statutory functions. Over 2024/25, the LSPs for the CHSCP were: and the LSPs formally meeting as part of a 'Safeguarding Assurance Group'. Safeguarding respective agencies, 1.1s with the Independent Safeguarding Children Commissioner (ISCC) represent, take decisions on behalf of their organisation or agency and commit them on policy on how effectively they participate and implement the local arrangements. LSPs are expected to play an active role in the CHSCP's arrangements. This is achieved via leadership within their resourcing, and practice matters. They also hold their own organisation or agency to account separately in the City of London and Hackney. These arrangements help to ensure that Assurance Groups include Delegated Safeguarding Partners (see below) and are held Lead Safeguarding Partners (LSPs) speak with authority for the safeguarding partner they

- Dawn Carter McDonald, Chief Executive of Hackney Council
- lan Thomas CBE, The Town Clerk of the City of London Corporation
- Zina Etheridge, CEO Designate of NHS NEL
- Matt Twist, Assistant Commissioner of the MPS
- Pete O'Doherty, Commissioner, City of London Police

CHALLENGE

local context) as defined in WT23. This sets out how LSPs should meet 'sufficiently regularly' with other LSPs, be 'jointly responsible for ensuring opposed to a voice for their agency alone'. Given these circumstances, the delegation of LSP functions is required. Paragraph 57 of WT23 allows For the MPS and ICB LSPs, given their spans of control and responsibility for numerous jurisdictions, they are unable to fulfil their functions (in a the proper involvement of and oversight of all relevant agencies', sign off key partnership documents, set the budget and 'act as a team, as for such delegation via its definition of a Delegated Safeguarding Partner.







DELEGATED SAFEGUARDING PARTNERS

with authority, take decisions on behalf of the LSPs and hold their sectors to Partners (DSPs), this group meets as the CHSCP Executive. They can speak Whilst remaining accountable for any actions or decisions taken on behalf account. The joint functions for DSPs are set out on page 29 of WT23. For CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements. Known as Delegated Safeguarding of their agency, LSPs have each nominated a senior officer to deliver the 2024/25, the statutory DSPs were:

- Judith Finlay, Executive Director of Children's and Community Services (The City of London Corporation)
- Jacquie Burke, Group Director of Children & Education (Hackney Council)
- Diane Jones, Chief Nursing Officer (NHS NEL)
- James Conway, Commander (Central East BCU, MPS)
- Umer Khan, Commander (City of London Police)

were also standing members of the CHSCP Executive during 2024/25. This arrangement helped to ensure the engagement of education within the Jason Marantz, Hackney's Director of Education and Inclusion and Mark Emmerson, the Chief Executive of the City of London Academies Trust CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements.

PARTNERSHIP CHAIR

WT23 sets out that LSPs should appoint a DSP to be the partnership that this 'arrangement removes any need for a local area to maintain involving DSPs. By introducing the partnership chair, WT23 states chair, with one of its core functions being to chair all meetings another chair or independent chair,

CHALLENGE

coordinate' the Executive as part of his existing duties linked Further detail on the rationale supporting this arrangement deliver against their defined functions as set out in WT23. chairing. Over 2024/25, the Independent Safeguarding to independent leadership and scrutiny. This approach neither weakens nor undermines the ability of DSPs to Supported by advice obtained from legal counsel, the CHSCP has decided to maintain its existing system of Children Commissioner continued to 'facilitate and has been published on the CHSCP's website HERE. circumstances that justify divergence from WT23. Locally, it has been agreed there are exceptional





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THE INDEPENDENT SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN COMMISSIONER

provide independent leadership, advocacy and scrutiny and supported the CHSCP's unambiguous focus on independence, whilst helping to deliver the good will of dedicated staff. Multi-agency work needs to be harnessed and driven and must at its heart be open to independent challenge to do better. incorporate those of an independent scrutineer, they extend beyond this. During 2024/25, Jim Gamble QPM continued as the ISCC. He continued to The CHSCP's approach to independent scrutiny is built on the fundamental premise that multiagency working neither happens by itself nor via the It was for these reasons that the role of the Independent Safeguarding Children Commissioner (ISCC) was created in 2019, and whilst its functions necessary 'grit' in our system that drives our multi-agency working. The ISCC's functions include:

- Independently advocates by, for and on behalf of our children and families.
- Provides assurance in judging the effectiveness of services to protect children
- Provides a rigorous and transparent assessment of the sufficiency of systems and processes that enable partner agencies to fulfil their statutory duties and ensure that children are protected
- Assists when there is disagreement between the leaders involved in multiagency arrangements.
- Supports a culture and environment conducive to robust scrutiny and constructive challenge.
- Assesses whether the safeguarding partners are fulfilling their statutory obligations.

- Evaluates arrangements for the operation of the safeguarding partnership, including the purpose and functions of meetings, and recommend appropriate changes.
- Confirms, or not, that effective performance management, audit and quality assurance mechanisms are in place within partner to fulfil their statutory obligations, and which will enable the partnership to identify and measure its success and impact. organisations which will support the safeguarding partners
- Ensures that the safeguarding partners provide independent, robust and effective challenge to each other and to relevant agencies and other organisations.







RELEVANT AGENCIES

arrangements. A defined number of relevant agencies will meet regularly with safeguarding partners through the City of London Safeguarding Children the welfare of local children. These agencies are referred to as relevant agencies and have a statutory duty to cooperate with the CHSCP's published various sub-groups / thematic groups. The relevant agencies to which the CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements apply includes all those agencies Safeguarding partners are obliged to set out which agencies are required to work as part of the CHSCP's arrangements to safeguard and promote Partnership Board and the Hackney Safeguarding Children Partnership Board. Others are invited when deemed necessary and/or be included in defined in part 4 of the Child Safeguarding Practice Review and Relevant Agency (England) Regulations 2018. They include:

- Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust
- East London NHS Foundation Trust (ELFT)
- All schools (including independent schools, academies, and free schools), colleges and other educational providers.
- The Probation Service (London Division)
- Children and Family Court Advisory and Support Service (CAFCASS)
- Hackney Council for Voluntary Services (HCVS)

- London Ambulance Service (LAS)
- London Fire Brigade (LFB)
- NHS England
- All registered charities within the geographic area of the CHSCP whose staff / volunteers work with or come into contact with children and their families.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, EDUCATIONAL AND EARLY YEARS SETTINGS

schools, academies, and free schools), colleges, educational establishments children and young people. All are designated as relevant agencies within cooperate with safeguarding partners. Whilst work is ongoing to explore better ways to involve education within our arrangements, the following The CHSCP recognises the vital role of schools (including independent and early years settings in safeguarding and promoting the welfare of the CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements and have a statutory duty to mechanisms are in place to help achieve this:

- The Director of Hackney Education and Inclusion and a CEO of an Academy Trust being standing members of the CHSCP Executive
- In the City of London, engagement of all schools (and the City of London Corporation's Children's Centre) is secured through its Safeguarding Education Forum.
- via the Designated Safeguarding Leads Forum, Head Teacher briefings In Hackney, schools and Children's Centres continue to be supported and the work of Hackney Education,
- through the work of the Hackney Education and respective forums in the City of London and Hackney, support and services are available For Private, Voluntary and Independent Early Years settings in both both local authority areas.
- Schools, educational establishments and early years settings are also engaged as part of the CHSCP's Learning and Improvement representation at CHSCP Sub Groups and Thematic Groups. Framework and other activity as required. This may include

EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

seeking to change the way it engages Headteachers within encouraged from those wanting to join the Hackney Board. architecture reinstates a successful arrangement that was provide the partnership with crucial expertise, advice, and Integrating Headteachers more formally into the CHSCP's headteacher representative will be sought for the CHSCP its key governance forums. It was recently agreed that a in place before 2019. We believe their reintroduction will the Children's Wellbeing and Schools Bill, the CHSCP is Safeguard Children 2023, and the proposed changes in Executive group and expressions of interest have been Further to the implementation of Working Together to constructive challenge.

will significantly strengthen the CHSCP's strategic oversight and decision-making. This ensures the voice of education is daily realities faced by children and young people, coupled with their insight into school-based safeguarding practices, clearly heard and fully integrated into our collective efforts Furthermore, Headteachers will serve as a vital link to the broader education system. Their direct experience of the to protect our children.



THE CHSCP

OTHER ORGANISATIONS

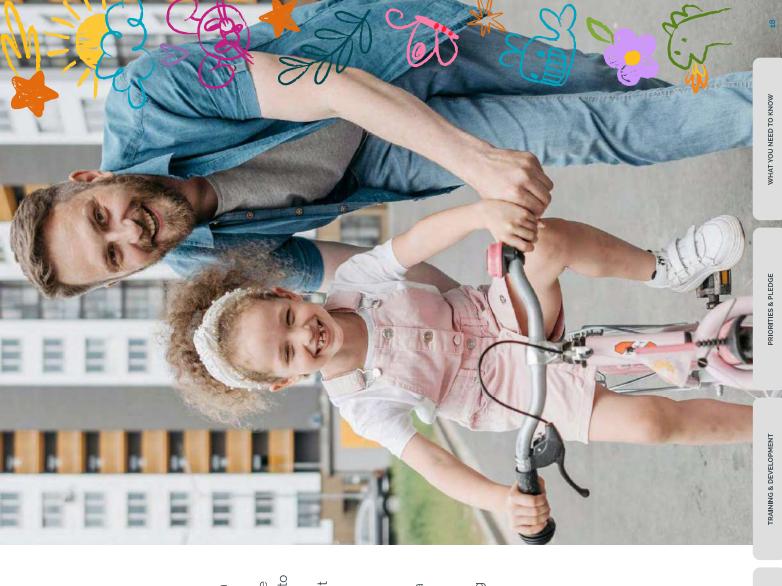
Safeguarding partners can also include any local or national organisation or agency in their arrangements regardless of whether they are named relevant agencies. Whilst not under the same statutory duty, there remains an expectation of compliance, with legal powers existing to ensure this in defined areas. For example, Section 16H of the Children Act 2004 contains a wider power exercisable by the safeguarding partners to request a 'person or body' to provide information to them. There is no limitation or definition of 'person or body' therefore the request can be made to anyone. Local organisations named by the CHSCP include all 'Out of School Settings' (providing tuition, training, instruction or activities without the supervision of parents or carers) and Social Housing providers.

DESIGNATED AND NAMED PROFESSIONALS

The Designated and Named Doctors and Nurses for Safeguarding Children take a strategic and professional lead on all aspects of the health service contribution to safeguarding children. Designated and named professionals are a vital source of professional expertise. They have continued to demonstrate their value by offering insight, challenge and support to partners.

THE CHSCP TEAM

The CHSCP continues to be supported by a dedicated group of staff. The core team includes a Senior Professional Advisor, a Training Coordinator and a Partnership Coordinator.



PROGRESS 2024/25



Independent Scrutiny

In terms of independent scrutiny of the CHSCP's arrangements, activity acts as a constructive critical friend. Such scrutiny is embedded in the culture of how the CHSCP operates and how cross-agency challenge from one agency to another can provide both a level of independence and the support needed for improvement. It is also part of a wider system which includes the independent inspectorates' assessment of safeguarding partners, relevant agencies, and the partnership itself via the Joint Targeted Area Inspection's regime. It similarly features as a fundamental principle of the CHSCP's approach to learning and improvement, reflecting the partnership's commitment to independent challenge and support. It includes:

- Agencies being subject to external inspection and positively responding to any findings and recommendations for practice improvement.
- An ISCC being appointed by LSPs, reporting to them and given the authority to coordinate the independent scrutiny of the local child safeguarding arrangements. This includes the ISCC's 'right to roam' and their ability to access relevant information that tests the sufficiency of the CHSCP's safeguarding arrangements.
- The ISCC being fundamentally independent from local organisations and holding significant experience of operating at a senior level in the strategic coordination of multi-agency safeguarding services.
- The ISCC providing independent leadership (through engagement, commentary, and lobbying) in respect of local matters relevant to the safeguarding of children and young people.
- The ISCC holding both safeguarding partners and relevant agencies to account for their effectiveness in safeguarding children and young people. This will ensure ongoing alignment with the existing statutory arrangements for safeguarding adult boards.

- The ISCC engaging with LSPs partners as part of routine 1:1 sessions, and as part of the Safeguarding Assurance Group meetings.
- The ISCC chairing the CHSCP Executive.
- The ISCC chairing the Safeguarding Children Partnership Boards in the City and Hackney.
- The ISCC chairing the Case Review Sub Group to ensure fundamentally independent decision making in respect of the instigating and oversight of reviews.
- A Senior Professional Advisor (SPA) being appointed by safeguarding partners and working on behalf of the ISCC to lead the CHSCP support team.
- The SPA chairing the Quality Assurance Sub Group and being responsible for the delivery of the CHSCP's overall Learning and Improvement Framework.
- The ISCC providing an objective and independent assessment of the effectiveness of the safeguarding arrangements as part of an annual reporting cycle.
- The ISCC being engaged in resolving operational disputes through the CHSCP's dispute resolution protocol.
- Safeguarding partners, relevant agencies and the ISCC actively strengthening networks and building opportunities for local peer review and sector-led support. Where available, this includes independent support as negotiated with safeguarding partners in other local authority areas and/or any such support coordinated via the Local Government Association and the London Safeguarding Children Partnership.
- The CHSCP commissioning external scrutiny as part of its Learning and Improvement Framework to help provide independent reassurance on the quality of practice.







CHSCP Structure 2024-2025

Statutory Safeguarding **Partners**

The Executive

Safeguarding Children Partnership Board City of London

Safeguarding Children Partnership Board Hackney

Commissioner

Children

Safeguarding Independent

Groups/ Task & Thematic Sub-Finish Groups **Development** Learning & Training,

Assurance

Review

Quality

Strategic Links to:

Hackney Health & Wellbeing Board

Hackney Community Safety Partnership

Hackney CYP Scrutiny

Safer City Partnership

City of London Health & Wellbeing Board

City of London Safeguarding Commission

THE CHSCP

PROGRESS 2024/25

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SAFEGUARDING ASSURANCE GROUPS

for ensuring the proper involvement of and oversight of all relevant agencies, and should act as a team, as opposed to a voice for their agency alone. They arrangements and to fulfil their defined functions as set out on page 27 of Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023. LSPs are jointly responsible LSPs in Hackney and the City of London formally meet with the ISCC and DSPs to collectively consider the sufficiency of the local safeguarding

- Set the strategic direction, vision, and culture of the local safeguarding arrangements, including agreeing and reviewing shared priorities and the resource required to deliver services effectively.
- Lead their organisation's individual contribution to the shared priorities, ensuring strong governance, accountability, and reporting mechanisms to hold their delegates to account for the delivery of agency commitments.
- Review and sign off key partnership documents: published multi-agency safeguarding arrangements, including plans for independent scrutiny, shared annual budget, yearly report, and local threshold document.
- Provide shared oversight of learning from independent scrutiny, serious
 incidents, local child safeguarding practice reviews, and national reviews,
 ensuring recommendations are implemented and have a demonstrable
 impact on practice (as set out in the yearly report).

- Ensure multi-agency arrangements have the necessary level of business support, including intelligence and analytical functions, such as an agreed data set providing oversight and a robust understanding of practice.
- Ensure all relevant agencies, including education settings, are clear on their role and contribution to multi-agency safeguarding arrangements.
- Ensure how the experiences of children and families shape the delivery of local arrangements, in particular how those with protected characteristics engage in service design.
- LSPs will also maintain oversight of the key risks within the local safeguarding arrangements and the effectiveness of the partnership in mitigating these.



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THE CHSCP EXECUTIVE

maintain oversight of the quality and compliance of the delivery assurance that multiagency practice is reviewed and operating of London and Hackney and includes representation from the well. Where this is not evident, DSPs should have the capacity behalf of the LSP and hold their sectors to account. The DSPs and improve operational systems and practice. The Terms of The CHSCP Executive comprises the DSPs from both the City discharging their functions as set out on page 29 of Working ultimate accountability remains with the LSP as the individual of agreed shared priorities. Processes are in place to provide should have the authority to carry out these functions, while safeguarding partners. Through the CHSCP Executive, DSPs Together to Safeguard Children 2023, DSPs are sufficiently education sector. It is established for the purposes of DSPs senior to be able to speak with authority, take decisions on and resource from their own agencies to engage, respond responsible for the delivery of the statutory duties of the Reference for the CHSCP Executive can be read <u>HERE.</u> As part of its continued commitment towards transparency, the CHSCP Executive publishes summaries of its meetings. These can be found <u>HERE</u>.

SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP BOARDS

The Safeguarding Children Partnership Boards in Hackney and the City of London are established by safeguarding partners to drive the work of the CHSCP. They are tasked with ensuring ongoing collaboration of safeguarding partners and relevant agencies in their work to safeguard and promote the welfare of children and young people. These groups comprise representatives from safeguarding partners and several relevant agencies. They include named and designated professionals. Both are independently chaired by the ISCC and are responsible for delivering the CHSCP business plan. The Terms of Reference for both Boards can be found HERE, with the core membership of each being available HERE.

EVIDENCE

The Boards in the City of London and Hackney met quarterly during 2024/25. For each meeting, Board members are expected to submit partner agency updates that focus on key issues within their respective agencies alongside a specific theme identified for deeper scrutiny. Over the reporting period, these themes included a focus on how agencies were communicating and responding to the lessons identified by the CHSCP's learning and improvement framework, the support and services provided between 3pm and 7pm (where the risk of youth violence, exploitation and extra-familial harm can increase), how agencies are engaged in the Prevent agenda and a general update on progress.





EVIDENCE

The Hackney Safeguarding Children Partnership Board and the City of London Safeguarding Children Partnership Board repeatedly discussed the impact of the new national guidance, Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023, particularly the proposal for a partnership chair. This raised concerns about decision-making authority. The unique dual-borough partnership between Hackney and the City of London was a key consideration in these discussions. By March 2025, new arrangements were approved, and the risk of the CHSCP being uninfluential as a strategic body was lowered from red to amber.

The CHSCP's Risk Register and Operational Risk Register were standing items, with some concerns focusing on data. A new risk was added for the Met Police's Connect system due to challenges with data accuracy and delays in reporting. Disagreements over the risk rating of birth data also highlighted persistent issues with datasharing agreements between agencies.

material between learning and conduct processes would be automatic). An 'advisory framework' responding to this issue was subsequently issued by the Panel and IOPC. issues of concern raised by the CHSCP (that sharing of interview records and other the Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel, who agreed to remove the primary significant concern discussed at both boards was the potential for an Information ndependence of learning reviews. This was resolved through engagement with Sharing Protocol (drafted in response to the Child Q review) to undermine the considered Rapid Reviews and Local Child Safeguarding Practice reviews. A Updates on case reviews were also a consistent agenda item. The boards

The funding for the **IRIS domestic violence service** was a major point of discussion. In 2024, the boards were briefed that Public Health intended to withdraw funding, as they felt it was not an appropriate use of their budget. The potential loss was seen as a significant risk. By March 2025, the risk was mitigated for the short term, as the NHS North East London ICB agreed to take on the full cost for the 2025/26 financial year while a long-term business case was being developed.

that gives patients online access to their medical records, including correspondence from children's social care. It was recommended that professionals are reminded of GP Patient Access System: A presentation in June 2024 highlighted the new system the requirement to redact sensitive data.

Continued overleaf.







The City of London pilot of the GCP2 toolkit for identifying neglect was discussed. The tool was found to have a small but positive impact, helping practitioners distinguish low-level neglect. The board decided to continue its use and closed the related action. The Prevent team in the City of London gave a detailed presentation on their program in March 2025, in light of a national incident. The City board requested a piece of work, through audit or a themed approach, around the increased vulnerability of neurodivergent children to pathways of radicalisation. The boards regularly received updates on inspection outcomes and was also updated on several new and ongoing projects. Some examples include:

- New Children's Homes: An initiative to open two new children's homes in Hackney was presented. These homes are intended to keep children with complex needs in the borough, providing a stable environment and improving care quality while also reducing costs.
- School-Based Health Services: A new service was presented, designed to provide flexible, targeted healthcare for schools using a neighbourhood model and digital tools.
- Immunisation Strategy: A new strategy was presented to improve vaccination coverage and address inequalities. A key concern was the ad-hoc nature of government funding and the upcoming end of MMR catch-up funding.
- Trauma-Informed Guidance: New guidance for child victims of domestic abuse was developed and shared to promote a system-wide trauma-informed response.



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Attendance

THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP
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CHSCP EXECUTIVE

	Jun 24	Jun 24 Aug 24 Oct 24	Oct 24	Dec 24	Dec 24 (Hackney 2024	Jan 2024	Attendance
City of London Corporation	>	>	7	>		7	100%
	>	>	>	>	7	7	100%
	×	>	>	>	>	×	99.9%
	×	>	×	>	×	>	20%
	>	>	×	>		>	%08



HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP BOARD

Organisation	Jun 24	Sep 24	Nov 24	Mar 25	Attendance
CAFCASS	>	>	>	>	100%
Hackney Education	×	>	>	>	75%
London Fire Brigade	×	>	×	×	25%
Hackney Children & Families Service	>	>	>	>	100%
Hackney Community & Voluntary Service	×	×	×	×	%0
Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	>	>	>	>	100%
NHS North East London (City & Hackney)	>	>	>	>	100%
East London NHS Foundation Trust	>	>	>	>	100%
Hackney Housing Services	>	×	>	×	20%
Metropolitan Police Service	>	>	>	>	100%
Probation Service	×	>	>	×	20%
Public Health	>	>	>	>	100%

THE CHSCP

PROGRESS 2024/25



CITY OF LONDON SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP BOARD

THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

Organisation	Jun 24	Sep 24 Ofsted	Nov 24	Mar 25	Attendance
CAFCASS	×		>	>	86.6%
City of London Children's Services	>		>	>	100%
East London NHS Foundation Trust	>		>	>	100%
London Fire Brigade	>		×	×	33.3%
Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	>		>	>	100%
NHS NEL	>		>	×	89:99
City of London Police	>		>	>	100%
Probation Service	>		>	×	86.6%
Public Health	×		>	×	33.3%



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Financial Arrangements

IMPACT

As part of its Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programme, INEQE Safeguarding Group continues to support the local partnership in the production of its annual report.

Expenditure

Reviews	£32,650
Staffing and Travel	£326,282
Training, Learning & Development	£17,322
Printing, Supplies and Equipment	£4,320
Venues & Miscellaneous	£6,874
Total Expenditure	£387,448

Income

Hackney Council	£227,317
City of London Corporation (incl. CoL Police)	£29,480
Hackney Education	£24,480
East London NHS Foundation Trust	£24,480
North East London ICB	£12,000
Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust	£12,000
Metropolitan Police Service	£5,000
Probation Service (London Division)	£3,051
Use of Reserves	£31,517
Total Income	£419,325



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CHSCP WEBSITE

Communication

"come to the Cit Safeguarding Cy.

Number of unique visitors to the site:

Increase of 1,553

Monthly average of visitors:

Visitors from the UK 11,553 (66%)

G,167 (33%)

9,923 (66%) Visitors used an *organic search* (search engine)

- **6,656** (37%) Visitors used *direct search* (url bar)

-1,063 (6%) other traffic sources

117 (1%)

Referred via Social Media

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THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

PAGE INTERACTION

10 most popular web pages

www.chscp.org.uk



Learning & Improvement



Key People

1,935 views

The City & Hackney Safeguarding Children

Partnership



E-Learning 809 views

Our Arrangements 1118 views



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Case Reviews

Homepage

Case Reviews 2,853 views

7,754 views

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# TO 10 PM	Children and		
fackney	p Strategy	Heato Support	111
Early Help in Hackney	This CHSCP's Early Hittp Strategy	ateg Tegerad Eurik Haup Supper	POSST Referred forms
Early	arri.	Emgrae	
Ì	-		
- Orași	- Constant		

Early Help in Hackney 1,507 views

Learning & Improvement 1,851 views

Child Safeguarding Practice Review - Child Q 1,290 views



Allegations Against Professionals 762 views

Child Safeguarding Statements

Child Safeguarding Statements

713 views

THE CHSCP

PRIVATE FOSTERING APP

The CHSCP continues to promote its Private Fostering App. Alongside providing information about private fostering, the App includes a training module and other important advice for safeguarding professionals.



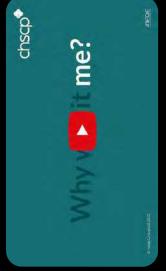
between 1,416-1,476 subscribers during 2024-2025, with an average (Things You Should Know), These are circulated to subscribers and cascaded by safeguarding partners, relevant agencies and named organisations. The number of subscribers to the TUSK fluctuated of 1,446 each month. This is a drop from the maximum of 1,680 The CHSCP produces e-briefings called 'TUSK' briefings subscribers noted the previous year. **TUSK BRIEFINGS**

Published TUSK briefings can be found <u>HERE</u>.

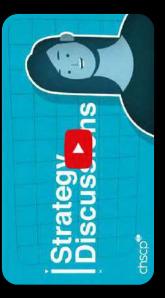


YOUTUBE

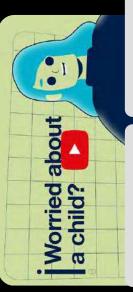
The CHSCP has produced several video guides covering a range of safeguarding topics. These can be viewed <u>HERE.</u> These have attracted 9,987 views to date, an increase of 4,546 views in comparison to the previous reporting period.













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The CHSCP's Priorities

THE HEALTH & STABILITY OF THE SAFEGUARDING WORKFORCE

The CHSCP Executive and both Boards consistently monitors this priority through the CHSCP's risk register, where workforce health and stability remain as a standing risk. Meetings regularly address issues related to workforce stability, capacity, and well-being, particularly in the context of financial pressures and new legislation.

A key concern over 2024/25 was the significant organisational change and restructuring taking place across many organisations. For instance, throughout the reporting period, Hackney Children and Families Service (HCFS) began to implement a flatter management structure aimed at increasing the number of permanent staff and improving stability. This included a restructure of the MASH to reduce social work roles while strengthening early help positions. These financial and structural changes are a direct response to budget constraints. Additionally, the new Families First Partnership Programme, a major government reform, is seen as a potential seismic shift" for the partnership that will require considerable focus, resources, and effort. Underpinned by changes to statutory guidance and proposals in the Children's Wellbeing and Schools Bill, these reforms—along with new duties, such as those related to children educated at home—introduce a risk of 'organisational churn' and workforce stability concerns.

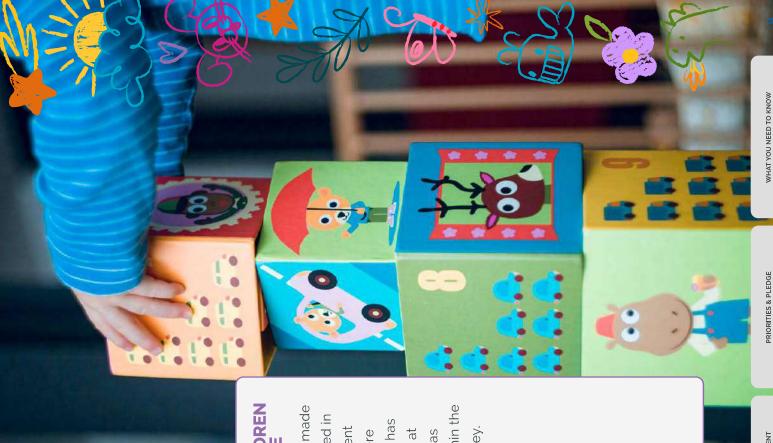
professional development remains crucial in the and communication remain central to managing Financial pressures are indeed prompting many context of these legislative and policy changes. creates a need for cohesive, joined-up training across all agencies. Inter-agency collaboration from the Department for Education (DfE). This highlighted the difficulty in recruiting for roles pool of qualified professionals. Meetings also that agencies will be competing for a limited children. The need for updated training and organisations to implement significant costsaving measures. In relation to the Families such as designated nurses for looked after The new reforms will introduce "differently qualified staff," but clear guidance on their First reforms, concerns have been raised training requirements is not yet available these workforce challenges



ACTIVE ANTI-RACIST PRACTICE

Partners are continuing to consider launching the CHSCP's Active Anti-Racist Charter during 2024/25. The charter is designed as an umbrella via existing scrutiny processes like The Executive Group decided that racist practice, with the Executive measured at Board level through and advance their focus on antiguiding the partnership's efforts. document to be used alongside partner updates in 2025/26 and existing organisational policies, the charter's impact would be audits and reviews.

THE VOICE OF CHILDREN AND YOUNG PEOPLE Examples of the progress made part of direct practice within the against this priority included in is good evidence that this has the Learning & Improvement section of this report. There remained a central theme at both a strategic level and as City of London and Hackney.



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RIORITY

GETTING THE BASICS RIGHT

The CHSCP maintained its priority on keeping its local policies and guidance up to date and routinely promoting these via its TUSK briefings. Practice in many areas of safeguarding children is good as reflected in the outcomes of inspection activity.

The City of London Corporation was rated as Outstanding in its 2024 inspection. This highlighted, 'Children living or arriving in the City of London receive excellent services that are making a significant difference to their lives. Starting from the very strong service seen at the last inspection, a highly effective senior leadership team has developed services further and continued to make improvements',

In Hackney, its Ofsted inspection undertaken in 2024 identified, 'MASH social workers recognise and understand risk to children living in homes where there is domestic abuse and conflict, substance misuse and alcohol misuse. Workers respond quickly to immediate risks. They exercise professional curiosity and consider the family's history and past incidents in context, involving the multi-agency network when required. Children and their families are quickly directed to the most suitable agency to intervene and support them'.

In January 2025, the Met Police was assessed as having made improvements and was removed from an enhanced level of monitoring by the police inspectorate. His Majesty's Inspector of Constabulary Lee Freeman said: "I am pleased with the good progress that the Metropolitan Police Service has made so far. Whilst there is still a significant amount of work to do, I have recommended removing the service from our enhanced level of monitoring, known as Engage, and return it to routine monitoring. I am reassured by the plans that the commissioner has put in place to continue making sustainable improvements. We will continue to monitor the progress of the Metropolitan Police Service to make sure those living and working in the capital are getting the service they deserve from their force."

In July 2025, the Police Efficiency, Effectiveness and Legitimacy assessment of the City of London Police was published by HMICFRS. This identified: "The City of London Police is outstanding in how and when it records crime. This improvement is testament to the force's investment of time, effort and resources in crime recording. The force has also significantly improved the timeliness with which it records crime. This means investigations and support for victims begins sooner. I was pleased to find improvements in the management and scrutiny of criminal investigations. The force has invested in governance and performance processes to improve and maintain its investigative standards. This has led to continued performance improvements. Overall, we found that investigations were thorough and well supervised. Investigators look for opportunities to bring offenders to justice, even when victims are unwilling or unable to proceed."

THE CHSCP

S Y TI BOIR

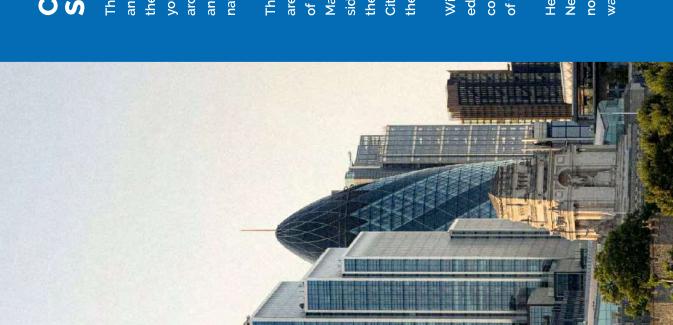
THE APPETITE TO LEARN

Progress against this priority remains strong. Whether through reviews, auditing or other activity, the CHSCP's Learning & Improvement framework continues to identify lessons and drive practice improvement. Our local focus on independent leadership and scrutiny via the ISCC remains a key component in this context. During 2024/25, the Boards tested the effectiveness of how learning was being cascaded to front-line practitioners.

MAKING THE INVISIBLE VISIBLE

about the impact of the enhanced monitoring regime for children who are electively home oublic statement on this matter. This can be During 2024/25, progress in respect of the passed into legislation, there is likely to be nence avoiding registration and regulation. educated. There are also concerns about JES agenda remained slow on a practical broadly as they are (with reduced hours) – a degree of regulatory shape introduced. Children's Wellbeing and Schools Bill. If by way of UES still being able to operate n April 2025, the CHSCP's ISCC issued a Whilst welcome, there remain concerns the potential loopholes that could exist level. Changes are awaited from the





Safeguarding Snapshot 2024/25 City of London

the daily workforce is almost 615,000 (Office for National Statistics 2022). The residential demographic is notably and 2017, life expectancy at birth was 88.8 years for males and 90.7 years for females, which is higher than the and a significant working population. According to the 2021 Census, the residential population is 8,579, while young, with a large proportion of working-age residents. Only 14% of the population are aged 65 or over, and The City of London, often referred to as the "Square Mile," is characterized by its small residential population around 8% are under 18. This youthful trend is complemented by high life expectancy rates; between 2013

the Portsoken ward being among the top 20% most deprived areas in the country. To address housing needs, the side of the City of London. While a place of great affluence, the Square Mile also has pockets of deprivation, with The City's demographic composition also reveals interesting patterns in family life, housing, and diversity. There City Corporation owns 1,923 social rented homes across 12 estates, with two located within the Square Mile and Majority background. There is a large Asian population (16.8% of the population), many of whom live on the east of 1.7 people. The area is ethnically diverse, with 42% of residents identifying as being from a Black and Global are approximately 430 families with 713 children under 18, residing in 4,900 households, with an average size the rest spread across six London boroughs.

come from other boroughs and most of the local authority's secondary school age children go to school outside educational establishments. It has no maintained secondary schools. Most children attending these schools Within the City, there is one maintained primary school, four independent schools and several higher of the City.

Healthcare provision in the City of London is unique due to its dense workforce and small residential base. The northwest. Due to proximity and accessibility, approximately 20% of residents, particularly those in the eastern Neaman Practice is the only NHS GP practice within the City's boundaries, primarily serving residents in the wards like Portsoken, are registered with GP practices in the neighbouring borough of Tower Hamlets.

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children under 18 (Census 2021)

8.3% of total population (Census 2021)

23.2%

schools in receipt of free of children in primary school meals

the Family (TAF) Team around

26

meetings held

City's Early Help Team stepped down to the

cases referred /

missing from care during 2024/25 children going

600

contacts to the City Children & Families Team Hub

missing from home

children going

during 2024/25

Referrals 58

re-referrals **76%**

00

The City Children & Families Team assessments completed by statutory social work

63%

completed within of assessments 45 days

investigations

child protection

Protection Plan as of children on a Child March 2025

as of March 2025 Children in Need

after as of March

children looked

MARAC meeting cases involved

contacts to

122

the LADO

children

2025

March 2025



arrangements as of **Private Fostering**

THE CHSCP

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Safeguarding Snapshot 2023/24 Hackney

between 22-45 years old. That said, overall population sizes for under 19 and under 24 years old According to the 2021 Census, Hackney's population stood at 259,200, Hackney ranked 68th n a decade. Hackney remains a relatively young borough with almost half of its population for total population out of 309 local authority areas in England, which is a fall of two places nave declined slightly from 25.1% and 33.9% respectively since 2011.

languages are spoken in Hackney, out of a total across England of 96 main languages. Just over Hackney is defined as a super-diverse borough. Almost 40% of the population was born outside a third of Hackney's residents have stated on the Census they had 'no religion'; followed by the Charedi Jewish community is concentrated in the North East of the borough. 89 different main of the UK. There is a significant 'Other White', Black and Turkish/Kurdish communities. A large second largest group who are Christian. Hackney has significantly more people of the Jewish and Muslim faiths than England.

having enough resources to meet minimum needs, including taking part in society'. This places nas the 7th highest number of children living in low-income families of any borough in London, Hackney as the third highest rate of child poverty in London. There are over 8,500 households is 25% for children living in income deprived households or 43% when defined as 'children not with the highest concentration in the North of the borough. With regards to child poverty, this Over 1 in 100 residents were destitute in 2022, equating to almost 1,600 households. Hackney for creative and tech industries. It has the third highest rate of income deprivation in London. Hackney continues to face significant economic and social challenges despite being a hub on Hackney's housing waiting list, many of whom are living in overcrowded conditions.

2022/23 in Hackney with 1,913 fewer victims. Hackney violence, gun crime, knife injuries (under 24 years), knife possession, and lethal barrelled discharges. Service have reverted to pre-pandemic levels of Referrals to the Domestic Violence Intervention Crime levels have fallen between 2019/20 and has recently seen reductions in serious youth around 25 referrals a week.

a mix of primary and secondary schools. The borough economically disadvantaged and Special Educational The education system in Hackney is characterized by has a notable number of "Outstanding" schools rated Needs and Disabilities pupils are consistently strong. maths. At KS4 (end of Year 11), Hackney is in the top by Ofsted. In 2024, Hackney ranked 35th of all local twenty local authorities nationally. Performance of a Good Level of Development. Historic attainment authorities on the percentage of pupils achieving gaps persist in 2023. For Key Stage 2 pupils (age nationally on the percentage of pupils achieving 11), Hackney is ranked 6th of all local authorities the expected standard in reading, writing and



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Approximately

57,291

children and young people under 18

21% of total population

22.1%

income family live in a lowof under 16s

41.1%

of primary pupils eligible for free school meals

48.9%

eligible for free school of secondary pupils meals

609

received Early Help **MAT intervention** children under 5 families with

and supported through

the MAT process

new early help cases (families) identified

14,649

407

Hackney CFS contacts to



3,653 (referrals



re-referrals 20%

Protection Plan as of Children on a Child **March 2024**

child protection

1,352

investigations

were completed

completed by

Hackney CFS

assessments

within 45 days

of assessments

91%

3,439



people looked after as children & young of March 2024



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296

in families with domestic violence children and young people living MARAC meetings involving

463

contacts to the LADO

arrangements as of **Private Fostering** March 2024

14,290

universal services offered young people accessed through Young Hackney

1,310

targeted support through young people received Young Hackney

Clinical Service in 2023/24 children allocated for direct work with the

children entered

care during

2023/24

care leavers aged between 17 and 21 were being supported by the Leaving Care Service

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Safeguarding Partners & Relevant Agencies

improving data management. The Met Police has addressed three causes of concern identified During 2024/25, many agencies focused on strengthening their safeguarding frameworks and by HMICFRS, including improving its response to missing children and tackling victim-blaming Similarly, the City of London Police has recruited new staff and improved processes for child sexual abuse material (CSAM) investigations. The East London Foundation Trust (ELFT) has language. They also launched a new "Child First" strategy, which aims to treat those under 18 as children first, identifying their vulnerabilities and understanding their circumstances. referrals to Children's Social Care by mandating staff to complete an incident report form a robust safeguarding governance framework and has improved its process for reporting alongside any referral

safeguarding children and adults, as well as domestic violence, and has established stronger & Hackney Public Health Service has made children and adult level 1 safeguarding training Numerous agencies have implemented new training and development initiatives. The City mandatory for all staff. The National Probation Service has delivered updated training on connections with specialist services.

The City of London Children's Social Care and Early Help received an "Outstanding" Ofsted rating and has a stable workforce. Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust (HHFT) has developed new integrated pathways improve patient safety and reduce risks. Hackney Children and Families Service service delivery and strategic planning. for Children's Occupational Therapy to Additionally, Hackney CFS has opened a Care Leavers Hub and is planning to Agencies are also making progress in from its Ofsted inspection, Homerton (CFS) also received a "Good" rating open internal Children's Homes.





THE CHSCP



support, such as Homerton's Enhanced Health Visiting Service that informed response for child victims of domestic abuse, creating a guidance document with relevant resources for professionals. good practice. NHS NEL and its partners developed a trauma-Collaboration and a multi-agency approach are key themes in Agencies are also focusing on person-centred and holistic is helping to identify early risk among vulnerable families.

three years. Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust and other 1,700 staff, with the majority being officers. Hackney Council faces targets and are challenged by the ongoing recruitment difficulties challenges. The Metropolitan Police Service has a £260 million a financial challenge, needing to save £52 million over the next budget deficit, which will lead to a reduction of approximately provider organisations face financial pressures to meet saving Many agencies face financial constraints and workforce for specialist children's roles.

There is also a growing concern about the rising complexity of cases and the gap between concerns and statutory thresholds. ELFT reports a sustained rise in emotional distress and health (SEMH) issues, which has impacted school attendance. CAMHS teams across ELFT self-harm among children and young people. The City of London Corporation Education exploitation, and neglect. Practitioners frequently find that these cases, while high-risk, fall below the thresholds for social care intervention, which creates ethical and clinical and HHFT are managing more complex cases involving a mix of mental health issues, and Skills Services noted an increase in children with social, emotional, and mental

forums, such as the Complex Case Forum, has led to some fragmentation in multi-agency The City of London Corporation Education and Skills Services highlighted challenges with outstrips current frameworks. The National Probation Service and Hackney CFS also face working, with practitioners relying more on individual relationships to escalate concerns. Other challenges include system-wide issues and new risks. The loss of borough-wide adultification bias and digital safeguarding, noting that the evolution of digital platforms staffing shortages and high turnover, which puts pressure on capacity and caseloads.



THE CITY OF LONDON CORPORATION - CHILDREN'S SOCIAL CARE AND EARLY HELP

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

The Children's workforce has remained stable except for natural transitions and breaks such as maternity leave. Recruitment took place in 2024/25 to ensure that a permanent team is now in place. The workforce has now all completed the Achieving Best Evidence and Breakaway training: they have also accessed a range of training specifically around domestic abuse through the Court Trailblazers programme. All workers are supported to access Systemic Training and where required the Practice Educator training programmes. There is a comprehensive training programme in place as well as a well stocked resource library of research and direct work tools to support excellent practice which has positive outcomes for children. This was acknowledged in the 'Outstanding' Ofsted Inspection grading received during 2024/25.

Whilst numbers across the service have stayed relatively stable in relation to number of contacts, Early Help, Child Protection, there has been a reduction of the number of children remaining in care, although an increase in the numbers coming into care across the year. As most children in care in the City are unaccompanied asylum seekers, they arrive are accommodated and then placed on the National Transfer Scheme (NTS). The NTS has been working particularly quickly this year meaning some young people have been moving within 2-3 weeks of arriving. Which is positive for them as they are then able to settle in the Local Authority in which they will remain.

Child in Need numbers have decreased across the year this is in no small part due to the strong Early Help offer which provides a range of support at the earliest opportunity and prevents children and families requiring higher level support, which is positive. Thus, the number of children supported at home with their families overall remained consistent.

A well-developed Care Leaver Offer was launched which is accessible online and in a range of languages (Care Leaver Offer - City of London Family Information Service). Regularly monthly online drop-in sessions are offered to support care leavers to understand their rights and entitlements. Care leavers represent our largest cohort of young people accessing the service, with housing, immigration status, and employment being their top priorities.

We have continued to conduct an independent Annual Feedback Survey with broadly positive feedback received across all service areas. 83% of care leavers felt that their social worker was easy to contact and communicate with and 78% felt that the received the right amount of support. The Early Help received a 100% satisfaction rate. Children in Care and Child Protection numbers were very small with more variation in their views and experiences in terms of satisfaction; however the small cohort makes it difficult to draw definitive conclusions. We completed a 'You Said, We Did' response document to the feedback received and ensured that the feedback informed service development plans.



EVIDENCE AND LEARNING

We have consistently undertaken 'Inadequate', 5 (13%) were graded service provided is strong, where reviews during the year, totalling on a monthly basis until we have impact then measured in future family's day to day experiences. Demonstrating that overall, the improvement these are tracked we have recommendations for thirty-nine reviews, to monitor None have been found to be implemented these and the 15 (38%) were 'Good' and 19 the impact on children and quality assurance practice the quality of practice and as 'Requires Improvement', quality assurance activity. (49%) were 'Outstanding'.

CASE STUDY 1: We had a baby under 1 years who was not previously known to City service present in an out of hours crisis. Police and out and keep the baby within their family network. At times it did not feel were initiated, which were a challenge for the family to manage due the first use of our refreshed Kinship Support Offer (September 2024) extensive work was done to explore extended family members to try care of a family member, with a package of support in place. This is sole care for her child. So far this is going well, and we are ensuring This is a plan that the parent has been able to give their consent to, baby, services then worked quickly to reunite baby and their parent like this would necessarily be viable however the social worker and in a safe assessment centre. Long and complex Care Proceedings ecognising some of the issues which prevent them from providing of hours services took immediate steps to ensure the safety of the towards the social worker and service. However, the social worker with the family and support them to engage in the process. Sadly, their diagnosed additional needs and created feelings of hostility and service worked persistently and tirelessly to continue to work service preserved and recently the baby was able to move to the which is in line with the best practice outlined in the Care Review. the parent and baby were not able to remain together, however support is in place to try and sustain this arrangement.

MPACT

on appropriate adjustments, provided support to language and cultural barriers. Once Early with a specialist teacher to advise the school secure appropriate provision and prepare for Help were involved they were able to support he is more confident in learning and uses his a referral to an Educational Psychologist for secondary transition. The child now receives navigating education or health systems due understanding of their child's condition, and a comprehensive needs assessment, liaised for the family to apply for disability benefits, and an EHCP application was submitted to family has increased financial stability and tuition and tailored classroom support, his outreach worker. The child had a disability in school. The family lacked confidence in from birth, but the family were not access disability benefits, and he was struggling CASE STUDY 2: An 8-year-old boy was referred to Early Help by a community aids consistently to support this.

CHALLENGES

been good, we recognise the toll safeguarding work takes on individuals and teams. We have developed a Wellbeing Support Guide for People's Services which outlines a wide We have continued to focus on workforce stability and wellbeing, and whilst this has range of ways in which staff can promote their emotional and physical wellbeing.

and this may impact current roles and configurations which could lead to workers leaving workstreams will work to deliver the changes needed. This will be established in 2025-26 Whilst City already run a generic social work service there will need to be changes made and replace the current Senior Leader working group and include multi-agency partners. Senior Leaders which will lead to the creation of a Programme Board, under which three implement the National Social Care Review. Proposals were drafted and accepted by This year we have started to define our Families in the City programme which will or being dissatisfied with the new expectations.

families, workers, and partners will be key to maintain consistency and limited confusion. which improves the daily experience and longer-term outcomes of our children, young The Quality Assurance service will also need to adapt as required to modified systems and ensure the framework meets the need of a newly modelled, multi-agency service. people, and families, with minimal disruption. Therefore, communication with children, Workforce development will also need to be reviewed to ensure it is able to meet any Despite potential change we need to continue to deliver services to a high standard, gaps identified within the Families in the City programme in a timely manner.



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



THE CITY OF LONDON CORPORATION - EDUCATION AND EARLY YEARS

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

the City Code of Conduct was revised and, while no penalty notices were issued, eight Notice to Improve' letters were sent to parents. The Code will be reviewed annually, adopting a whole-school approach to promoting good attendance. In line with this, Together to Improve School Attendance statutory guidance, updating policies and Over the past academic year, City of London schools have embraced the Working with minor updates planned to improve clarity and referral processes.

The School Attendance Support Team has maintained strong engagement with all schools, conducting regular visits and hosting two successful School Attendance Network meetings. These meetings, including input from DfE Advisor Victoria Franklin, highlighted the shared responsibility for attendance and the vital role of Attendance Officers. The DfE has assessed the City of London's arrangements as 'Green'. A termly newsletter will now keep schools informed of updates, training, and local data.

clear picture of where City children are educated, the school tracker has been updated borough schools with persistently absent pupils. Schools have been reminded that the across 68 schools in 20 local authorities, the team has identified and contacted out-ofteam is available to support families in overcoming attendance barriers. To ensure a to include those in alternative provision and with SEND, helping to anticipate needs Using data from the school tracker, which currently monitors City-resident children and guide support.

using boxing to re-engage a school refuser with SEND. to share strategies, raise concerns, and collaborate on a referral was made to Fight for Peace—a programme and CHSCP to share best practices. External services for re-engagement with education. Recognising that example, following the Inclusive Charter conference, Meeting brings together DSLs and attendance leads termly and includes representatives from education, safety, termly Education Safeguarding Forums have The restructured Attendance Improvement Group poor attendance can impact a child's potential and provided a platform for schools, the local authority, such as Prevent and the City & Hackney Substance Attendance Support Team continues to offer timely Finally, the newly established Network Attendance dentification of concerns and coordinated support social care, and the Virtual School. It ensures early signposting and referrals to relevant agencies. For formerly the Vulnerable Children group—meets Use Service have also contributed, The School improving attendance outcomes.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP





CASE STUDY 1: A Year 8 pupil with a diagnosis of Autism Spectrum Condition (ASC) came to the supported, and they were at risk of permanent exclusion. This risk materialised in January 2025, attention of the City of London SEND Team due to escalating behavioural concerns in school. Although the pupil had a confirmed diagnosis of ASC, their needs were not being adequately just before the finalisation of their Education, Health and Care (EHC) Plan.

social and special educational needs were identified and addressed. Interim tuition through an alternative provision provided some initial stability while a longer-term solution was sought. The SEND Team worked closely with Early Help Support Services to ensure both the pupil's Through persistent advocacy and collaboration with a neighbouring borough, a place was secured at an Autism Resource Provision (ARP) within a mainstream secondary school.

now has a secure and coordinated network of professionals around them, able to adapt provision A robust transition plan was co-produced by SEND, Early Help, the family, and professionals from continue to present, the school is well-equipped and skilled in supporting these needs. The family monitored to ensure their needs are met holistically. This case highlights the importance of early both the alternative provision and the ARP. This ensured a phased and well-supported entry into support following diagnosis, cross-agency collaboration, and the value of specialist provision in as needed to give the pupil every best chance of success. The pupil's progress is being closely the new setting. Since joining the ARP, the pupil has shown marked improvement in emotional regulation and engagement with learning. While some behaviours linked to anxiety and ASC enabling pupils with complex needs to re-engage with education and thrive.

IMPACT

pupil arriving persistently late frequently, praise and regular check-ins with parent and continues to be supportive through of the City of London schools, concerns the pupil to understand the root cause Close parental engagement work was The school noticed an improvement in punctuality and learning engagement were raised by the school of a year 10 supported a meeting with parent and carried out from a Family Practitioner CASE STUDY 2: With reference to one Manager, with the consent of parent. was made by the Education Welfare with learning. An Early Help referral to support the relationship between of poor routine and disengagement the young person and their parent. arriving after registration closure. The Education Welfare Manager



THE CHSCP



aspirations for all our children and young people, ensuring they receive an education tailored to their individual needs, their potential and are ready for adulthood whilst growing up with a sense of belonging. We remain committed to high The City of London is a place where children and young people feel safe, have good mental health and wellbeing, fulfil SEND - SEND is always a priority and the Service, along with the area partnership is committed to ensuring that along with the appropriate support to help them reach their full potential

In line with national trends, we have continued to experience a rise in the number of Education, Health and Care (EHC) an increase in social, emotional and mental health issues in children coming though in KS3. Where there has been an and young people with SEND. There has been an increase in need in children coming through in the early years, and increase in social, emotional and mental health needs, this has impacted on school attendance and one permanent Plans over the past year, leading to increased demands on the SEND team, The SEND Team has increased capacity exclusion, The SEND team has worked closely with the Education Welfare Manager and Children's Social Care and contract with the Hackney Educational Psychology Service to offer a bespoke package of support for City children through an additional EHC Caseworker to support this increased demand. The City of London has also agreed a Early Help Service to regularly monitor and support these young people.

and to ensure families are signposted to relevant services or referred as needed. Several children and young people The City of London actively participates in every annual review to maintain oversight of any emerging developments between the SEND team and social workers to ensure a coordinated and integrated approach. The SEND team also with EHC Plans are also supported by children's social care and early help services, prompting close collaboration attends meetings arranged by the Children's Social Care and Early Help Service such as CIN meetings and TAF meetings to ensure a coordinated approach to meeting these children's needs.





EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

feedback from stakeholders in the early years sector. The Early Years September 2025, the Department for Education (DfE) is implementing Team continues to work closely with the Early Help Team, particularly significant reforms to the EYFS safeguarding requirements to ensure that early years providers maintain high standards of safety and care for children. These reforms are based on extensive consultations and when children with additional needs are concerned as well as on the paediatric first aid training and the importance of ensuring adequate development of the Start for Life and Family Hub. All City Early Years questions on safeguarding and ensure early years settings continue to be compliant with regulations. The Early Years Foundation Stage Early Years - The Early Years Advisor undertakes yearly Leadership include amendments to staff-to-child ratios, clearer guidance on supervision, especially when children are eating. Effective from and Management audits in the Autumn Term, These include key (EYFS) framework, which outlines safeguarding requirements for children under five, has had some clarifications. Changes settings remain Good or Outstanding with Ofsted.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Safeguarding Leads – they also receive certificated training. All raining in understanding Safeguarding. The Service employs 3 learners are regularly/termly asked about their understanding nduction on the importance and value of understanding 'good in Safeguarding practices - they are advised on the role of the Monthly meetings are held with the DCCS Safeguarding Lead/ ermly all learners' continued understanding of Safeguarding. and others, 'Good Safeguarding' practice is fully incorporated integral part of teaching and learning. Learners are given an of Safeguarding. Their responses are recorded, analysed and an action plan is put in place to support any areas for further Safeguarding Leads, and how to report issues and concerns. Adult Education and Skills - The adult skills service reviews development, Learners are advised how to report breaches n the subject course curriculum - it therefore becomes an mportant emphasis is placed on safeguarding themselves Safeguarding'. All course tutors receive level 2 certificated Adviser. Focus on Apprentices.



THE CHSCP

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP





EVIDENCE

educate them as how to best respond to protect children and young people. The CoLP Protection Detective Inspector and have created a further Detective Sergeants post to Abuse Material (CSAM) Investigations ensuring compliance with national best practice Public Protection Unit has reviewed and improved the processes around Child Sexual There have been several Operation Makesafe deployments across the City of London assist with partnership working and coordinating safeguarding across the force. The Public Protection Unit have benefited by the recruitment of an experienced Child designed to test the response of hotels to possible child sexual exploitation and and welfare support for investigating officers.

EVIDENCE

post-holder brings a wealth of experience with him as he was previously a DI in a child abuse team. The force is subject to a HMICFRS inspection and as part of this, a review A recruitment process was held for a new Detective Inspector in the Public Protection of the PPU was conducted including Child Abuse Investigation and the management Unit. This was extremely competitive, and a new appointment was successful. The of Registered Sex Offenders. Once the feedback is received the CHSCP will be updated in respect relevant findings.





MPACT

into the City with a friend and was able to get served alcohol in a licensed premises. She became intoxicated, separated from her friend and was then befriended by a male who subsequently seriously sexually assaulted her. She had no memory of the assault. Detailed forensic work has identified the offender, and he has subsequently been charged. Alongside this, colleagues in licencing are now seeking to prosecute the licenced premise that served the victim alcohol.

vulnerability in children and young people. The VKPP is part of the College of Policing which sets out best practice

and perform an inspection of how the force deals with

The CoLP have requested that the Vulnerability Knowledge and Practice Programme (VKPP) come

LEARNING

of any incident or organisational failure but rather as an

opportunity to obtain feedback and seek to improve.

nationally, The review was not requested as the result

IMPACT

Further engagement work was completed by CoLP during the recent County Lines Intensification Week (CLIW) which included Officers attended high-end retailers within the Square Mile to raise awareness of how children exposed to CSE may be bought gifts as part of the grooming process into County Lines. This was also well received and further education was requested. During CLIW, six hotels in the City were also tested. Only one hotel passed by appropriately dealing with a child being checked in with an adult that appeared to be unknown to them. Following this, education pieces will be rolled out to hotel management to upskill staff to spot signs and disrupt where possible.



PROGRESS 2024/25

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25



HACKNEY COUNCIL - CHILDREN & FAMILIES SERVICES

EVIDENCE

Inspection of Hackney local authority

children's services

Lead inspector Marpaire Outle, His Majesty's Lispertor Inspection dates; 1 July 2024 to 12 July 2024

Judgement

The music of lands on social work

Whiten who need help and protection Practice with children and amount was The esteriores and propess or

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The election is an propess of an The experiences and progress or

Overall effectivene

The most recent inspection of children's services in Hackney was published in August 2024. This graded the overall effectiveness of the Local Authority as Good. The report can be read <u>HERE</u>. Ofsteo Ofsteo raising standards improving lives

strategic partnerships and significantly improving children's services. Inspectors support to care leavers and to secure good-quality and stable accommodation service areas. However, there is still more to do to strengthen the consistency of council's ability to manage its services. The lingering post-pandemic legacy of community. Professional and political leaders have responded successfully to these challenges, prioritising children's needs, increasing engagement with all greatly improved since the last inspection of children's services in 2019. These Office for Police Conduct, amplified a distrust of professionals for many in the Hackney communities, including the large Charedi community, strengthening COVID-19 disproportionately affected the borough's higher numbers of Black and global majority residents and staff. Community tensions, at international as identified by the local safeguarding practice review and the Independent and national levels and closer to home with the unjust treatment of Child Q, saw the authority's aspirations and found effective work across most of its for the council. A criminal cyber-attack in 2020 had a huge impact on the improvements have been made despite a particularly challenging period Inspectors said: "Support for vulnerable children and their families has for them at the time they need it." Ofsted 2024

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THE CHSCP



EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

The restructure of the management levels within Children's Social Care concluded in January 2025. The restructure has simplified the service structure, providing clearer management structure and lines of accountability. The new structure includes a move away from the unit model towards a traditional social work team model, with Consultant Social Workers and Practice Development Managers have been replaced by Team Managers and Practice Leads. Separate to the management review - the Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) completed a staffing review in the spring of 2025. The MASH has aligned its management structure with the wider CFS, incorporated EDT line management to the structure, and ensured permanency for the MASH Early Help Hub.

Our in-house Clinical Service is undergoing a restructure. The clinical restructure has meant we are no longer delivering clinical interventions that would elsewhere be the responsibility of CAMHS. There is also a Business Support Review which was launched in July 2025, which is looking at the structure of our business support functions. Furthermore, the Young Hackney service has undergone a restructure. The Young Hackney restructure has refocused the age profile of those supported by the service towards adolescents aged 10 – 19 and developed a locality model on a smaller defined geography, including 4 area teams. Further organisational change is likely to occur in areas such as the Family Support Service as the Directorate responds to the Social Care Reforms.

EVIDENCE

Plans are underway to open internal Children's Homes, to promote Children in Care living within our borough. Feedback from the pre-planning application has been received, and planning applications are set to be submitted. A new Commissioning Officer has started as Project Manager adding additional capacity and expertise to drive the programme forward. Work to recruit young people to co-produce the final design and finish of the buildings, as well as procure the expert service partner to run the homes and support commissioners to monitor the quality of the homes when they are set up, is underway.

LEARNING

Learning Conversations: Between February and April 2025, a total of 15 learning conversations were carried out on children's files. These conversations focused on Parental Metal Health. 53% of cases were rated as being good, 40%, were found to require improvement, and 1.7% judged to be inadequate. Good practice included inclusion and promotion of children's voices in their plans, good plan progression, good multi agency support for children, good management oversight for children supported by legal proceedings, Looked After Child and Child Protection plans, and good curiosity around children's identity needs.





LEARNING AND IMPACT

Heads of Service, the Director and Group Director completed observations of direct practice and to enable managers to experience the quality of practice across our Observation Week, where leaders including Team Managers, Service Managers, practice. The purpose of this was to provide feedback to practitioners on their Practice Observation Week. In June 2025, Hackney CFS launched a Practice services to children and their families. Highlights included

One observer felt that the social worker 'clearly demonstrated an effective use of communication with the child. He was curious about what they had said and life. He was able to take time to explore what they thought about the situation their experience, including of having multiple social workers come into their and what might make things better for their family'

very effective and timely - following the conclusion of the telephone call - Ithe a MASH manager is subsequently making the decision to progress the contact social worker] is recording and processing the information without delay - and One observer commented on swift MASH procedures, 'the decision making is for assessment. The whole process is concluded within 45 minutes of the call coming through,

suggestions are taken on board. The young people are being heard within session, the communication this group and the positive experiences that they expressed how much they enjoyed being part of commented that 'the voices of all young people Observing a Young Carers Group, the observer helps to facilitate learning. The views and have had at the Young Carers'. One family shared that the social worker 'genuinely listened to by social workers but do with Ithe social and we are genuinely grateful for her continued listens which is helpful, they haven't always felt has 'consistently been efficient, communicative, professionalism have been evident throughout, and very easy to work with. Her dedication and worker]', and another stating the social worker support over the years.'





PROGRESS 2024/25

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

IMPROVEMENT

In May 2024, Practice Development Managers reviewed 11 full audits undertaken in HCFS that were initially graded as Inadequate or Requires Improvement. The purpose was to re-evaluate these cases and identify any improvements in practice. The findings showed significant progress, with practice improving to Good in over half (58%) of the reviewed files. Notably, two cases that were previously graded as Requires Improvement were now considered Good. None of the cases remained at the Inadequate level. The review also highlighted improvements in timely and detailed recording, and it was noted that identified actions were either completed or in progress. However, some areas for improvement were still identified, including instances where visits and recordings were outside of set timescales and meeting minutes were missing from two audits.

IMPACT

A parent or carer working with the Family Support Service shared:
"I really want to say a huge thank you for all the support and
guidance you've given me. Your help has made such a difference in
getting [Child] back on track and I feel so much more confident as a
parent because of you".

A parent or carer working with Young Hackney shared: "Thank you so much for your work with [Child], it has made a huge difference and you have helped them through a very difficult time and they have come out confident and happy on the other side".

A parent or carer working with the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub shared: "Your kindness, expertise and sensitivity...made a huge difference to my wellbeing".





CHALLENGES

an action plan to reduce expenditure within each Directorate. Due to this, the Financial Pressures: In Hackney, we are facing ongoing pressures of service council, we have to save £52m over the next 3 years. Therefore, there will be provisions currently on offer will be under review, and future provisions may demand and tightening of funding. This is due to increasing costs, growing demand and a lack of clarity about long-term funding arrangements. As a

of living at the earliest stage possible is of key importance. Hackney Council poverty, homelessness and hunger, Thus, supporting families with the cost As the cost-of-living crisis continues, Hackney families continue to face is undertaking a range of activity in response to this crisis, including the adoption of the Poverty Reduction Strategy 2022-2026.

caseloads, Where we have recruited staff, they may be less experienced and require increased support from managers to ensure high-quality practice. challenges in recruiting and retaining social workers, resulting in high Workforce: Nationally there continues to be high staff turnover, and We have implemented several incentives to recruit and retain staff.

Care Leaver Accommodation: During our 2024 inspection, the key message once again from our young people, echoed by inspectors, was that for care one priority. We have established a sub-group of the Corporate Parenting leavers, access to safe, affordable, sustainable housing is their number

work over the next year. The most significant development has Economy, to track the progress and monitor outcomes of this support all care leavers who wish to do so to join the register. Board, Chaired by the Group Director for Climate, Homes and leavers to join in a priority band from 18. Work is underway to secure social housing tenancies - should they wish to do so -'cliff edge' in their housing options at 21 and more are able to been the decision - endorsed by Cabinet - that the Housing Housing colleagues have backdated all existing application Register would be amended from April 2024 to enable care start dates for care leavers to their 18th birthdays. We hope in time that this will mean fewer care leavers experience a in a timely way.

Joint Protocol, which will include a new focus on post tenancy this joint Children's Social Care and Housing project, we hope to our care leavers. This learning will inform an update of our the most complex needs will be offered a tenancy alongside to learn more about how best to offer post tenancy support Intensive, wrap-around support from Centre Point, Through a Housing First project, through which 10 care leavers with Up, Housing and Communities' funding early this year for We were delighted to secure Department for Levelling support, including repairs and maintenance



THE CHSCP

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

HACKNEY EDUCATION

THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFIGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

EVIDENCE

schools are, and feel, completely safe and free from racism, building on addressing systemic racism. Priority (A) is dedicated to ensuring that all child in Hackney by creating a safe, inclusive, and exciting educational proactive, inclusive, pioneering, open, and proud. These values guide Hackney Education's Improvement plan is safeguarding children and Hackney Education's mission is to improve the life chances of every the organisation's approach to its objectives. A significant focus of corporate values, these are: child and learner focused, ambitious, the report into the experience of "Child Q". Key initiatives include: environment. The organisation is aligned with Hackney Council's

- Introducing a "Hackney safe and inclusive schools charter".
- Taking rapid action on the presence of police in schools..
- Sustaining action on anti-racism and providing professional development for staff to be anti-racist,



LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP

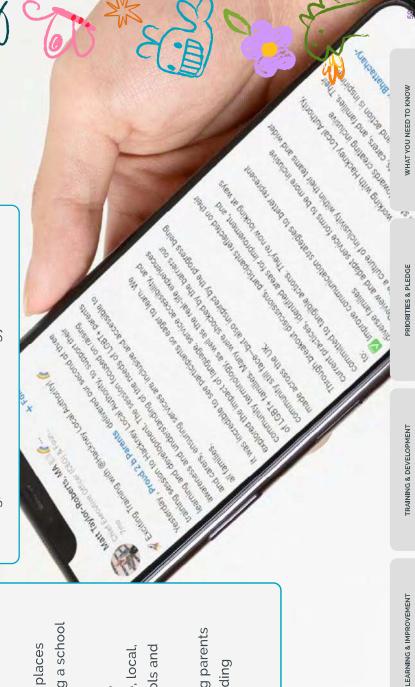
EVIDENCE

During this reporting period, Hackney Education had five main priorities:

- **Priority 1:** Achievement: Working with schools and settings to enable the best possible achievement for every child, with a focus on closing achievement gaps for pupils receiving pupil premium, Turkish Kurdish Cypriot pupils, Caribbean pupils (boys), and Orthodox Jewish pupils.
- **Priority 2:** Wellbeing and Inclusion: Promoting safeguarding, wellbeing, and inclusion, including provision for children with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND), reducing exclusions, anti-racism, and post-COVID recovery.
- **Priority 3:** Quality Places: Providing quality educational places for every child from age o to 19, including implementing a school place strategy and transforming children's centres.
- **Priority 4:** Strong and Sustainable System: Ensuring the Hackney education system remains strong, sustainable, local, and responsive to enable high performance in all schools and settings.
- Priority 5: Supporting Parents: Supporting and engaging parents and carers by ensuring their voices are heard and providing support routes for those experiencing difficulties.

EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

Children and Family Hubs have moved to a neighbourhood model, based on eight primary care neighbourhoods aligned with Children's Centres. SEND Hubs, Super Youth Hubs, Child in Need teams and Family Support teams will also be aligned according to this neighbourhood model. After the final Children and Family Hub was launched at Woodberry Down on 27 February 2025, new programmes have been commissioned, including the WellComm Tool, Proud to B Parents Training, and an Outreach Strategy with HCVS.



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EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

Hackney has developed a School Attendance Support Team to respond around attendance barriers, the consistency of which has really helped to the barriers to education that schools and families are experiencing. positive impact for the children we serve. Hackney Education has one and academised schools, to include the Charedi independent schools overall school-aged population, The work has focused on developing Improving school attendance is a priority nationally in education, and instance, we run face to face sessions as well as online sessions, and We have provided ongoing training to education professionals in the attendance officer dedicated to supporting just our Charedi schools As part of this work, we have extended our offer beyond maintained operating in Hackney. These schools serve children who identify as a culturally informed programme of support, and forming positive to strengthen the relationship and quality of the work undertaken. Charedi community that is accessible and culturally informed (for Charedi in Hackney, which is a rapidly growing percentage of our relationships through which we can jointly leverage change and

attendees can choose between sessions run by either a male colleague or a female one). In order to demonstrate our commitment to understanding and serving our Charedi independent schools, we have broadened our attendance training offer to include all Charedi independent schools in the UK. We have welcomed Charedi education colleagues from Manchester, Salford and Gateshead into our Hackney-based training sessions. One session which we ran online was attended by 86 rabbis. We continue to offer guidance and oversight around attendance policies and approaches and are working with around 70% of our Charedi independent schools, and we look forward to developing this work further and with more settings in the new academic year.

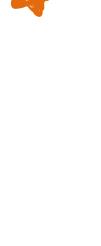


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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

- To help children and families cope with the cost-of-living crisis, the following support is available.
- class, Year 1, or Year 2 will get a free meal at school regardless of Free school meals: All children starting school in the reception income.
- available from Hackney Education for families who are struggling Children and families 0-19; Children receiving free school meals or those identified by local providers in the statutory, voluntary Orthodox Jewish community) and in local colleges have been provided with food vouchers. School uniform grants are also and community sector or Children's Centres (including the to afford this.
- Hackney provides funded 2 year nursery places, now open to families with no recourse to public funds.
- youth hubs or community partners, and families may be provided on the MASH consultation line on behalf of families in crisis may be referred to community support, including children's centres, contacting the Early Help hub or professionals making contact Early Help hub and Multi-Agency Safeguarding hub: Families with food vouchers in an emergency.

- who are eligible can access Healthy Start vouchers and Alexander Rose Multi-agency teams (MAT) receive food vouchers, and all other families Children and families hubs: Families receiving targeted support via the vouchers, redeemable for fruit and veg from Hackney markets,
- school and holiday activities are provided to families via youth hubs and Youth hubs and adventure playgrounds/holiday activities: Free after adventure playgrounds.
- have been provided with funds to purchase food vouchers to distribute, and a number of these are accepting referrals from other VCS groups. Voluntary and community sector support for under 5's: Voluntary and community groups who support families in need across the borough
- supported by Child in Need, Child Protection and Family Support plans, for food vouchers has been identified to support care leavers, families Emergency funds remaining for children in need: emergency funding and in-house foster carers.
- produced to assist practitioners in the work they do with and for families Section 17 Finance Guidance for CFS Staff: A guidance document when children's identified needs require the provision of financial assistance.



LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT



IMPACT

This year also saw 100% of our schools and children's centres receive good or better Ofsted judgements in all of the graded areas of inspection.



CHALLENGES

It has been a challenging year for many of our communities facing the closure of their schools due to declining pupil numbers. Particularly, it has been painful to see the closure of four wonderful schools who have provided the best possible education for their families: We thank and recognise the staff leaving the following schools which are closing at the end of the academic year 2025.

- Oldhill Community School (whose pupil body is merging with Harrington Hill School)
- St Dominic's RC Primary School
- St Mary's C of E School
- Sir Thomas Abney Primary School (whose pupil body is merging with Holmleigh School and will be located on the Sir Thomas Abney site)

CHALLENGES

A consultation on the Strategic Plan for 25-28 began in the Autumn of 2024. In order to tackle some of these challenges, several key priorities were identified. These were:

Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) and inclusion: Ensuring efficient and sustainable SEND provision, early identification of needs, and timely support.

Additional and Alternative Learning Provision: Developing a three-tiered support model to promote inclusion, reduce exclusions, and ensure appropriate interventions.

Strength and sustainability: Ensuring schools, children's centers, and settings are strong, sustainable, and financially viable, with a focus on recruitment and retention of staff.

Sustainable school improvement: Delivering a successful, affordable, and sustainable local education system by promoting collaboration, sharing best practices, and supporting innovation.

Equity for children and families: Working to achieve the best outcomes for all children, particularly focusing on ensuring equitable opportunities and targeted support for those who need it most to thrive.

Outreach and engagement activities will continue into the 25/26 period.

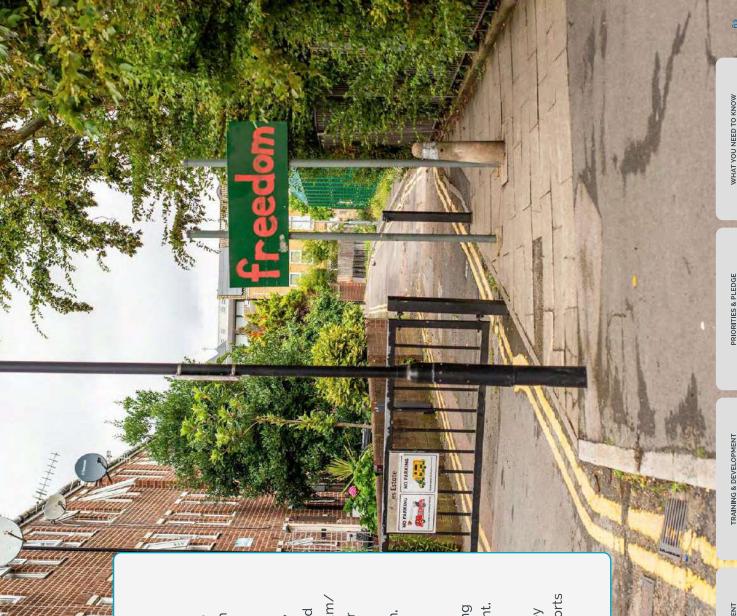


YOUNG HACKNEY

EVIDENCE

targeted early help of 10-19 (25 with SEND), the introduction of a medium/ changes include; a revised aged criteria for universal youth services and establishment of a dedicated Young Hackney Detached Outreach Team. the same and there have been no changes to play, young carers, health The integrated model and approach to service delivery largely remains focusing the Young Hackney offer at adolescents more specifically. Key high early help need threshold for individual targeted early help, earlier Young Hackney successfully re-structured in 2024 in response to local savings targets. The new iteration of the service went live in April 2025. and wellbeing and substance misuse services. However, the service is now operating with a more streamlined and targeted capacity and is and longer opening hours for teenagers at our youth hubs and the

that brings a broad range of health services to young people and supports manages demand under new arrangements, however patterns regarding type of need, referral source and interventions offered remain consistent. people's health initiative led by the CAMHS Alliance and Young Hackney 'Requests for Help', this is consistent with expectations as the service Health Spot City and Hackney at Forest Road Youth Hub-the young Since the re-structure Young Hackney has started to receive fewer access with youth workers continues to grow and develop.



PROGRESS 2024/25

LEARNING

Young Hackney is refreshing some foundational training for its staff and beginning to expand this offer to commissioned VCS youth providers with a first cohort of practitioners recently completing 'An Introduction to Systemic Practice' and Trauma Informed Care training with the Tavistock and Portman NHS and second cohort pending.

EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

Young Hackney is now on TikTok: @young_hackney. Early indications suggest the social media platform will offer a significantly broader digital communication reach for the service to young people.



IMPACT

Referred by school to Young Hackney's Young Carers Service in December 2024. Mum has Type 1 Diabetes and her health had deteriorated in recent years resulting in a period of hospitalisation. IS-L was providing practical, personal and emotional care for mum. School were concerned about the impact IS-L's caring responsibilities were having on his emotional wellbeing and difficulties in school. The family were isolated, both mum and IS-L had little support beyond each other. The YH Young Carers Team quickly engaged the family, forming strong relationships with both IS-L and his mum. IS-L was offered six individual support sessions and access to a range of activities for young carers. Mum was anxious about IS-L leaving the home and engaging in extracurricular activities but was reassured with support to allow IS-L to start attending young carers swimming lessons which eventually lead to mum attending her own fitness classes on the same site. Soon the family were taking part in a range of leisure and fitness activities independently and together helping to address their isolation and mum's health needs.

During the course of the intervention IS-L disclosed experiences of racism in school by a teacher. The Young Carers Team addressed this with school who responded appropriately, IS-L and Mum reported a significant change in IS-L's experience in school thereafter. Mum is better managing her health needs now, her independence and confidence is returning and IS-L's caring responsibilities have become more manageable. Mum said 'The service has helped us in many ways. I feel like it's an extended family that I can rely on. With so much support it's brought balance and security... 'After the 1:1 sessions IS-L comes back feeling 'full', it's like a reset for him'...'It's provided hope of getting back to normal'



LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP



IMPACT

MASH in February 2025 following a missing episode after getting in trouble at school. At the point pillow, and that the young person was worried that peers had threatened to attack them in their of referral parents also shared concerns that they had found a knife under the young person's A young person was referred to Young Hackney for Targeted Early Help by the police via the home. Whilst doing academically well, the young person experienced bullying and had no

the young person has a lifelong neurological condition that would explain their difficulties. Due to The Young Hackney worker helped the family to understand the impact of the condition on social was supportive and despite there still being some difficulties the family have reported significant had been managing this on their own for most of their child's life and they thought that because and family and quickly hypothesised that they may have an undiagnosed/unmet learning need The allocated Young Hackney worker formed a trusted relationship with both the young person mistrust, the family had never wanted to share this diagnosis with school or other professionals, with a trusted adult in school so that the appropriate support could be put in place. The school they were doing well academically, their condition was not the cause of her current difficulties. Hackney worker tactfully addressed the matter enabling the family to eventually disclose that skills and relationships and with reassurance they consented to this information being shared that was affecting social skills, interactions and experiences. This was a very sensitive matter for the young person and family who were reluctant to engage in this discussion. The Young improvements in circumstances.

CHALLENGES

particularly school and health and there may be challenges as these Young Hackney has been through the MASH to collaboratively meet changes continue to take effect interventions for example. It will demand for individual targeted considerable change this year, be important that we continue to work closely with partnersand we begin to see possible early help or school-based consequences- managing early help need.



THE CHSCP

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE



HACKNEY YOUTH JUSTICE SERVICE

EVIDENCE

The new 2025-2028 Youth Justice Service Strategic Partnership Plan was approved by Full Council in July 2025, as required as a condition of our YJB grant. To develop the Youth Justice plan 2025-28 the Safer Young Hackney Board came together in a facilitated workshop to consider our local performance data, the outcomes we achieve for children, the challenges we are now facing, feedback from children and families and the progress made. Collectively the Board agreed our shared practice principles and approaches and the shared key objectives for the next three years.

The plan outlines Hackney's partnership vision for children who are engaged with, or at risk of entering the Youth Justice System. It emphasises safeguarding, prevention, early intervention, and responding to local needs. It highlights the partnership's shared commitment to a "child first" and strength-based approach which is aligned with our Hackney STAR-R model (Systemic, Trauma Informed, Anti Racist and Restorative). The document includes the partnership's anti-racism position statement, acknowledging systemic racism and committing to practice which is anti-racist and actively champions social justice.

EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

Safer Young Hackney Board continues to be well attended and effective.

The Youth Justice Integrated Health Team (Health Huddle) continues to be embedded as part of the Hackney Youth Justice Service. This health team includes the Youth Justice Service Lead Nurse, Speech and Language Therapy Service, Clinical Team, Specialist CAMHS, Substance Misuse Service, and Sexual Health Nursing Service.

Our SALT team have been commended for their work in court with positive feedback from magistrates, defence solicitors and parents.

ETE - Recruitment for an additional Virtual School member to support children on both Out of Court Disposals and Bail Support is now complete - This was required as an outcome of inspection.

P&D/ MPS Stop & Search information initiative (QR code) with a video developed by young people which brought the information to life.





IMPACT

"challenged" by his YJS practitioner in a way that prompted her to reassess her parenting and professional interactions. The parent noted that the VJS involvement was the most positive event for her child and their family. Parent: Felt fully involved in her child's YJS work noting her child was

nobody was listening and even my own family didn't believe what I was saying, you believed me. I'm in a different place now and I'm moving on with my life." Child: Practitioner, "if it wasn't for you I would not have gone back to school, I mean that. You have helped me more than I even thought you would, when (Prevention & Diversion Team Feedback).

contact I would have missed the chance to have my voice heard in Court and the progress of the court case. You took the time to listen to me, which really meant opportunity to attend. Thank you for making sure I didn't go through this alone." Victim: "You're the first person to reach out to me since the incident happened 2 years ago, and I truly appreciate you checking in and updating me on the a lot, and you made sure I knew what support was available. Without your

realise the impact of doing so and what could have gone wrong or even worse if speak to and I was able to see myself like I have never done before, to be more Child: "Victim awareness sessions went very well, she (RJ Worker) was easy to open minded and reflective. I was able to put myself in the shoes of the victim, the scenario was different."

CHALLENGES

2025, following a failed inspection. Oak Hill management note, whilst Oak Hill has its issues, the "lived experience" where feedback on safety and staff access is universally therefore increased contact with Hackney children who An urgent notification was issued for Oak Hill on 31 July Challenge regarding the quality of the secure estate from Oak Hill are severely limited. Hackney's YJS has children in Feltham Young Offender Institution (YOI), are either current or recent residents of Oak Hill, Of and staff are currently developing an action plan to address the issues. Options for relocating children of children there is generally not as poor as that of negative, despite Feltham not being subject to an urgent notification. Discussions are underway with ELFT about how to better degree of uncertainty regarding the MPS reorganisation engage CAMHS practitioners in Hackney's Prevent/ and the implications this will have on Youth Justice Channel processes. Furthermore, there remains a police officers & MASH.





HACKNEY HOUSING

EVIDENCE

In 2024-25, Hackney's housing strategy focused on creating genuinely affordable homes and improving housing services, though affordability remained a major challenge, with a housing strategy position statement approved in December 2024 and a new 5-year plan expected in late 2025. Key initiatives included building 1,000 new council homes and implementing schemes like Hackney Living Rent to offer homes below market rates. The borough also saw rising private rents and a growing housing register, with ongoing efforts to improve standards in the private rental sector and enhance safety compliance in council housing.

EVIDENCE

The Housing service continues to operate in a challenging borough context. As of June 2024, the average house price in Hackney was £590,000, which is 18.5 times the average household income of £31,580. Private rents increased to an average of £2,361 per month in July 2024. There are 8,500 households on the Council's housing register and 3,400 homeless households are in temporary accommodation. Approximately 4000 children were living in temporary accommodation. The Council has a significant challenge with the supply of social housing, with only 570 lets available between April 2022 and March 2023. Hackney is experiencing a significant increase in homelessness, with an 8% increase in temporary accommodation required year on year.

IMPROVEMENT

The Council has implemented a housing improvement plan to address issues around mould and dampness. The plan focuses on four key themes: response to regulation, workforce development, resident focus, and systems and data. A full stock condition survey is underway to identify issues and this information will be used to create an updated asset management strategy.

CHALLENGES

While Hackney has made notable progress in its 2024-25 housing strategy, significant challenges persist, particularly concerning affordability and supply. The Council's proactive measures, such as the commitment to deliver 1,000 new social rent homes and the implementation of a Housing Improvement Plan, demonstrate a clear focus on enhancing both the quantity and quality of housing. Moving forward, the forthcoming 5-year housing strategy in 2025 will be critical in consolidating these efforts and building upon the foundation laid by the 2024-25 position statement to create a more equitable and sustainable housing future for all Hackney residents.





THE METROPOLITAN POLICE SERVICE

EVIDENCE AND LEARNING

The MPS is no longer in ENGAGE phase as specific causes of concerns have been addressed. This is positive. In June 2023, the Mayor's Office for Policing and Crime in London commissioned HMICFRS to inspect how well the Metropolitan Police Service handled the sexual and criminal exploitation of children. HMICFRS carried out the inspection in September 2023 and issued three causes of concern and made 11 recommendations.

The causes of concern were as follows:

- The force needs to improve how it identifies and assesses risks, and how it responds, when children are reported missing.
- The force should improve its investigations when children are at risk of, or harmed by, criminal or sexual exploitation.
- The force needs to make sure its officers and staff, at all ranks and grades, understand what victim blaming is and how it affects the service they provide.

HMICFRS revisited the force between 30 September and 18 October 2024 to review its progress and found:

- Senior leadership response to above issues had been positive and the cause for concerns were closed.
- The MPS children's strategy sets out the commissioner's ambition to adopt a child first approach,
- Through renewed focus on child exploitation, its links to missing children and the language officers and staff use has made positive progress.
- The changes (policy/guidance, training, uplift in officers) introduced by the MPS are also providing better outcomes for children in London.



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE



EVIDENCE

The Central East BCU received an uplift in officers during the reporting period to support Public Protection investigations. The officers arrived on BCU came with diverse range of policing experiences and added value. Our teams continue to provide business as usual in the areas of child safeguarding. Going forward the MPS like many partner organisations will face financial challenges and will need to make tough choices. Tough choices work is underway across the organisation.

IMPROVEMENT

Children reported missing:

- MPS has improved its policy and guidance and provided additional training including best way to improve its practice when children are reported missing.
- Saw an improvement in MPS's response when children are reported missing.
- MPS is better at planning for when children at risk of exploitation are reported missing and will strive to get better.
- MPS uses innovative methods to help find children.
- MPS has better oversight when children are reported missing.
- The MPS has improved how it shares information with its partners.

IMPROVEMENT

Child Exploitation:

- MPS is focusing more on safeguarding children.
- Tackling exploitation of children is a higher priority.
- More investigators have been trained in child exploitation.
- Number of officers working in exploitation teams has increased.
- More frontline officers and staff have been trained in child exploitation.
- Fewer delays in starting investigations.

IMPROVEMENT

Victim Blaming Language

- MPS has carried out substantial work to try and stop victim blaming language
- MPS encourages its officers and staff to challenge victim blaming language
- Most officers and staff recognise victim blaming language and understand its negative effect



THE CHSCP

PROGRESS 2024/25



EVIDENCE, LEARNING, IMPROVEMENT

On 26 September 2024, the MPS launched its new Children's Strategy to keep children in London safe, build their trust London and the policing challenges they present are wide ranging from exploitation, to growing up among domestic abuse, to child abuse to a child carrying a knife. In 2023, there were approximately 61,000 child victims of crime and and bring to justice those who abuse and exploit children. This is a 5 year strategy. Around 2 million children live in 51,000 children who were suspected of committing a crime.

are different to adults, they have different needs and vulnerabilities. Child first seeks to treat children as individuals criminal behaviour, achieving positive outcomes and create safer communities. Child first recognises that children Child first is an approach that has been developed using evidence of what works to reduce children engaging in and for professionals to understand the wider context of their lives. Child first ensures that work with children acknowledges their status as a child rather than treating them as adults.

What Child First Means for policing

- Those below 18 should be treated as children first.
- The vulnerability of children should be identified and responded to effectively in order to protect them from harm.
- Full understanding of children's circumstances should be sought.
- Every interaction is both an intervention and an opportunity. This is an opportunity to enhance relationships.
- The voice of children must be heard and their opinions respected.



EVIDENCE

While not formally evaluated, collaboration between Safer Neighbourhood Teams and schools has established 'safer corridors' and adjusted school detention times to protect children from becoming victims of crime on their way home.

place with parents which resulted in multiple parents coming forward with concerns. Joint working and cooperation with parents and a child centred investigation resulted in the obtaining of witness testimonies. Post evidence being CASE STUDY 1: Six children obtained ABH level injuries whilst in a nursery and an employee was witnessed to have assaulted babies on two occasions. These concerns were shared with police via NHS colleagues post attendance at a hospital. An urgent referral resulted in joint working with LADO, OFSTED as well as statutory partners to plan secured, police focused on enforcement, resulting in the arrest and interview of two persons who have now been investigation. This resulted in OFSTED suspending the licence to provide nursery provision. Communication took charged with multiple offences (cruelty and neglect). A trial date is set for 2027.

CHALLENGES

This in essence means that our workforce size will shrink to match our budget. In total, the size of our workforce will be reducing by c1700 and majority of this will be officer numbers. Finer detail is being worked on and we will The MPS faces a £260 million budget deficit. This is a significant challenge for our organisation. To reduce the funding gap, work has been completed to make savings. Despite this the MPS needs to make 'tough choices'. know the detail and impact in due course. PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25



NHS NORTH EAST LONDON INTEGRATED CARE BOARD

EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPACT

organisations and professionals with approaches and resources relevant to their agencies to advise and support child victims of domestic abuse. Support for Children and Young People was developed which provides within services across the partnership, and to develop a whole-system child victims of domestic abuse. A Guidance Doc for Trauma Informed Child Victims of Domestic Abuse: A Partnership Steering Group was trauma informed response across universal and targeted services to established to review and identify good practice already happening Hackney Trauma Informed Multi-Agency Practice: Responding to

approach to review and focus on SUDI reduction, This work is ongoing engage in quality improvement work with identification of key data Sudden Unexpected Death in Infancy (SUDI): Work has continued following the SUDI Conference in March 2024 utilising a NEL wide and involves a number of key partners and CDOP colleagues to interrogation,

Programme in City and Hackney has been providing African, Caribbean, Service (WAMHS), Hackney Council and the City of London Corporation. local schools, NHS Mental Health Support Teams, and voluntary sector NHS North East London ICB, Wellbeing and Mental Health in Schools organisations, Partners included Child and Adolescent Mental Health attuned mental health support.in collaborative partnership between Services (CAMHS) East London NHS Foundation Trust, Hackney CVS, The Tree of Life: For the past three years, the Tree of Life in Schools and mixed heritage young people with a unique form of culturally

ChATR portal includes a range of practice tools, academic research Trauma Services Lead at Tavistock & Portman FT, a Train the Trainer ChATR ACEs & TIP Training. The ChATR Online Resource Portal has Programme (ChATR): ACEs and Trauma-informed Practice Training is now available on the City and Hackney Children Safeguarding Partnership (CHSCP) Training Platform. In collaboration with the City and Hackney Childhood Adversity, Trauma and Resilience been relaunched to align it with the ACEs and TIP Training. The model for training of facilitators was developed to deliver the and video resources.

safeguarding sessions have been well attended by GP safeguarding reviews, safeguarding partnership meetings and the Child Death assistants have received level 3 safeguarding training, with over 80% of attendees rating the content as very useful and relevant. local child deaths and identify system gaps for improvement in The Named GP in City and Hackney: Has effectively supported scenarios and Mentimeter interactivity. Additionally, reflective general practice. Over 150 GPs, practice nurses, and physician and represented GPs at partnership and strategic events. This Participants praised the engaging presentations, with real-life leads, providing opportunities increased training and opening Overview Process (CDOP), This allows a GP voice to scrutinise has included GP participation in multi-agency audits, rapid

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW channels for feedback directly into the partnership from GP's. PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25



CHALLENGES

challenge in meeting the required 50% reduction in operating costs. Whilst the statutory requirements for safeguarding will need to be met it is currently The national reconfiguration of ICBs will mean unclear what this will look like locally

Identification and Referral to Improve Safety (IRIS)

part of cost saving and the service cannot continue have provided extra financial funding to continue the service for another year. Alternative funding / - Public health have withdrawn 50k of funding as options being explored. IRIS has been running in on a reduced financial envelope. NHS NEL ICB C&H since 2007.

HOMERTON HEALTHCARE NHS FOUNDATION TRUST

EVIDENCE

safeguarding arrangements primarily through the work of the CHSCP. Homerton ED continues to see growth in the cohort of vulnerable children with disabilities Recruiting to specialist children posts such as health visiting, paediatric nursing training, and supervision. The Homerton SCT and related staff have continued Disability Nurse who can support this vulnerable group of children as well to have been ongoing discussions with the commissioners regarding this issue. and additional needs who present in mental health and behavior crisis some enable staff to work effectively with these children and their families. There to. Nevertheless, staff have access to expert safeguarding advice, support, to contribute to the development and ongoing scrutiny of the multiagency safeguarding children's agenda which the Homerton has had to respond require in patient care. This reinforces the need for a paediatric Learning Overall, there has been no reduction in the growth of the contemporary is a challenge locally and nationally. Overall, whilst innovation and good practice is ongoing, the workforce challenges (which include the implementation of the Families First Partnership Programme), the unknown must do's from the Children's Wellbeing and Schools Bill, coupled responsibilities of ICBs. This means that there are challenging times ahead for in specialist children roles persist, there are internal pressures to meet saving targets, continued increases in the safeguarding agenda at a national level with the changes in NHSE which will impact on the statutory safeguarding provider healthcare organisations.





EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Enhanced Health Visiting Service (EHVS) is key in the early identification of safeguarding risk and need, particularly among families who may not otherwise be visible to services. As a non-stigmatising, universal service, health visitors uniquely engage with all families with children under five, regardless of explicit health needs. This universal access enables early intervention and the provision of targeted, intensive support to vulnerable families.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

ပ the hub and spoke model, meaning access to diagnosis look across Hackney school at strategic joint pathways, exclusion and to scrutinise practice and learnings from of the new model. All resoundingly positive benefits for role of CAMHS in to safeguard children from increased autism and co-occurring ADHD for new referrals using collecting feedback for parent and CYP on the effects Specialist CAMHS, Directors of Education and SEND. This has come about following a QI and pilot project whilst in treatment, cutting out secondary long wait CAMHS - An Executive group for WAMHS has been hopefully eliminating further referrals and distress. exclusions to change practice. Recent changes to created with the Head of Community CAMHS and clinicians too, in terms of ethical practice,

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

identify neglect and the evidence base for non-engagement with health appointments in progress in developing and embedding integrated pathways that enhance patient safety non-verbal CYP with profound physical disability, Children's OT have made considerable practice review therapists and the Named Professionals are developing resources to Children Therapy Services - As one of the outcomes from Child V child safeguarding and reduce risks for vulnerable children. These have focused on four key areas:

- fire safety legislation with a child's abilities and the risk of absconding, creating safer Fire Safety Risk Assessment: A holistic approach has been implemented to balance environments compared to other boroughs that rely heavily on 1:1 care packages through co-production of an updated fire safety risk assessment.
- Safer Spaces Pathway: Designed for children with self-harming or challenging behaviours, this pathway ensures MDT collaboration and considers developmental needs, deprivation of liberty, and psychological factors.
- Reducing Delays in Assessments: New systems were established to track, assess, and expedite high-risk cases, ensuring timely interventions. A 'fast-track' pathway was co-developed with the LBH Adaptations Team to address urgent cases efficiently.
- introduced to ensure collaborative decision-making across health, social care, and Integrated Problem-Solving: Monthly risk management meetings have been housing teams, providing coordinated solutions for complex cases.

outcomes such as reduced waiting times for assessments—decreasing from an average of 5.5 weeks to 3 weeks despite an increase in referrals. Additionally, formal complaints have been eliminated in the current period, compared to three in the previous year These integrated pathways have significantly improved patient safety, with key further demonstrating the effectiveness of the service.



LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



Midwifery - Maternity safeguarding is launching the HOPE Box project. In summer 2025. This work brings together midwifery, social care, health visiting and charity organisations including Birth Companions for an MDT approach in supporting women and families at risk of separation from their babies.

IMPACT

School Based Health Service - The SBHS continues to offer assessments to all children entering child protection plans, with over 90% of CYP seen. The service has updated the contract variation to clarify responsibilities for children in local authority settings and City and Hackney

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

who have a child who is being seen within a CAMHS service. Although cases are small in number, this pathway supports the family unit receiving mental health intervention as they manage their Talking Therapies - City and Hackney Talking Therapies is a primary care mental health service old patients who CAMHS determine to be suitable for therapeutic interventions. Within the last year an additional treatment pathway that prioritises the assessment and treatment of parents Hackney community CAMHS to provide a small bespoke treatment pathway for over 16-yeardelivering short term, mostly Cognitive Behavioural Therapy oriented therapy, to adults with common mental health problems. The service has worked closely relationship with City and challenging circumstances

this role seeks to support staff in sensitively having such conversations with patients and holding having this extra specialist support will also advise on the expectations and engagement in such. more accurate knowledge around the role and function of child social care services. Additionally, In addition, an internal child safeguarding support role was created which offers specific support to all our clinicians regarding the development of greater confidence in assessing and managing child safeguarding concerns. Such concerns may arise in any communication with a patient, and from time to time our clinicians are requested to attend various child protection meetings and

This role has not been created to replace the function of the SCT who continue to advise our staff on child safeguarding concerns and recommended actions. This new role is primarily intended to provide our staff with skills and knowledge to feel more confident in child safeguarding assessment, and in having accurate child social care information to support such patient conversations







EAST LONDON NHS FOUNDATION TRUST

EVIDENCE

collaboration across all services and boroughs. Safeguarding is a core responsibility embedded at all organisational levels, reflecting providing assurance against responsibilities outlined in CQC Regulation 13, Contractual Safeguarding requirements, the Children Act provide challenge and assurance regarding safeguarding arrangements and monitors compliance. Quarterly reports are submitted, Death Reviews (DARDR), Channel Panels, and PREVENT/CONTEST Boards. The Trust Safeguarding Committee meets quarterly to the Trust's values. The Trust contributes strategically and operationally through participation in various safeguarding partnership boards, subgroups, and local assurance meetings. This includes engagement in local audits, multi-agency training, and strategic ELFT maintains a robust safeguarding governance framework, ensuring effective leadership, accountability, and multi-agency reviews such as Safeguarding Adult Reviews (SARs), Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (CSPRs), Domestic Abuse Related (1989/2004), and the Care Act 2014.

EVIDENCE AND IMPROVEMENT

In Phase incident report form concurrently with any child protection referral to CSC. This measure will enable timely and accurate data The Trust has implemented an improved reporting process for CSC referrals. From 1 April 2025, all staff are mandated to complete an capture, effective oversight by the safeguarding team and prompt, effective intervention.

EVIDENCE AND LEARNING

The Trust has demonstrated strong improvement in safeguarding training compliance across both children and adult safeguarding in 2024/25. Level 3 Safeguarding Children training compliance rose to 89%, up from 83% in 2023/24 – a 6.7% increase year-on-year.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Mental Health Support Team and Wellbeing and Mental Health in Schools: The launch of the Low-Level Concerns guidance was supported through two CAMHS in Schools Forums, where staff explored its application and received input from safeguarding leads across the partnership. We collaborated with Educational Psychology, Public Health, and Hackney Education on responses to school-based trauma, such as sudden deaths and community incidents. We also continue to support suicide prevention through staff training and policy development in schools.

Child A was referred to social care after risk of grooming and county lines emerged. The clinician supported the parent, ensured police involvement, and maintained confidentiality safeguards at school. The child is no longer considered at risk.

Child B came from a previously unknown family of five. The clinician identified safeguarding concerns, made trauma-informed referrals to Early Help and the Children's Centre, enabling broader family support. Child C, showing extreme aggression, was supported through coordinated agency input (including YOT and social care). A full risk and mental health formulation was documented, supporting a timely response.

Emotional & Behavioural Team (E&B): The E&B team maintains regular safeguarding supervision and utilises MASH and trust safeguarding consultations to inform safe and timely care planning. Weekly MDTs support riskbased decision-making, and a new consultation pilot is helping clarify CAMHS involvement while families await assessment. The team works closely with schools and Local Authority services, referring complex joint CAMHS/CSC cases to the Complex Case Forum and ensuring smooth service transitions.

Case 1: A family with domestic abuse, parental mental health issues, and neurodiverse needs was supported collaboratively by CAMHS and Family Support, with effective TAC coordination leading to improved engagement.

Case 2: After Early Help initially closed a case, a joint MASH referral by CAMHS and school led to reallocation to a senior Early Help social worker. A robust package of support was arranged, and the father expressed gratitude for the collaborative care.

Continued overleaf.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



EVIDENCE AND IMPACT CONTINUED

Behaviour Support and Outreach (BS&O): BS&O's proactive, no-waitlist model enables swift risk response and family stabilisation. Strong links with MACE, EFRP, MASH, and local authority partners support contextual safeguarding work.

A referral for ADHD assessment led to a broader safeguarding concern being uncovered. MDT discussion led to MASH referral due to serious neglect and physical harm between siblings. All three children were placed on Child Protection Plans. Despite parental criticism over the non-diagnosis of ADHD, the case exemplified strong safeguarding vigilance and thorough clinical assessment

Adolescent Mental Health Team (AMHT): AMHT engages in early consultation with MASH and works jointly with social care, Early Help, education, and other agencies. Clinicians attend multi-agency meetings and reflect on complex cases in MDTs. Joint visits and care planning are common, with attention paid to addressing environmental factors affecting young people's mental health.

Neurodevelopmental Team (NDT): NDT contributes to multi-agency risk and planning forums such as the Dynamic Support Register (DSR) and LDA subgroup, focusing on young people with Learning Disabilities and Autism. Safeguarding consultations are regularly sought, and all cases with risk of admission are reviewed via LAEP meetings to prevent unnecessary inpatient stays. The team also contributes to service improvement work around Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD), and has responded to a recent Serious Incident with enhanced risk recording and TAC documentation processes.

CHALLENGES

This year, our safeguarding work has reflected a deep commitment to integrated, trauma-informed, and child-centred care, despite the mounting pressures across health, education, and social care. We have responded to complex and evolving risks, strengthened frontline practice, and maintained a focus on vulnerable groups, including those affected by contextual harm, neurodevelopmental needs, and digital exploitation.

Looking ahead, our priorities will include improving the quality and consistency of multi-agency collaboration, especially in the absence of some previously established forums; enhancing digital safeguarding approaches in response to emerging online risks; and supporting workforce capacity in light of system-wide financial pressures. In alignment with City & Hackney's wider priorities, particularly around early intervention, equity of access, and coordinated care, we will continue to drive safe, responsive, and relational safeguarding practice across CAMHS.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW





EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Temporary Accommodation. This review includes an overview of the evidence base, local insights and local support / provision and will inform System leadership - Public health led the completion of a review of the health and social needs, and inequalities, faced by Families in system work to support the needs of this vulnerable cohort.

EVIDENCE, IMPACT AND LEARNING

Identified from service that Public Health commissions:

an Integrative Child Psychotherapist monthly in the form of reflective practice, to ensure that they receive the appropriate support required to Health Visitors supporting caseloads of the most vulnerable families receive additional supervision from a Parent-Infant Psychotherapist and safely and effectively manage complex cases. The Schools Based Health Service conducted an audit of safeguarding assessments, ensuring adherence to quality and compliance standards. inconsistent documentation following handovers and variability in the care packages provided. The audit served as an opportunity to address these gaps promptly, leading to the implementation of digital monitoring for safeguarding sessions and regular reviews of documentation The audit revealed a high level of compliance with child-centred practices; however, it also identified areas for improvement, such as during both school nursing team meetings and supervision sessions.

CHALLENGES

ensure they receive the support they need. The Community Peer Mentoring Service, which began in November 2022, has not fully delivered on its intended outcomes and so the service will come to an end earlier than planned, in December 2025. We are also working with the Enhanced Meeting the needs of socially vulnerable pregnant women and new mothers is a key priority. We are focused on strengthening our services to Health Visiting Service, commissioned in September 2023 to evaluate the impact of this service on this vulnerable cohort and are actively collaborating with the provider to improve the performance of these services.





WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



CAFCASS

EVIDENCE

Cafcass received a total of 16,195 children's Between April 2024 and March 2025 public law cases,

applications. This figure is 0.4% lower than Cafcass received a total of 11,430 care Between April 2024 and March 2025 the previous financial year.

The average for 2024-25 was 41 calendar weeks, which is 3 weeks lower than the previous year,

Cafcass received a total of 39,182 children's private law cases. This figure is 0.7% lower Between April 2024 and March 2025 than the previous financial year.

PROBATION

EVIDENCE, IMPACT AND LEARNING

with updated training courses delivered on safeguarding children and adults, as well as domestic violence. These efforts have strengthened staff awareness and confidence in Over the past year, we have placed significant emphasis on learning and development, managing complex safeguarding concerns.

improvements in the quality of assessments. This has been achieved through case dipapproach to risk management. This collaborative work ensures that interventions are sampling, which ensures safeguarding concerns are being addressed in line with our In addition, we have established stronger connections with specialist services within the borough, helping to clarify the support available and enhance our child-centred informed, responsive, and aligned with best practice. We have also driven forward statutory duties.

and responses across the PDU. This enables us to evidence the work being undertaken, A continued focus has been placed on the accurate recording of safeguarding checks particularly in relation to child safeguarding, and supports a culture of accountability and continuous improvement.



TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP

management, multi-agency collaboration, and the effective use of assessment tools in CASE STUDY 1: The removal of a Registered Sexual Offender (RSO) from a residence with safeguarding protocols. This case exemplifies the importance of proactive risk children and ensured the RSO was relocated to suitable accommodation, aligned where unsupervised contact with children was taking place led to a disclosure of offending behaviour. This decisive action eliminated the immediate risk posed to protecting vulnerable individuals and upholding public safety.

IMPACT

door of the property, which prompted further professional curiosity. This observation of frontline staff remaining vigilant and responsive to environmental cues, and how CASE STUDY 2: During a routine home visit, professionals observed damage to the was escalated to the allocated social worker, enabling additional assessments to be carried out. As a result, risk mitigation strategies were implemented to ensure the overall safety and wellbeing of the child. This case highlights the importance such actions can lead to timely safeguarding interventions.

CHALLENGES

remains a key focus, with a plan in place and ongoing efforts to increase staffing levels. experience capacity pressures, which are While numbers are improving, we are not being monitored and actively managed. yet at full complement and continue to Staffing and Capacity: Recruitment

providing mentoring from experienced staff, and enhanced oversight for complex cases. Officers (SPOs) are allocating cases based particularly given the complexity of cases themed case discussions and workshops training and time to build experience, across the caseload. Senior Probation New entrants require comprehensive on skills and experience, while also



THE CHSCP

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



Safer Workforce

responsibility to manage and have oversight of allegations against people who work with children. reported. It is ordinarily the responsibility of the DSL to report allegations to, and otherwise liaise staff or volunteers working with children. Organisations should have clear procedures in place with, the Designated Officer in the local authority (referred to as the LADO). The LADO has the requirement to appoint a Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) to whom these allegations are always be contacted when there is an allegation that any person who works with children has: that explain what should happen when such allegations are raised. These should include the In line with paragraph 2.1 of the London Safeguarding Children Procedures, the LADO should Despite all efforts to recruit safely there will be occasions when allegations are made against

- Behaved in a way that has harmed a child or may have harmed a child.
- Possibly committed a criminal offence against or related to a child.
- Behaved towards a child or children in a way that indicates they may pose a risk of harm to children.
- Behaved or may have behaved in a way that indicates they may not be suitable to work with children.
- Behaved in a manner that discriminates against a child on the basis of one or more of their protected characteristics as defined by the Equalities Act 2010

Further criteria (paragraph 2.2.) relates to allegations that can be made in relation to physical chastisement and restraint but can also relate to inappropriate relationships between members of staff and children or young people, for example:

- Having a sexual relationship with a child under
 18 if in a position of trust in respect of that child, even if consensual (see s16-19 Sexual Offences Act 2003).
- 'Grooming', i.e. meeting a child under 16 with intent to commit a relevant offence (see s15 Sexual Offences Act 2003).
- Other 'grooming' behaviour giving rise to concerns of a broader child protection nature e.g. inappropriate text/e-mail messages or images, gifts, socialising etc.
- Possession of indecent photographs/pseudophotographs of children.





WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



Paragraph 2.3 of the procedures define were these should be applied when there is an allegation that any person who works with children:

- Has behaved in a way in their personal life that raises safeguarding concerns. These concerns do not have to directly relate to a child but could, for example, include arrest for possession of a weapon.
- As a parent or carer, has become subject to child protection procedures.
- Is closely associated with someone in their personal lives (e.g. partner, member of the family or other household member) who may present a risk of harm to child/ren for whom the member of staff is responsible in their employment/volunteering.

Once contact has been made with the LADO service, it will result in one of the five following actions being taken:

- The contact/referral is managed by a LADO in another local authority.
- A consultation takes place where the matter is discussed between the referrer and the LADO to decide on what action to take next.
- employment but would require further information before the decision is made that LADO oversight or an investigation is required. An evaluation meeting is held when the contact provides information that would suggest there is potential risk in the person's
- Guidance and oversight are offered by the LADO when an employer is completing an internal investigation.
- An Allegations against Staff and Volunteers (ASV) meeting will be convened when it has been decided by the LADO that the threshold of harm/risk has been met.



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



The City of London

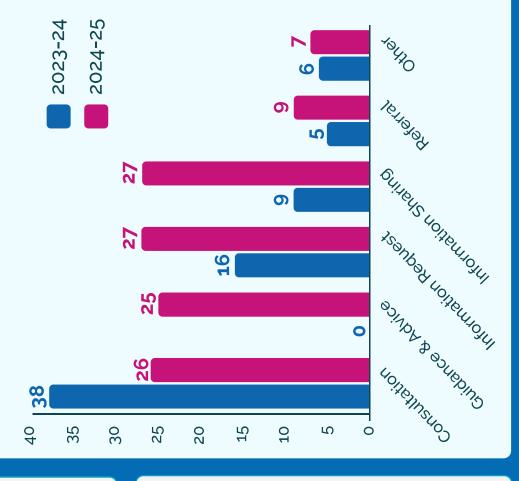
EVIDENCE

allegations against professionals. Work is completed in a timely way. The support and training to external agencies. City of London Ofsted, 2024 local authority designated officer (LADO) provides effective guidance, There are effective arrangements in place to oversee and manage

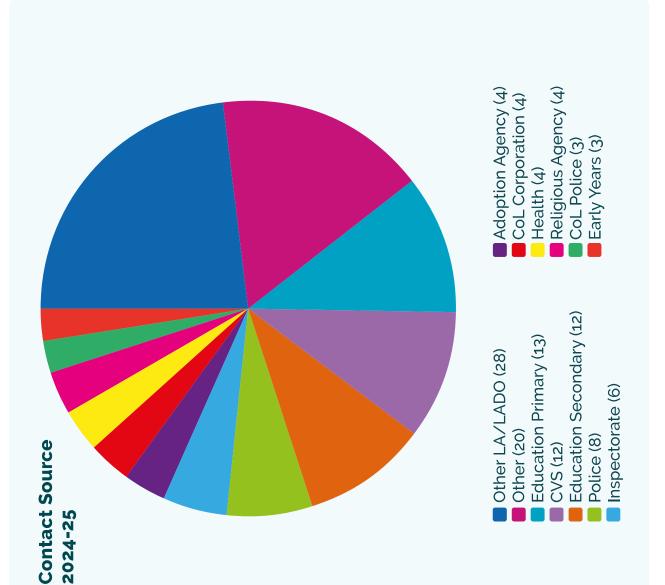
EVIDENCE

risk and improve conduct. Those instances where guidance and advice also attributable to improved recording methods. There has also been of these, do not meet the LADO threshold, The increase in numbers is increase of contacts to the service. The increase in contacts is in line a change to the categories of contacts recorded to include guidance been considered, and that appropriate action is taken to reduce any with London and National trends as is the fact that the vast majority one-off conversation to ensure that all aspects of the situation have and advice, Contacts recorded as consultations generally require a requiring an Allegation against Staff and Volunteers Meeting which This year there have been 122 contacts to the LADO Service, this is is provided often results in further action by the employer, such as an internal investigation with oversight from the LADO, rather than an increase of 48 from the previous reporting year, which is a 65% would be recorded as a referral.

Contact Comparison 2024-25 to 2023-24



TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



of contacts are 'Other LA/LADO' (23%) which effective manner by the LADO, to ensure risk multiple Local Authorities in terms of where ongoing good level of contact between the partners, The sectors with the highest level is likely to relate to and the cross over with City of London Police and LADO (as well as jurisdiction and responsibility may fall. The located in the City, so whilst professionals other area Police forces) remains positive. Head Offices of several agencies are also is managed by the appropriate area. The demonstrates that the process is known and understood across a broad range of may not physically work in the City, their cases are responded to in a timely and agency 'employer' is based here. Such There continues to be a wide range of agencies contacting the LADO, which



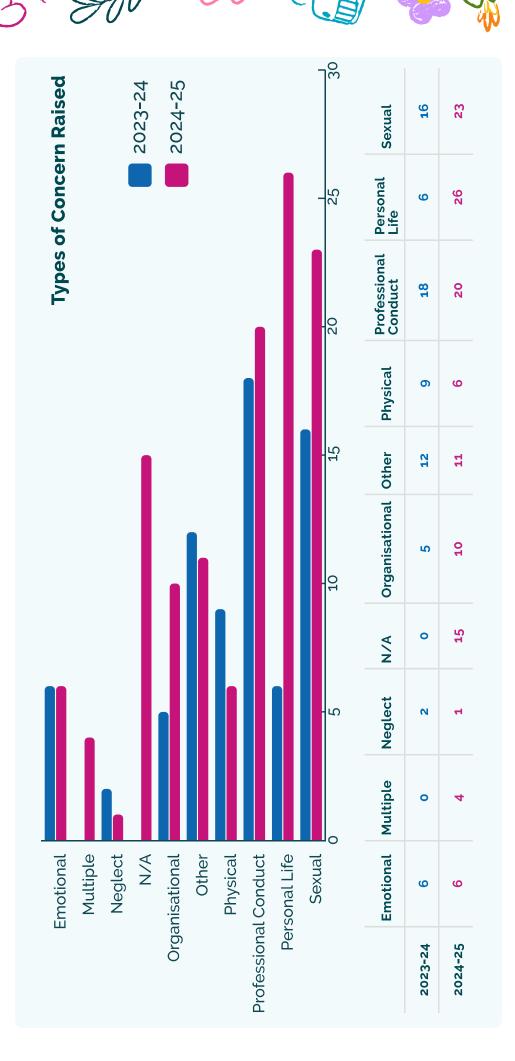


WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

THE CHSCP



In relation to the types of concerns being reported to the LADO Service, the four categories of harm (as per child protection procedures) are used alongside types of concerns relating to an individual's personal life that could present transferable risk factors to their employment or work with children. The categories are recorded in line with the presenting issue identified during the initial contact with the LADO.



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EVIDENCE

and continues to demonstrate the impact of several high-profile sexual abuse prosecutions and 'Me Too' There continues to be a high level of reporting in relation to concerns of a sexual nature. This is positive movement. This is a mix on non-recent and recent incidences and online offences.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Allegations against Staff and Volunteers (ASV) Meetings. Two of these resulted in a substantiated outcome Of the 10 contacts that met LADO threshold and were classified as referrals, two remained open at the end transferred to other Local Authorities as this is where the employer was based. Three referrals triggered of the reporting year as further information was being sought from Police and the employer. Three were and one in an unsubstantiated outcome.

refer to DBS, which is a legal duty for employers. In one case the statutory body was notified and there were prove or disprove the allegation. The term, therefore, does not imply guilt or innocence". Two involved sexual concerns whilst the third was physical. Where there was a substantiated outcome actions were made to ongoing internal HR processes initiated. In all cases individuals have been removed from their work with A substantiated outcome means "there is sufficient evidence to prove the allegation that a child has been harmed or there is a risk of harm" whilst unsubstantiated means "there is insufficient evidence to either children in a timely way.

tions were made to notified and there were rom their work with

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES & PLEDGE WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PROGRESS 2024/25



LEARNING

LADO. It also continues to be well attended with positive feedback, Bespoke training requests for specific settings Inductions which last took place on 15/11/2024. A LADO podcast has also been recorded for Early Years workers LADO training continues to be provided through the CHSCP facilitated jointly by the Hackney LADO and the City website; Training, forums and continued professional development - City of London Family Information Service. or teams can be provided as needed. The LADO also attends and contributes to the Safeguarding in Education Forum on a quarterly basis. The overview of the LADO continues to be part of bi-annual People's Directorate who often struggle to attend day time training sessions, this can be found on the Family Information Service

EVIDENCE

LADO and employment processes. A LADO Referral Form has been developed and now sits on the CHSCP website as well as a guide for parents/carers who are considering engaging a private tutor or similar. An overview LADO leaflet has been updated and distributed. Also in train is the development of some guidance for employers around making This year there has been continued focus on developing support tools to aid consistency and clarity in relation to referrals to the DBS, this is being produced in conjunction with the DBS Regional Outreach Advisor for London

IMPROVEMENT

Priorities for the next 12 months include continuing to refine and develop the LADO training offer, to update website extrapolated. Significantly, concerted efforts to be made to reach out to religious institutions in the City to raise information and to refine recording systems to ensure that data and performance can be easily analysed and awareness of the LADO arrangements and offer of training.





Hackney

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

the LADO to carry out their responsibilities. Training is relevant and routinely provided to partners to increase surety An effective local authority designated officer (LADO) service operates with clear systems in place to ensure timely responses to allegations against professionals. Partnership working is strong, and managers are ably assisted by of their safeguarding practice' Hackney Ofsted, 2024

EVIDENCE, IMPACT AND LEARNING

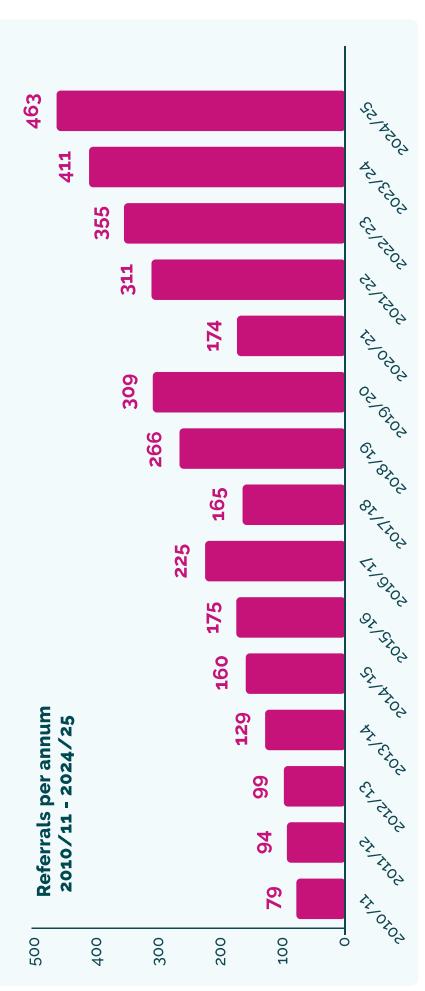
outcomes are clear. Further discussion around recording on Mosaic will be important to ensure potential patterns of undertaken, Findings included: The Hackney LADO service provides an efficient service in delivering management review in terms of scrutiny, decision making and containing the anxiety this area of work can raise. The safety of the high-quality service continues in Ithe LADOsI absence. The Hackney LADO is seen as an exponent of good practice proportionally with clear management rationale. The range of referral sources suggests that the training delivered behaviour of staff are picked up. Succession planning and management oversight will be important to ensure this across the partnership has been successful in embedding the LADO role and ensuring employers understand their workforce and the children they serve is clearly at the core of the service. Recording of contacts to LADO and the statutory duty in this area of work. The partnership has provided overwhelmingly positive feedback in this peer oversight of allegations against staff and volunteers who work with children. Thresholds are applied fairly and A Peer Review was completed 31 May 2024 by the Islington LADO Service. It covered a strategic overview, operational functions, data collection and case file standards. As part of this process, a self-audit was also across the London LADO network and a supportive member of the team.



PROGRESS 2024/25



The LADO service received 463 contacts during the period of 1st April 2024 to 31st March 2025 which is an increase of 52 (12%) on the previous year (411 contacts). Other than during the COVID-19 pandemic, the trajectory of year-on-year increases in LADO contacts continues.





THE CHSCP

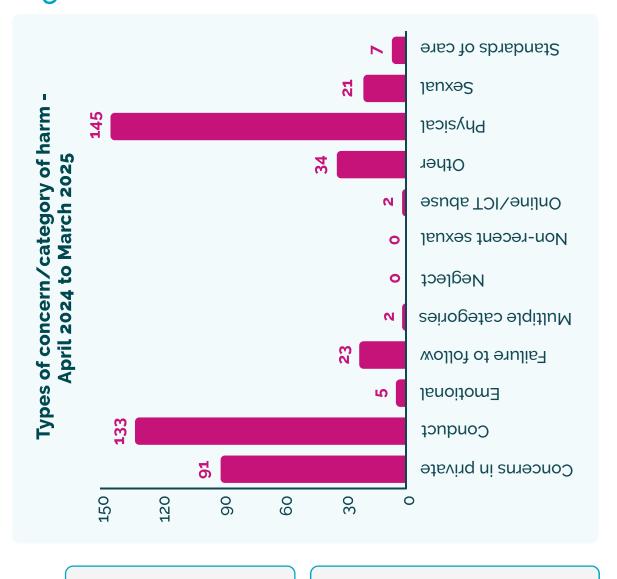
LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

The occupations with the highest number of contacts were school support staff (23.6%), teachers (22.4%) and nursery workers (14.4%) which remains consistent with 2022/23 figures of 26.5%, 25.6% and 11.8% respectively. This is likely attributable to the higher ratio of children to staff given schools and day care provisions have higher numbers of children accessing services compared with health or leisure facilities for example.

EVIDENCE

For 2024/25 the category with the highest number of contacts related to physical harm (31.3%) with conduct (28.7%) being the second highest. Concerns in private life had the third highest number of contacts (19.6%). These categories mirror those of previous years. 'Other' types of concerns set out in the table below are for those matters that do not fall under the defined categories of harm. It includes, for example, notification of unregistered educational settings, seeking advice regarding the behaviour of students, information requests for references, Ofsted contact seeking information prior to inspections.

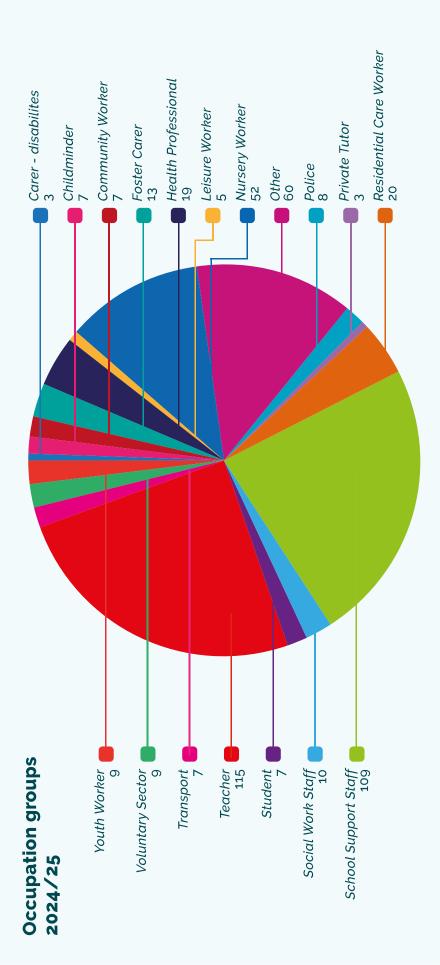


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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



The occupations with the highest number of contacts related to teachers (24.8%), school support staff (23.5%), and nursery workers (11.2%) which remains consistent with 2023/24 figures. This consistency is likely attributable to the higher ratio of children to staff within the education sector.







TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

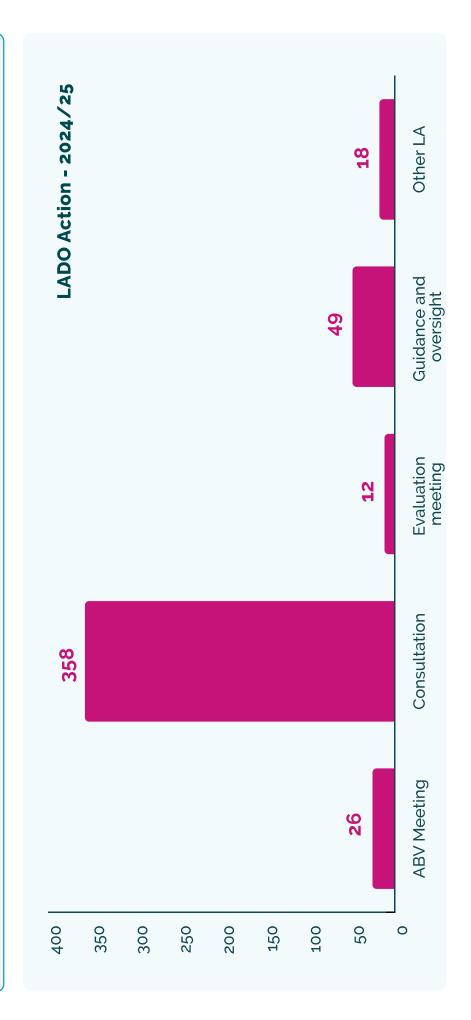
LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP



being held (7) and the increase in 'Guidance and Oversight' and 'Other Local Authority' could all be attributed to the overall increase in contacts. 2023/24. This could in part be attributable to the overall increase in contacts, but also to DSLs and Headteachers becoming more familiar with the LADO process - requiring less guidance when notifying of a concern or allegation. There has been a slight increase in Evaluation meetings Consultations remained the highest demand for the LADO service in 2024/25 accounting for 81%, which is an increase of 23% compared with





THE CHSCP

PROGRESS 2024/25

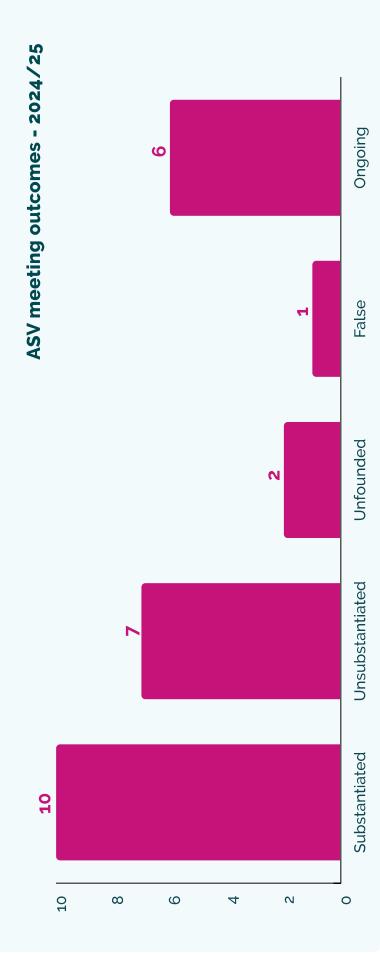
PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

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IMPACT

Most cases considered at ASV meetings during 2024/2025 resulted in a 'substantiated' outcome. Seven out of the 20 concluded cases resulted consideration under the LADO procedures. It only indicated that evidence was lacking to support the allegation/concern or could not disprove in an 'unsubstantiated' outcome. The fact that the concern/allegation was not substantiated does not suggest that these matters did not need it. Only one case resulted in a 'false' outcome. The cases that are 'ongoing' refers to awaited outcomes of Police investigations, some of which relate to suspicion of possession/distribution of indecent images of children which involves long waiting times due to the forensic analysis of electronic devices required and delays owing to the volume of such cases.



PROGRESS 2024/25

was the third highest outcome at 9,93% (12,16% for 2023/24). completed by settings/employers made up 44.27% (42.09% for 2023/24) of the total outcomes with the second highest with the outcome of LADO contacts remaining unchanged. Similar to 2023/24, for the period of 2024/25 'advice only' Again, a strong statistical consistency exists year on year being information sharing at 16.41% (15.57% for 2023/24). In terms of LADO outcomes, internal investigations

LEARNING

allegations for managers in the early years and school sector, colleges and early years, school and college staff, governors, They continue to run specific training dealing with managing Team runs an extensive training programme throughout the year including Safeguarding and Child Protection training against adults who work with children and young people. once every academic year for schools and twice for early practice and the procedures for dealing with allegations for HE staff, Designated Safeguarding Leads for schools, The Hackney Education (HE) Safeguarding in Education early years and childminders, Their training covers safe

years managers.

LEARNING

and guidance development, and to be part of the collective voice when colleagues to share knowledge, trends, and best practices to promote keep abreast of themes and practice dilemmas, to contribute to policy continued learning and development of the service in line with peers. The LADO is also a regular attendee at the London LADO Network to The Hackney LADO actively participates in peer discussions with challenges are needed to partner agencies.

IMPROVEMENT

among Children's Services staff. To address this, the LADO will provide ADO Network, helping to develop Professional Standards and finalise from this report. The aim is to keep school leaders informed and up to recording strategy is currently under review, with the goal of finalising Finally, the LADO will continue to work in partnership with the London understanding of the LADO's role and procedures has been identified tailored training to individual settings as needed. The LADO's internal the Headteachers' Termly Briefing to share key statistics and insights date on safeguarding and the LADO process. A clear need for better Every year, the Local Authority Designated Officer (LADO) will attend a policy that ensures all records are kept accurately and efficiently. training sessions for these teams and will also continue to offer drafted procedures that are awaiting approval





THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP
ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

Key Messages for Practice

Over the past few years, the CHSCP has undertaken a substantial range of activity seeking to identify lessons for practice improvement. Through its learning and improvement framework, many have been captured. That said, from all this work, we have seen a range of common themes that should remain as priorities for our front-line practitioners.

SAFEGUARDING FIRST

The need for practitioners to adopt a 'Safeguarding First' approach to their practice has been a key theme for the partnership since the publication of its review into **Chadrack Mbala-Mulo**, and that involving **Child Q**. This is not a particularly complicated message, but one that needs to be routinely reinforced, along with the CHSCP's principles of children being seen, heard and helped. Put simply, whatever your role or whatever policy or procedure you might be following, you should always be considering the safeguarding needs of a child. Their safety and welfare should always be your first priorities and whilst 'safeguarding is everyone's responsibility', that doesn't mean you can rely on someone else to act. You need to.

Applying this approach to practice is less about reading pages and pages of guidance, but more about the culture of how you and your agencies operate. Developing a culture that places the safety of children at the heart of our system is the first step we all need to take. It's also something that our leaders need to promote rigorously. If they aren't talking about safeguarding as a priority, those on the front-line won't be either. The next step is acknowledging that whilst safeguarding might be one priority amongst many for you, you need to make a concentrated effort to always base your decisions and actions on the best interests of the child. Develop your skills and confidence, engage other practitioners and access the support from your supervisors. Listen to what children and young people have said they need from those who work with them (Working Together 2018).

Children have said they need...

Vigilance

to have adults notice when things are troubling them

Understanding and Action

to understand what is happening; to be heard and understood; and to have that understanding acted upon

Stability

to be able to develop an ongoing stable relationship of trust with those helping them

Respect

to be treated with the expectation that they are competent rather than not

Information and Engagement

to be informed about and involved in procedures, decisions, concerns and plans

Explanation

to be informed of the outcome of assessments and decisions and reasons when their views have not met with a positive response

Support

to be provided with support in their own right as well as a member of their family

Advocacy

to be provided with advocacy to assist them in putting forward their views

Protection

to be protected against all forms of abuse and discrimination and the right to special protection and help if a refugee



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

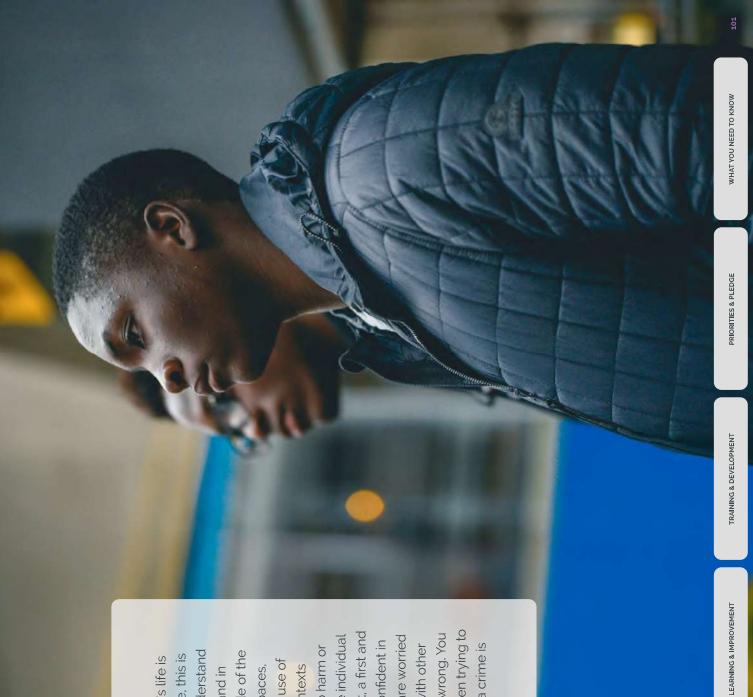
PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT

CONTEXT

aren't. Talking to each other and sharing information when trying to has oversight on the detail of everything. In this respect, a first and professionals without fearing you are doing something wrong. You pathways to protection. However, it is usual that no one individual sharing information and talking with each other. If you are worried important step is to make sure that professionals are confident in protect people from actual or likely harm or to prevent a crime is about a child or young person, you are allowed to talk with other will help us determine whether they reflect pathways to harm or about how the partnership works together to better understand health, alongside those aspects that are typically outside of the essential for effective safeguarding. In terms of practice, this is Context is key and understanding the context of a child's life is and the virtual world that children occupy through their use of the lived experience of children at home, in education and in technology and social media. Knowing about these contexts family environment, such as peer groups, places and spaces,

lawful and in the substantial public interest.



CURIOSITY

Professional curiosity is the capacity and communication skill to explore and understand what is happening within a family rather than making assumptions or accepting things at face value. This has been described at the need for practitioners to practice 'respectful uncertainty' – applying critical evaluation to any information they receive and maintaining an open mind. In safeguarding the term 'safe uncertainty' is used to describe an approach which is focused on safety but that takes into account changing information, different perspectives and acknowledges that certainty may not be achievable. Professional curiosity can require practitioners to think 'outside the box', beyond their usual professional role, and consider families' circumstances holistically. Professional curiosity and a real willingness to engage with children, adults and their families or carers are vital to promoting safety and stability for everyone.

Much has been written about the importance of curiosity during home visits and the need for authentic, close relationships of the kind where we see, hear and touch the truth of their experience of 'daily life' and are able to act on it and to achieve similar closeness with parents or carers. Practitioners will often come into contact with a child, young person, adult or their family when they are in crisis or vulnerable to harm. These interactions present crucial opportunities for protection. Responding to these opportunities

requires the ability to recognise (or see the signs of) vulnerabilities and potential or actual risks of harm, maintaining an open stance of professional curiosity (or enquiring deeper), and understanding one's own responsibility and knowing how to take action. Children in particular, but also some adults, rarely disclose abuse and neglect directly to practitioners and, if they do, it will often be through unusual behaviour or comments. This makes identifying abuse and neglect difficult for professionals across agencies. We know that it is better to help as early as possible, before issues get worse. That means that all agencies and practitioners need to work together – the first step is to be professionally curious.

Curious professionals will spend time engaging with families on visits. They will know that talk, play and touch can all be important to observe and consider. Do not presume you know what is happening in the family home – ask questions and seek clarity if you are not certain. Do not be afraid to ask questions (and difficult questions) of families and do so in an open way so they know that you are asking to keep the child or young person safe, not to judge or criticise. Be open to the unexpected and incorporate information that does not support your initial assumptions into your assessment of what life is like for the child or young person in the family.





CHALLENGE

have been made, discussing any concerns regarding those decisions and referrals, outcomes of assessments, roles and responsibilities of workers, vital that front-line staff are encouraged to remain professionally curious communication. Safeguarding is everyone's responsibility and front-line young people aren't being addressed. To help staff resolve professional in several areas of multi-agency working as well as within single agency where there isn't agreement; escalating those concerns as appropriate, working. Differences are most likely to arise in relation to the criteria for within safeguarding practice is a sign of a healthy and well-functioning and to raise issues where they feel that their concerns for children and practitioners at work and it is important they are resolved as effectively essential that where differences of opinion arise, they do not adversely resolved in a constructive and timely manner. Differences could arise discussion and negotiation between the practitioners concerned. It is service provision, timeliness of interventions, information sharing and Remember, equally important is the culture of how we work; and it is Differences in professional opinion, concerns and issues can arise for staff need confidence in talking with each other about decisions that and swiftly as possible. Having different professional perspectives affect the outcomes for children, young people or adults and are partnership. These differences of opinion are usually resolved by differences, the CHSCP has issued a Dispute Resolution Policy



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP

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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



SAFER - The Golden Rules of Safeguarding

We expect all safeguarding practitioners to be confident and competent in their ability to identify, assess, analyse and manage risk confidently. We want them to have an unswerving focus on the basics. We must get this right - every time. As a minimum, this means all safeguarding practitioners operating to the CHSCP's Golden Rules of Safeguarding



Sharing Information

Good information sharing is vital when professionals are worried about people and want to help them. Early sharing of information is the key to providing effective early help rom Serious Case Reviews reinforces the fact that both children and adults can suffer significant harm or death when professionals fail to share information or fail to share it where there are emerging problems. At the other end of the continuum, sharing information can be essential to put in place effective child protection services. Learning in a timely way. Good communication and appropriate information sharing between professionals is therefore a critical element of effective safeguarding practice.



Assessing (& Managing) Risk

practitioners having a good understanding of the signs and symptoms of abuse and neglect and a working knowledge of the local threshold tool. It also means practitioners When safeguarding children, practitioners working in the City of London and Hackney need to know what to look for and what to do if they think they've seen it. This means knowing where to seek help (for example, from their DSL) and how to report any concerns. Importantly, practitioners from both children and adult services need to engage in our multi-agency arrangements, and when needed, contribute to any multi-agency meetings or processes tasked with helping and protecting children



Focus on the Child

Maintaining a focus on the child and hearing their voices is paramount to our local arrangements. In all our work, we need to listen and think carefully about what children are saying and what meaning this has for them. We need to try and understand their lived experience and what life is like through their eyes.



Escalation

are usually resolved by discussion and negotiation between the practitioners concerned. It is essential that where differences of opinion arise, they do not adversely affect Differences of opinion, concerns and issues can arise for practitioners at work, and it is important they are resolved as effectively and swiftly as possible. Having different professional perspectives within safeguarding practice is a sign of a healthy and well-functioning partnership. Don't be afraid to voice them. These differences of opinion he outcomes for children, young people or adults and are resolved in a constructive and timely manner.



Recording

We should all recognise the importance of good recording. The ability to maintain records that are focused, accurate and evidence professional judgement is a key skill we expect all practitioners to have. Good recording can help spot themes, patterns and trends in a child's care (such a neglect). They are a record for the child and an audit trail of your practice.



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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP

Reviews of Practice

Local Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews are undertaken on 'serious child safeguarding cases' to learn lessons and improve the way in which local professionals and organisations work together to safeguard and promote the welfare of children. These reviews were previously known as Serious Case Reviews (SCRs) and were transitioned to this alternative model in July 2019. As set out in statutory guidance: 'Reviews should seek to prevent or reduce the risk of recurrence of similar incidents. They are not conducted to hold individuals, organisations or agencies to account, as there are other processes for that purpose, including through employment law and disciplinary procedures, professional regulation and, in exceptional cases, criminal proceedings.'

EVIDENCE

- Review Panel, both of which were subject to a Rapid Review by the CHSCP. From the notified cases, During 2024/25, two Serious Incident Notifications were made to the Child Safeguarding Practice no Local Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (LCSPRs) were commissioned.
- No Serious Incident Notifications were made relating to cases in the City of London.
- Three other Hackney cases (not meeting the criteria for notification) were also considered by the Case Review Sub-Group.
- Two of these cases resulted in a Rapid Review and one LCSPR was instigated.
- In line with revisions made to Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023, one notification was made following the death of a Care Leaver. Whilst a Rapid Review was held this did not result in a LCSPR.
- Two LCSPRs (Case A and Child V) were published during the reporting period.
- Full details of all the reviews published by the CHSCP are available <u>HERE.</u>



Statement (3) by Jim Gamble QPM - Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy



Terms of Reference - Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy



Statement (2) by Jim Gamble OPM - Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy



Statement (1) by Jim Gamble QPM -Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy



Child V Audio Summary



Child V Summary



Local Child Safeguarding Practice Review - Child V



Case A Audio Summan



Case A Summany



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

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THE CHSCP



Rapid Reviews

Following notification of a serious incident to the Panel, the CHSCP will always initiate a Rapid Review. The aim of a Rapid Review is to:

- gather the facts about the case, as far as they can be readily established at the time.
- discuss whether there is any immediate action needed to ensure children's safety and share any learning appropriately.
- consider the potential for identifying improvements to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.
- decide what steps they should take next, including whether or not to undertake a child safeguarding practice review.

The CHSCP's analysis will include whether it thinks the case raises issues which are complex or of national importance such that a national review may be appropriate. Where an incident has not been notified and does not meet the criteria for notification, there is no requirement Once complete, the outcome of a Rapid Review and the CHSCP's decision about whether a review is appropriate is shared with the Panel. to send a Rapid Review to the Panel. For all Rapid Reviews, whilst reports of these are not generally published, any actions arising from them will be developed and tracked by the Case review Sub Group.

IMPACT

reintroduce "Difficult Conversations" training is being taken forward by the TLD Sub Group. A themed session to discuss the For the first Rapid Review undertaken in 2024/25, TUSK briefings and video guidance previously produced by the CHSCP were disseminated focussing on information sharing, the DfE's updated guidance and the issue of consent. An action to threshold for triggering an LCSPR was placed on the agenda of the Case Review Sub Group.



IMPACT

CHSCP material on strategy discussions has been relaunched to clarify their the CHSCP developed a Partnership Briefing on child protection enquiries. Following the second Rapid Review, to enhance practitioner awareness, detailing what they involve and differentiating between single and joint agency investigations under section 47 Children Act 1989. Additionally, purpose, attendees, and information sharing standards,

section on anti-racist practice and considerations. To improve understanding A key focus has been integrating anti-racism into practice, with the strategy discussion template having been reviewed and amended to strengthen its explored options for including relevant training courses within its program. of neurodiversity and its impact on children and parents, the CHSCP has

by promoting awareness of Young Carers and relevant policies, procedures, ensure practitioners operate within their legal authority, available guidance The CHSCP has also committed to identifying and supporting young carers issued under Working Together to Safeguard Children 2023, the London and guidance via its website and TUSK briefings (newsletter). Finally, to procedures, and local guidance has been reviewed to confirm sufficient description of respective duties and powers.

on caring for neurodiverse clients by sharing further learning and resources. Alongside these multi-agency recommendations, individual agencies have considering specialist teaching sessions, and holding webinars on Trauma-NHS Foundation Trust has focused on enhancing awareness and teaching They also aim to embed a trauma-informed approach in service delivery, also progressed a range of learning. For example, Homerton Healthcare which involves working with staff to provide trauma-informed care, Informed Care (TIC).

information sharing and language used by different agencies, also been working to improve understanding of the purpose and holding a learning event in September 2024. They have escalation pathways. This has involved establishing regular of Strategy Meetings and the roles and responsibilities of police staff on information sharing in safeguarding cases, Furthermore, the Trust is improving awareness of police meetings with the police, developing tips for health and multidisciplinary teams (MDTs), including the impact of through developing scenarios for simulation exercises.

IMPACT

information can be integrated into the CPIS system is being For the third Rapid Review, a short briefing note about the to partner agencies. An action covering how care leaver deaths was produced and sent as a letter from the ISCC change in policy and process for reporting care leaver pursued.

EVIDENCE

LCSPR into this case remains ongoing at the time of writing. The review's terms of reference and statements issued by The fourth Rapid Review process involved the concerns raised about Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy, The the ISCC can be found HERE.





Local Child Safeguarding **Practice Reviews**

triggered in 2024/25 involving Mossbourne Victoria Park Child V). Two others were ongoing (Child F and Child W). Published reviews are available on the CHSCP website Academy. Two LCSPRs were published (Child A and One Local Child Safeguarding Practice Review was

the Panel on this issue. Our intention remains to release referenced in the 2023/24 report, it is included again in has been shared with the Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel. The CHSCP has determined this report shouldn't be published and discussions continue with been completed by the independent author, and this has also been completed by the independent author, With regards to the Child W review, a final report has and this will be published shortly. Whilst Case A was a summary of this case. A final draft of the Child F

nature and scale of Mr A's offences are both shocking and deeply disturbing. However, supervision, Mr A became the father of two children. However, there was no record of sexual assault, engaging in sexual activity in the presence of a child, making indecent nim telling the police or the Probation service about their births. Furthermore, despite adults. He was given a custodial sentence, made subject to notification requirements and issued with a court-imposed Sexual Harm Prevention Order. His crimes included ongoing monitoring and there being intelligence that Mr A had a child, it was not until work assessment was subsequently triggered by children's social care, although this participated in an internet sex offender programme, unpaid work and was monitored esulted in no further action and the case was closed. Supervision of Mr A remained child was two and a half years old, and the youngest, five months. A statutory social photographs of a child, voyeurism, exposure and up-skirting. Without question, the of children and given a suspended sentence. At the time, notification requirements n 2023, Mr A pleaded guilty to over 30 sexual offences involving both children and they weren't his first. In 2014, Mr A was found guilty of possessing indecent images by a local Jigsaw team from the Metropolitan Police Service. Whilst subject to this ate 2018 that a referral was made to children's social care. By this time, the eldest were put into place alongside a five-year Sexual Offences Prevention Order. Mr A with the police until the ending of his notification requirements in 2021.

Professional Advisor (Rory McCallum). It makes five findings and five recommendations The LCSPR into this case was commissioned to examine how local agencies managed wider public. It was undertaken by the CHSCP's ISCC (Jim Gamble QPM) and its Senior and mitigated the risks posed by Mr A to his children, other family members and the for improving practice.

The full report can be read <u>HERE</u>.

A Short Audio Briefing is available <u>HERE</u>.







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> PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25

LEARNING

Finding 1: The management of Mr A via the Level 1 MAPPA arrangements was insufficiently robust in terms of professional curiosity, rigour and authority. Ineffective investigation resulted in missed opportunities to identify risk and intervention lacked any clear focus on the paramountcy of the child.

Finding 2: Practitioners in children's social care were too optimistic when engaging the family. There was little evidence of thoroughness, reflection or an understanding about the risks posed by child sex offenders, and too much emphasis was placed on the police assessment of risk. Opportunities were missed to bring the partnership together to develop clear safety planning and to ensure that everyone was sighted on this family's circumstances.

Finding 3: There was evidence of good practice by the health visitor and nursery manager. Both showed initiative through the health visitor working directly with Ms R on strategies for safety and the nursery manager seeking out further information.

Finding 4: Practitioners responsible for Level 1 MAPPA cases are potential single points of failure. The absence of the need for formal multi-agency meetings, the reliance on professional judgement and the operational pressures on both the police and probation, means it is sensible to consider widening the cohort of practitioners who are automatically alerted to RSOs (i.e. beyond those agencies with access to ViSOR). Whilst not advocating for unfettered information sharing, engaging key partners could help with monitoring and the identification of risk.

Finding 5: Practitioners need to be mindful of the range of research findings about viewers of indecent images of children. Overreliance on messages about low recidivism rates or offending trajectory can lead to superficial conclusions, risk being misinterpreted and false reassurance. In all circumstances, individualised assessments are required that engage those with sufficient expertise in this field of work.





IMPROVEMENT

Recommendation 1: In all cases where known child sex offenders are having contact with children, the MPS (specifically MASH police officers (or equivalent)) should ensure that referrals are always made to children's social care

Recommendation 2: Both the MPS and the London Safeguarding Children Partnership should review on triggering a Section 47 enquiry when known child sex offenders are believed to be in contact with their guidance on the risk management of known offenders and as required, strengthen the clarity

Recommendation 3: The MPS should consider the sufficiency of its arrangements covering the disclosure meetings where disclosures might need to be considered (such as strategy discussions). The MPS should of an offender's details to third parties. Where necessary, guidance should be updated to specify who seek reassurance that its processes neither delay nor inhibit its duty to protect children from potential is responsible for making third-party disclosures and who is expected to attend relevant multi-agency

Safeguarding Practice Review should form a view on the potential for the secure and routine information Recommendation 4: As part of its national review into Child Sexual Abuse in the family, the Child sharing of Level 1 MAPPA Offenders with other key agencies, particularly General Practitioners. Recommendation 5: The CHSCP should commission context specific training on child sex offenders and include this as part of its annual programme open to all practitioners within the City and Hackney.



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE



The CHSCP Multi-Agency Action Plan for LCSPR Case A has made progress across several recommendations, which are rated using a RAG (Red, Amber, Green) system. Learning on this case has been disseminated via the CHSCP's TUSK briefing.

With regards to Recommendation 1, which requires the MPS to ensure that referrals are always made to children's social care in cases where known child sex offenders have contact with children, the status is "GREEN - Complete". Reassurance has been sought from the CE BCU in this respect and followed up through communication from the ISCC.

Regarding Recommendations 2 and 3, which involve the MPS and the London Safeguarding Children Partnership (SCP) reviewing their guidance on the risk management of known offenders and the arrangements for disclosure, both are marked "AMBER – In progress". Letters were sent to both organisations by the ISCC. The London SCP has acknowledged the proposals and is considering them through its editorial board.

With regard to Recommendation 4, which asks the Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel to consider the potential for routine information sharing of Level 1 MAPPA Offenders with other agencies, this is rated as

"GREEN – Complete". At a meeting between the ISCC, the SPA, the Chair of the national Child Safeguarding Practice Review Panel and a Panel member, a briefing was given on a national review being published, with reassurance provided that the focus on information sharing and the functions of MAPPA would be considered within this piece of work.

For Recommendation 5, which tasked the CHSCP with commissioning context-specific training on child sex offenders, the status is "GREEN - Complete & Ongoing". The CHSCP commissioned a specialist provider to deliver bespoke training to social workers and police officers, alongside a more general course. More training is being commissioned in 2025/26.

Finally, regarding the dissemination of learning, the CHSCP has completed several actions, including publishing the LCSPR report on its website, highlighting the learning in a "Things You Should Know" briefing, disseminating learning to the CHSCP Training, Learning and Development Sub-Group, and adding the report to the NSPCC repository. These actions were all listed as "Complete" as of July 2024.





CHILDV

Child V, a White female child, died in January 2023 at the age of seven. She had a range of complex health needs and multiple diagnoses. In the years preceding Child V's death, there had been significant contact with practitioners from health and children's social care due long-standing concerns about neglect and Child V's health and wellbeing. The review was authored by Sophie Humphreys OBE. It made five findings and four recommendations for improving practice.

The full report can be read <u>HERE.</u>

A Short Audio Briefing is available <u>HERE.</u>

LEARNING

Finding 1: An insufficient focus on the cumulative harm that Child V was being exposed to meant that risk was never fully understood or agreed across the multiagency network. This resulted in practice lacking both the authority and timeliness to ensure that Child V was effectively helped and protected.

Finding 2: Insufficient management grip, knowledge deficits and the significant number of services involved with Child V meant there was an ambiguity about risk, case ownership, roles, responsibilities and communication. The multi-agency processes in place to help practitioners coordinate intervention were largely ineffective in this complex case.

Finding 3: The main inhibitor to effective engagement in this case was Child V's father. Despite substantial efforts by the many practitioners involved, his entrenched views on the treatment and care for Child V meant that cooperation and change was unlikely. Given the implications for Child V, this should have prompted a more robust response to ensure Child V's needs were met and risk mitigated.

Finding 4: Notwithstanding the significant efforts of many practitioners, the priority afforded to Child V's needs was diluted by repeated attempts to influence a change in parental behaviours. This approach continued even when the evidence showed this was unlikely to be successful. Whilst safeguarding practice should always be characterised by empathy and a sensitivity, the safety and welfare of children must always be the primary drivers of decision making and action.

Finding 5: Notwithstanding the complexity of this case, care proceedings were neither timely nor effective in bringing about a material change for Child V.



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IMPROVEMENT

Recommendation 1: Safeguarding partners should seek to strengthen their arrangements for how neglect is understood, identified, assessed and planned for across the partnership. Alongside ensuring that practitioners are alert to the cumulative impact and wide-ranging sources of neglect, there should be a specific focus on children with disabilities and complex health needs as part of this work.

Recommendation 2: The Local Authority and NEL NHS ICB should review the effectiveness of its arrangements governing multi-agency practice with children with disabilities and complex health needs. Reassurance should be sought that these arrangements are explicit about roles and responsibilities as they relate to the assessment, planning and review of risk. The frequency and focus of multi-agency meetings that bring the network together should be sufficiently robust to ensure drift and delay in casework is avoided.

Recommendation 3: The CHSCP should issue practice guidance and review its offer on delivering local multiagency training aimed at working with parents / carers where their engagement is reluctant or sporadic.

Recommendation 4: The Local Authority should review the existing arrangements for how independent expert reports are commissioned. Whether commissioned as part of ongoing proceedings or in other circumstances, the Local Authority should seek reassurance that these arrangements are sufficiently robust to ensure these reports are properly scrutinised and challenged.



IMPACT

The CHSCP Multi-Agency Action Plan for LCSPR Child V has made progress across several recommendations, which are rated using a RAG (Red, Amber, Green) system. Learning on this case has been disseminated via the CHSCP's TUSK briefing and included in a podcast from RISE.

With regards to Recommendation 1, the status is "GREEN - COMPLETE". The CHSCP already has guidance in place, a range of tools available for practitioners and a rolling training program on neglect continues. The team plans to engage with the London Safeguarding Children Partnership's neglect workstream (this is a London priority for 25/26) to see if any further earning or initiatives can be accrued.

Regarding Recommendation 2, this action is rated as "GREEN - action closed". Significantly, clarity around the roles and responsibilities of practitioners helping and supporting families will be addressed as part of the wider reforms being implemented through the Families First Partnership Programme.

In terms of Recommendation 3, concerning the development of practice guidance and training for working with families where engagement is reluctant or sporadic, this is also "GREEN - COMPLETE". A specific Partnership Briefing has been developed and communicated, and the TLD Sub-Group is actively planning to reintroduce training on "Difficult conversations".

With regard to Recommendation 4, the Local Authority has clear arrangements in place for commissioning independent expert reports. Furthermore, the learning from this review has been cascaded, with a focus on ensuring ongoing professional curiosity and challenge takes place where such reports do not align with the plans of the LA. Whilst 'expert' reports are often requested by the LA itself or instructed (at Court), they should never be judged as 'superior' to the expertise held internally or accepted automatically where there are differences of opinion.



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CHILDQ

August 2025. As with other action plans, this is being overseen by the CHSCP's Case review Sub Group. By way of summary, several key recommendations The CHSCP's multi-agency action plan in response to the Local Child Safeguarding Practice Review and the Update Report for Child Q was last updated in remain in progress / awaiting updates.

PACE Code Revisions: Several recommendations depend on the outcome of a statutory consultation on revisions to the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 (PACE) Code of Practice. These include updating police guidance on the engagement of appropriate adults and defining the safeguarding needs of children during strip searches. The consultation response to the Home Office was drafted in June 2024, but the actions remain in progress pending the outcome of this consultation.

CHSCP Surveys and Engagement: The CHSCP was tasked with launching borough-wide, age-appropriate surveys to gather children's views on safeguarding, with a focus on themes from the Child Q review, such as feeling safe in school. Whilst some of this activity is being reflected in the LCSPR involving Mossbourne Victoria Park Academy, work will be taken forward in 2025/26. Progress has been hampered by capacity limitations within the CHSCP team.

DfE Guidance on Strip Searching: The Department for Education (DfE) previously confirmed with the CHSCP it was reviewing its guidance on strip searching in schools following a request by the CHSCP that it better emphasises the "very exceptional circumstances" in which such an action would be appropriate. This work was reported as being considered alongside the Home Office and is still in progress.

BCU Commander Recruitment: This recommendation was for the MPS to develop mechanisms for local representatives to be included in the recruitment processes for BCU Commanders across London. This recommendation is aimed at strengthening accountability and improving community relationships. As of August 2025, there has been no further update on this action.





Auditing

CHILD SAFEGUARDING STATEMENTS

Developed from a model in operation in Ireland, Child Safeguarding Statements are intended to enhance an organisation's ability to identify potential risks, develop policies and procedures and review whether adequate precautions have been taken to eliminate or reduce these risks. They require sign off from Chief Executives / the most senior person within an organisation. This reinforces the need for these key roles to be directly engaged in and sighted on their organisation's strengths and weaknesses. Following a successful pilot and reflecting on feedback from participating agencies, a wider programme engaging all Relevant Agencies and Named Organisations in City and Hackney was agreed and in progress across 2024/25. Capacity issues in the CHSCP Team have meant this initiative has been temporarily paused.

Full details of the Child Safeguarding Statement programme can be found within the Learning and Improvement section of the CHSCP website. This webpage contains a live index of organisations and their completed Child Safeguarding Statements. Whilst not an official accreditation, this will provide a public directory of agencies that have cooperated with the CHSCP's written safeguarding arrangements.

MULTI-AGENCY CASE AUDITS

The Multi-Agency Case Auditing programme has been developed to focus on specific areas of the safeguarding system. This has allowed multi-agency partners to adapt rapidly to local or national intelligence. This auditing methodology has received excellent feedback from partners and lessons identified have led to tangible improvements. All audits result in an outcome-focussed action plan that the CHSCP uses to track and evidence improvements in front-line practice. Learning is also disseminated to front line staff via the Things You Should Know (TUSK) monthly briefings.

In 2024, the CHSCP undertook a multi-agency case audit of cases involving 'Tier 3.5' cases of children with mental health needs. The cohort included children with ASD. The following provides a summary of the audit's findings. By way of context, the audits identified known demand pressures and the impact on aspects such as timeliness and waiting lists. These pressures fully recognised by our local system, with children's mental health remaining on the CHSCP's risk register. That said, a good range of mitigations are in place and there is ongoing focus, effort and innovation across the partnership.





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to provide substantial in-and-out-of-school of risk and need and use internal pathways support for children. Agencies are actively signs of communication, Schools continue to escalate and report concerns. There is a focus on identifying and addressing the to be made to understand the challenges Practitioners are generally alive to issues lack of appropriate educational provision for vulnerable children. Efforts continue approaches by practitioners in capturing themselves and picking up on nonverbal practice was seen in giving children and trying to make a difference and support the voice of children and young people and family network in planning. Good young people the space to be seen by of exclusions and the work of the REU. and integrating it into plans. There is The audit also highlighted thoughtful a focus on engaging the wider family

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acknowledging their child's needs. Early signs of mental health issues may also be to delayed identification and intervention. There can also be the added complexity Mental health issues in children can often be misunderstood or minimised, leading misinterpreted as behavioural issues or dismissed as developmental phases – and responded to as such. This results in need being unmet, ineffective support and involving stigma – that can discourage some families from seeking help or ultimately, poorer outcomes for children. Positively, in the context of the cases audited by the CHSCP, there was good evidence CAMHS Alliance and initiatives such as the Wellbeing and Mental Health Service in pathways being used effectively by staff to report concerns and access support for requiring mental health support. There was also evidence of internal and external children and families. Notwithstanding ongoing challenges, local support via the that staff were alive to the issues and risk and need which present for children Schools initiative are making a difference.

community. The Alliance is formed by different services and partners that work across services that are part of the Alliance, what they do and who is eligible to access them, City & Hackney and deal with a range of issues, of levels of need and with specific organisations and services, and ensures we deliver integrated pathways that can groups of population. In this directory you can find a description of each of the effectively reach more children, young people, families, schools and the wider The CAMHS Alliance facilitates better partnership working between different as well as how to refer a young person who might need their services.







school interventions, with the pathways to the MDTs resulting in wrap around provision The audits showed good practice with two 'pilot' schools engaging multi-disciplinary teams (MDTs), These schools are identifying challenges for children early, putting in for children and families. Screening at the front-door of children's services is also focusing on mental health needs in the context of early help.

for presenting levels of need. Needs relating to the emotional health, wellbeing and Needs tool continue to help guide practitioners on the most appropriate response The Hackney Child Wellbeing Framework and the City of London Threshold of behaviour of children are explicitly articulated.

EVIDENCE

shape policy and support for children. That said, there is a need to better understand evidence of ongoing scrutiny on issues relating to attendance that continue to help The audits evidenced that practitioners from key agencies, including schools, were attending regular multi-agency meetings for these children. More broadly, there is the challenges that children face in this context and the sufficiency and efficacy of interventions.

EVIDENCE

further developed with a multi-agency focus to support professionals in documenting the is intended to be open access and could be what this means and looks like. The training approach to gathering the voice of children were being integrated into any plans. Older voice of the child and really understanding being developed by Homerton Healthcare to be seen by themselves or with a parent young people had been given the space family network was engaged during the planning process. A training package is / carer if they were particularly anxious. There was also evidence that the wider The audits demonstrated a thoughtful and young people and ensuring these



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family instability face unique difficulties due to frequent transitions between children's social care. Poor communication and fragmented systems make good evidence of the commitment of agencies trying to make a difference support is being made available, including that within schools. There was waiting lists, provision and demand, the audits demonstrated that good coordination challenging. Children in foster care or those experiencing caregivers and providers, Whilst noting the ongoing challenges around Effective support requires collaboration among multiple agencies and stakeholders, including parents, teachers, healthcare providers, and and support individual children with mental health needs.

supported by a clinician from the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service made up of workers from many different professional backgrounds: teachers; Hackney's Re-Engagement Unit (the REU) is a service that supports families earning mentors; family support workers amongst others. The REU is also and schools if a child is finding engaging in school difficult. The aim of the service is to enable all children to be happy and to achieve. The REU is (CAMHS), Find out more information here

EVIDENCE

for strategy discussions are helping ensure anti-racist The audits identified recent changes in the template practice is better considered as part of this process.

EVIDENCE

of the child. From a health perspective - as the holders colleagues and the system to advocate for the needs practice in expediting a child's assessment for ADHD Transition periods are known for being a risky period focus on the child and can professionally challenge one of the audits reviewed demonstrated excellent of central health records, GPs were noted as being importance of persistent practitioners who keep a with escalating issues. The audits highlighted the very important in the transition process. Of note, during a period of transition.



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provision. There is a need for better joint working and a more integrated approach, professionals about expectations around especially for children who do not neatly raised about timeliness and waiting lists an issue in several areas, with concerns appropriate residential and educational around the remit and responsibilities of information sharing. Issues were also for access to services, particularly for The audit highlighted a lack of clarity each agency, particularly concerning Information sharing was identified as confusion or anxiety among frontline and lack of follow-up. There can be about timeliness, clarity of consent, exclusion processes and pathways. fall into CP, LAC, or CIN categories.

LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

as moving from primary to secondary school or changes in social workers, were identified as risky times with potential for escalating problems. The audit highlighted a need for greater Practice issues were identified about the regularity of reviews and meetings, and agencies being kept in the loop. The audit identified a gap in the system for children with complex others have not, highlighting a need for greater awareness and training. Transitions, such including ethnicity, sexuality, and gender. While some agencies have grasped this well, needs and families who struggle, with a lack of structure for routine and regular multiagency working. There is a need for greater consideration of child and family identity, attention to transitions and ensuring continuity of support during these times.

LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

awareness on what is happening in the space of attendance issues and their link to other risks. architecture and system among partners. The audit highlighted a need for a more robust and were identified. This can impact the timeliness of meetings and the ability to engage parents Ongoing challenges with language barriers and accessing interpreters with the right dialect comfortable system for professionals working with children and families. There is a lack of effectively. Overall, there is a need for greater understanding and awareness of the health





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LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

Identification and Assessment or Risk and Need: The audits evidenced increased confidence is needed at an individual and agency level around the sharing of information. They noted improvements can be made where agencies are being asked for information by statutory agencies – such as children's social care. On occasions, agencies are not being advised of the outcome of a referral, and this is not being followed up by them. Previous audit rounds have also noted that agencies had sometimes not been provided the context of concerns when being asked to share information. This meant they were unable to make a rational judgement on exactly what information should be shared.

The Department for Education has released updated guidance which is much sharper at emphasising the lawful basis for sharing information when there are safeguarding

concerns

The audits practitioners need for practitioners to remain alert to the different agencies involved with a child / family and who else might need to be engaged in the assessment of need and planning for support.

The audits also found that there can be variability in practice as it relates to the identification of lead professionals and how activity is coordinated for children within this cohort – particularly where support is not part of any statutory intervention. In these circumstances (i.e. early help), cases can become more reliant on individual capacity and judgment as opposed to systems and processes. There can also be a lack of understanding and assumptions made about which agency is 'leading' and has 'responsibility' for a case. The issues relating to lead professionals have featured in previous reviews undertaken by the CHSCP and are subject to ongoing consideration both locally and nationally.

The audits evidenced a need to further consider exclusions in the context of children who might not be able to access services rapidly and who go on to exhibit challenging behaviours in school. Due to the nexus of exclusion with missing children and the escalation of risk, this is an aspect that requires ongoing scrutiny via the CHSCP's arrangements.

The importance of using interpreters was recognised in the audits, although it was noted that a lack of translators who both have the right dialect and also understand mental health, vulnerability and additional needs, could inhibit the ability to practice as well or as timely as needed.



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SINGLE AGENCY AUDITING

Partner agencies of the CHSCP have continued to operate a variety of single agency quality assurance frameworks to maintain oversight on safeguarding and promoting the welfare of children and young people. Examples of audits undertaken are below:

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recommendations have been completed and updating of the QA framework. The monthly and areas for development in relation to the the practice review template and questions, review the most recent round of 14 reviews measure the impact of these on improving tools used and process. This was a helpful East London Peer Audit Group. The group Review and commented on the strengths is informing a more consistent and robust In April, the City of London Corporation's completed within the Practice Assurance Quality Assurance template, process and exercise which has led to an updating of moderation process, and supported the Tracking and Impact meetings continue complete, and we can be assured that review quality was scrutinised by the **Quality Assurance Recommendation** outcomes for children and families. to ensure that the learning loop is

EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

and two cases specifically moved from Requires Improvement to Good, demonstrating by Practice Development Managers, where 58% of files had improved to a Good rating, either Good or Outstanding. This positive trend was also evident in a follow-up review conversations on special educational needs and disabilities (SEND) were rated as Across Hackney Children and Families Service, an impressive 85% of learning that audit actions are effectively driving change for children

Need was rated 88% Good or Outstanding, while practice for Looked After children was 39% of dip samples rated Outstanding and 43% rated as Good, Practice with Children in rated 100% Good. Furthermore, audits of DAIS (Domestic Abuse Intervention Service) Safeguarding Hub (MASH) received strong ratings for its feedback to referrers, with practice were 100% Good, highlighting that client history and vulnerabilities were Positive practice was seen in several other areas as well. The Multi-Agency consistently being considered.

93% of assessments **clearly identified and captured children's needs.** Similarly, audits results. The audit of Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services (CAMHS) found that particular strength. However, within Youth Justice audits, while family engagement, the child's voice, and identity were identified as strengths, there is a clear need for of Young Hackney highlighted the **clarity of pathways** and **access to services** as a A collaborative audit with the Children and Families Division also yielded positive improvement in the areas of planning and reviewing.



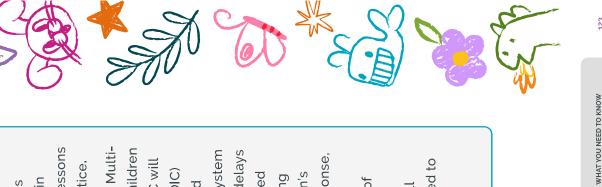
EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

Child" in adult services, domestic abuse practice and reporting, and child skills and compliance throughout the Trust. To enhance the accuracy and experiences of children are captured effectively. Furthermore, the Trust's neglect. Across all these audits, several key themes emerged. There was a strong emphasis on training and supervision to improve safeguarding several key areas, including a "Think Family" approach, the "Voice of the on child-centred practice, specifically ensuring that the voice and lived clarity of data, new reporting and audit tools were introduced, focusing on data quality. A significant finding was the need for a renewed focus Family" and domestic abuse guidance. Finally, the use of repeat audits, throughout all directorates to improve practice. The audits focused on During the 2024-25 period, the safeguarding team at the East London and Trust-wide audits. These audits were prompted by key learnings from both local and national case reviews. The findings, insights, and supervision, and newsletters was identified as a continuous learning the Trust Safeguarding Committee. The primary goal was to provide recommendations were shared with individual staff, managers, and safeguarding policies were updated to better align with the "Think NHS Foundation Trust (ELFT) carried out a series of multi-agency assurance and ensure that valuable lessons were disseminated strategy to drive ongoing quality improvement.

EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

domestic abuse (DA) offences. The audit identified key lessons and has led to several changes aimed at improving practice. focusing on children who were witnesses to or involved in The Metropolitan Police conducted an audit of ten cases

One major finding was the delay in actioning tasks from Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences (MARAC) when children Information Team (CAIT) referral mailbox, The Connect system will also be updated. This new process aims to prevent delays Social Care (CSC) from taking appropriate action. In response, were involved. To address this, any actions set at MARAC will frontline officers, with presentation slides being circulated to now be sent via email not only to the Officer in Charge (OIC) completed with full information, which hindered Children's caused by staff absence or leave. A second issue identified was that Connect triage cards were not consistently being complete these cards correctly and on the importance of and their supervisor but also to the Children's Advice and on how to refer cases to MARAC has been provided to all professional curiosity in their work. Additionally, training all frontline officers will now receive training on how to ensure the information is widely accessible.



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PRIORITIES & PLEDGE



EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

consistency and that documentation of key dates for IHA bookings is made sharing of GP and immunisation records, and that part C of the assessment more consistent by liaising with Looked After Children (LAC) administrative administrative processes, including the ongoing use of existing escalation reports from the City and ten from Hackney. The audit's recommendations the named social worker, or a colleague, present at all IHAs. Finally, it was assessments. It is a priority to hold face-to-face health assessments and form be adapted to reflect whether children and young people (CYP) and consent was taken for those over 16 years of age during the appointment. An audit was conducted by Homerton Healthcare NHS Foundation Trust to liaise with the LA to ensure relevant background information is shared recommends a re-audit in 18 months and the continuation of the current before appointments. The audit also stressed the importance of having caseload approach. Several recommendations address the referral and also advised that the consent process is clarified with the LA to ensure their carers were offered the opportunity to be seen alone and whether staff. The recommendations also focus on improving the quality of the focus on improving the IHA process, from referrals and documentation recommended that the named General Practitioner (GP) prioritises the on initial health assessments (IHA) in City and Hackney, reviewing five processes for delayed IHA referrals from the Local Authority (LA). It is to the assessments themselves. To ensure ongoing quality, the audit

EVIDENCE, LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT

maintain compliance, and uphold the safety addressed in line with statutory duties and a continued focus on accurate recording essential to ensure we can evidence the and monitoring of safeguarding training of safeguarding checks and responses safeguarding through ongoing review to ensure concerns are identified and across the PDU. These measures are safeguarding work being undertaken, across the region, case dip-sampling of children and vulnerable adults. **Probation** continues to prioritise





The Voice of the Child, Family & Community

supportive and responsive environment for children and families. Whilst impossible to set out all this activity within the CHSCP's annual report, this Throughout the year, agencies have demonstrated their ongoing commitment to capturing the voices of children, families, and the community part of casework and wider engagement activity. Listening and responding to the diverse voices of the community helps to create a more aspect was scrutinised by the Quality Assurance Sub Group early in the year. Some examples of activity are set out below:

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

are developing strong peer networks. This sense of community has boosted their confidence, The positive impact is already evident, with a consistent core group of 8-10 attendees who feedback about isolation among care leavers, these monthly gatherings provide a relaxed, Children in Care Council supper club, which began at the beginning of the year. Born from A key initiative was the establishment of the City of London Children and Families Team's informal setting for young people to connect, build friendships, and support one another. encouraging new members to join subsequent events and reducing anxiety by sharing experiences and hearing consistent messages from professionals.

and attended by senior staff and subject matter experts, address topics like bus passes and which sparked important conversations about mental health and well-being, allowing them The supper clubs also revealed a need for more specific support, leading to the creation of people to see "For Black Boys Who Have Considered Suicide When The Hue Gets Too Heavy," housing processes. This direct access to personalised information has been well received, monthly online information sessions. These sessions, facilitated by a participation worker informed about their entitlements. In addition, we facilitated a theatre trip for our young giving young people a reliable space to get answers to their questions and feel more to share coping strategies with each other

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

The WAMHS conference provided a platform for educators and mental health workers to hear from young people directly, with a standout performance from Haggerston School drama students and a poignant speech from a young person on the autism spectrum. This highlighted the importance of compassion-focused approaches in schooling.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Hackney Education actively consulted with fathers and male carers to inform the development of Children and



In March 2025, the City of London Corporation completed its 10th independent Annual Survey. This involves individually contacting all children, parents and carers, children in care, and care leavers, who have received services from Children's Social Care and Early Help. A tailored survey of questions is asked to each person, dependant on the type of service they have accessed. The exercise ensures that an impartial view of service user experience is collated and demonstrates to children, parents and carers, children in care, and care leavers that their experiences matter, and services can and will adapt in response to their feedback.

This year there was a 51.2% completion rate. There remained consistently positive feedback about the work of Early Help and Children's Social Care services within the survey. Although it was noted by a small number of families that they would welcome more support around housing and managing /supporting additional needs of their children. 100% of children in care responded to the survey. All are happy with where they are living and gave positive feedback about support and accessibility of social workers. All children felt that they had safe people in their lives to speak to.

Themes of loss and isolation continue, not surprisingly, to prevail within the care leaver cohort, given the majority are former unaccompanied asylum-seeking children. However, this year callers had been provided with a range of support services to signpost young people too. Where young people described unhappiness with their home, this was in main due to wanting a permanent tenancy. There were strong positive feelings towards social work support seen.

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP

adopted by the City of London Corporatiopn's Education also agreed for the education welfare manager to make contact with health professionals to ensure transparent student with significant health challenges. The student nas been experiencing recurrent health issues, leading and appropriate support. Regular communication was then maintained with the family. This included offering flexible schooling arrangements to accommodate the sharing of information and implementation of prompt school. The Education Welfare Manager conducted a family. A follow-up letter was sent to parent outlining /oung person's health needs. To ensure the effective This case study explores the engagement strategies challenges and gather detailed information from his what was discussed during the home visit and noted Welfare Manager, in supporting a secondary school actions agreed during the visit. Consent forms were home visit to understand the young person's health mplementation of support, the education welfare tuition during the summer holidays and exploring to chronic fatigue and significant absences from

provide additional resources for the young person and his creation of an Individual Education Plan (IEP), Community family. There is now a more comprehensive plan in place Regular communication took place with the Head of Year manager worked closely with the young person's school, manager actively collaborated with health professionals to ensure a comprehensive understanding of the young with external tutoring providers to arrange educational extended to the broader community, including liaising to support this young person as we move into the new person's medical condition and to coordinate support, and Safeguarding Lead on several occasions and has and could provide appropriate support, including the support for the young person. The education welfare support for the young person. The education welfare to ensure they were aware of his health challenges resources were explored to ensure comprehensive community organisations, such as Young Carers, to manager has also explored support options from academic year.





understand their experiences of seeking support for their child's mental health and what Clinical Service 2024 Focus Groups: In 2024, the Hackney CFS Clinical Service engaged improvements could be made. The feedback has contributed to the ongoing informing and inpatient units) admission. Focus groups and telephone discussions were held to with children and families who had previously received support from the Surge team. people presenting in mental health crises and those at risk of Tier 4 (specialised day The Surge team has since discontinued but previously offered support for young and improving children and families services.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

children and young people who are currently looked after or are care experienced, to tell us about their recent experience of receiving support from their Children's Rights Officers (CROs). An online, child-focused survey was used and 16 responses were received. The responses highlighted positive experiences with Children's Rights Officers (CROs), who are seen as supportive, accessible, and effective in helping young people understand communication, The feedback emphasised the importance of CRO's building trusting listen, provide guidance, and ensure they felt supported during important processes. their rights and have their voices heard. Responders appreciated the CRO's ability to Children's Rights Service SHOUT survey: In November 2024, Hackney CFS asked There were suggestions for improvement, such as quicker responses and better relationships, creating a safe environment, and avoiding judgment.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Special Guardian Support Group Questionnaire: currently face include dealing with educational will be used to inform the support provided for challenges for their child, finances, supporting improvements to the support, information and guidance they are offered. The survey results questionnaire were received, which is 23% of questionnaire was sent to Hackney's Special identified some of the main challenges they Between January 2025 and February 2025 a roles, areas of advice and support they may the total mailing list. Those who responded the emotional wellbeing and mental health challenges Special Guardian's face in their Guardians mailing list to understand the most benefit from and the structure and of their child and managing their child's content of the regular Special Guardian behaviour. Responders also suggested Support Groups, 31 responses to the special guardians going forward.



THE CHSCP

Tes S

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Compliment about Hackney CFS from a parent or carer: "I wanted to express how deeply appreciative I am of ISocial WorkerI's support. ISocial WorkerI's ability to understand and motivate IchildI has made a lasting difference in their life"

Compliment about Hackney CFS from a parent / carer: "Thank you so much for your work with IChildl, it has made a huge difference, and you have helped them through a very difficult time and they have come out confident and happy the other side"

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

The WAMHS conference provided a platform for educators and mental health workers to hear from young people directly, with a standout performance from Haggerston School drama students and a poignant speech from a young person on the autism spectrum. This highlighted the importance of compassion-focused approaches in schooling.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Hackney Education actively consulted with fathers and male carers to inform the development of Children and Family Hubs.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

Working with local schools and their communities, the Met Police further developed the concept of Safer Corridors. This involved the Safer Neighbourhood Teams and schools working together to prevent children becoming victims of crime on their way home from school. The overall aim has been to provide 'safe routes' using crime data and feedback from children around where they feel less safe. Patrols are on foot and on pedal bikes whilst engaging with schoolchildren. Collaboration with one secondary school (Haggerston) resulted in a change in how detentions were issued (from after school to lunch time) to make it less likely children would become victims of crime on their way home.



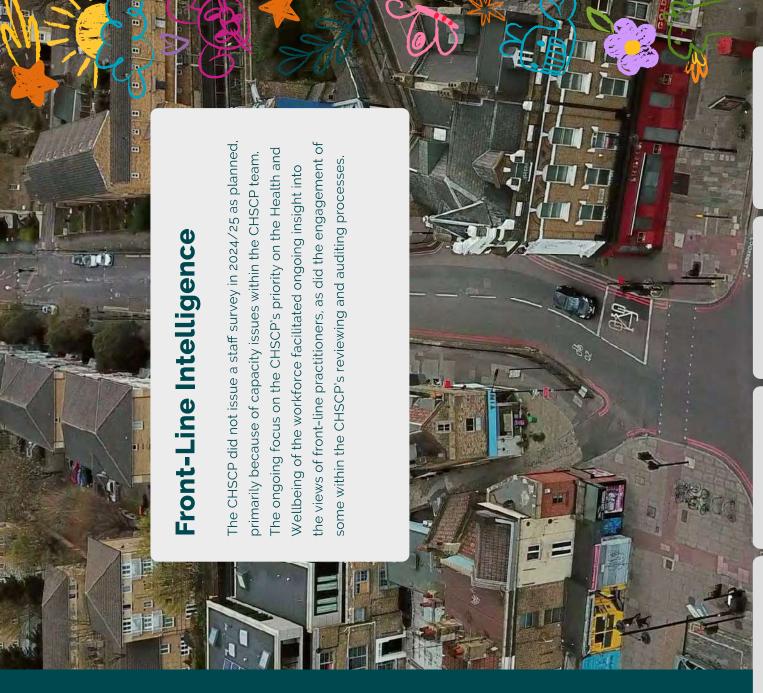
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physical chastisement and how to talk to parents about keeping good and the incidents of physical chastisement relate more to three events facilitated by AFRUCA, The participants contained their children safe. 65 participants from 30 churches attended parenting understanding of what is acceptable or not in terms In 2024, Hackney Council and City and Hackney Safeguarding African and Caribbean families in the child protection system can better understand the law and expectations surrounding faith leaders and workers in Black faith organisations so they Safeguarding Children to discuss the over-representation of Children Partnership held a series of meetings with AFRUCA as a result of physical chastisement. The local authority was aware that parenting of children in most of these families is abusive intent. Hackney and AFRUCA agreed to collaborate of chastisement, as opposed to there being any underlying to deliver a series of three safeguarding training events for a mix of Pastors and leaders in the church, These were the right people who could go back and make a difference to safeguarding decisions in their organisations.



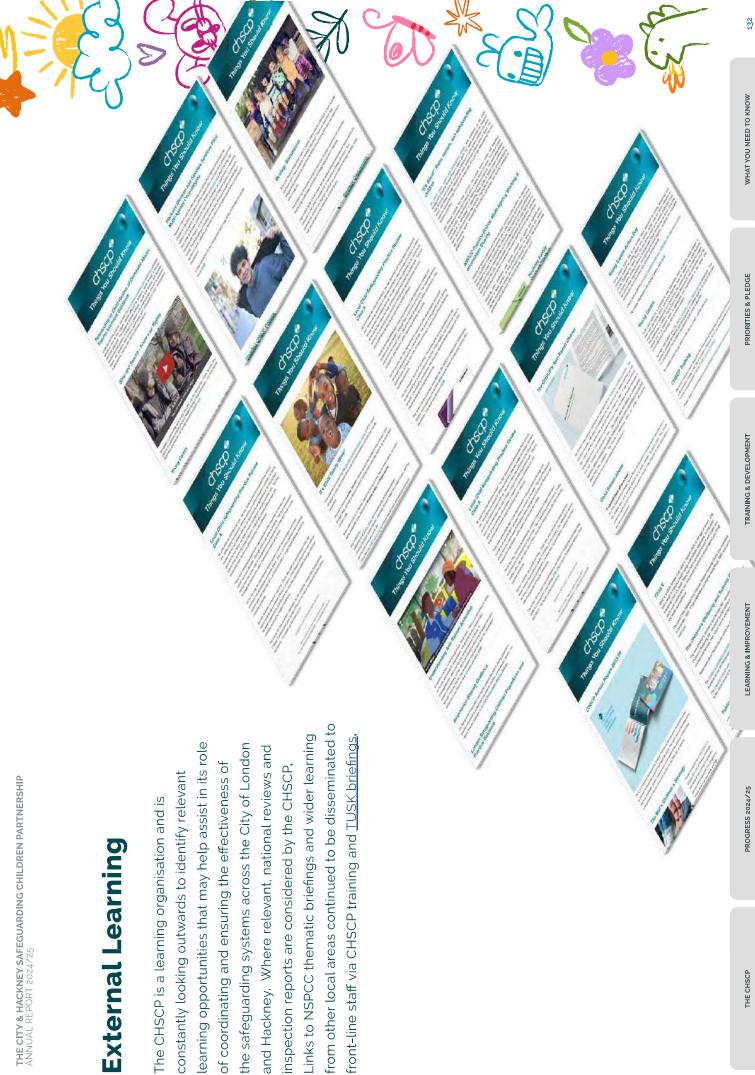
Performance Data

telling us about performance and the quality of practice. increased use of AI and a focus on avoiding duplication, These new arrangements will enhance the focus on any key data shifts, and importantly, what the data might be Whilst the CHSCP maintained two area-based datasets which captured a range of safeguarding metrics across new arrangements are being introduced to collate and interpret multi-agency safeguarding data for 2025/26. the local partnership, with the loss of personnel, the



PROGRESS 2024/25

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE





Focus on CSA and CSE

expressed an interest in receiving an update on how local areas were can to tackle the horrific crimes of child sexual abuse (CSA) and child sexual exploitation (CSE). As part of this letter, the Home Secretary prioritising their response child sexual abuse and exploitation, and the specific actions being taken to tackle this issue. The following Executives, outlining the Government's commitment to doing all it In March 2025, the Home Secretary wrote to Local Authority Chief sets out the basis of this response from the CHSCP Executive covering both the City of London and Hackney:

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

offending, and victim support, as detailed in our annual reports Our efforts are consistently guided by our "Safeguarding First" approach and our commitment to ensuring children are seen, Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) and Child Sexual Exploitation (CSE). activities in both Hackney and the City of London to combat encompassing prevention, early intervention, disruption of heard, and helped. Our approach has been multifaceted, The CHSCP has undertaken a wide range of actions and for 2020/21, 2021/22, 2022/23, and 2023/24.



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

THE CHSCP



Learning from Reviews: The CHSCP appropriately conducts Local known child sex offender, identifying a lack of robust professional from serious child safeguarding cases and improve multi-agency of offenders, and enhance information sharing with key agencies. Panel on how best to progress improvements at a national level. children's social care, strengthen guidance on risk management Child Safeguarding Practice Reviews (LCSPRs) to learn lessons working. In terms of CSA, the recent CSPR on Case A examined Recommendations from this review aim to improve referrals to the recommendations arising from this review, Case A, and the Agency Public Protection Arrangements (MAPPA) and we have A defined CSA task group has been set up to collate and drive Another relevant LCSPR (Child W) has recently been finalised. how local agencies managed and mitigated risks posed by a One recommendation arising from this review links to Multibeen engaged with the Child Safeguarding Practice Review curiosity and insufficient focus on the child's paramountcy. national panel's review on CSA.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

such as intra-familial CSA, these audits lead to outcome-focused Auditing and Quality Assurance: The CHSCP implements multiagency case auditing programmes focusing on specific areas action plans and inform briefings for frontline professionals.

EVIDENCE AND IMPACT

offenders, all City social workers are now ABE trained and there is ongoing focus on broadening the cohort of trained social workers in Hackney. The CHSCP routinely seeks assurance and evidence local and national case reviews. For instance, specialist training has been commissioned to increase understanding of child sex from healthcare providers and other agencies that CSE/CSA is safeguarding topics, including child sexual abuse, exploitation, and online safety. Training content incorporates learning from Staff Training and Development: The CHSCP provides a comprehensive training programme covering various included in mandatory training.







EVIDENCE, IMPROVEMENT AND IMPACT

The City of London - Identification and Response:

non-residents. Relevant crimes recorded by City Police included rape, sexual activity, and Child Exploitation (MACE) panel to encompass all forms of child exploitation and abuse possession of indecent images, as well as grooming via the internet/social media. The City Multi-Agency Sexual Exploitation (MASE) panel was changed to the Multi-Agency The City of London experiences a low number of cases, with most contacts related to that adolescents are at increased risk of.

The City of London's location as a major transport hub is significant for intelligence sharing among partner agencies. The City maintains an "it could happen here" stance despite relatively lower risks compared to neighbouring Local Authorities.

address risk-taking behaviour. These interviews are reviewed by the partnership to inform strategy and service delivery. Workers use a range of tools, which they regularly update when children's circumstances change, including risk of exploitation and going missing. response involving the City Children and Families team. Numbers of missing children in the City of London are very low, Coram Voice conducts independent return home interviews within 72 hours, with therapeutic support offered based on outcomes to The City Police lead on all children missing from home or care, with a coordinated

The City of London's MACE panel uses quarterly data and intelligence to understand and identify risk indicators related to all forms of child exploitation. The City of London Police has restructured its public protection department to have specialist officers available out of office hours and seven days a week.

"Operation Makesafe" is ongoing and involves plainclothes police officers attempting to book hotel rooms with a child not related to them, providing feedback and advice to hotels on identifying and disrupting CSAE.

"Operation Reframe" targets the night-time economy to create safer environments for vulnerable people, including test purchases at licensed premises to identify and address alcohol sales to children,





EVIDENCE, IMPROVEMENT AND IMPACT

Hackney - Identification and Response:

In Hackney, children at high risk of extra-familial harm benefit from effective interventions. Professionals work across service areas and through multi-agency panels to robustly explore risks and vulnerabilities for children. Actions are identified to help reduce risk, harm and offending, and to increase children's safety. Children are seen within the context of their own needs as well as within their family, community, and peers. Progress is evident for some children; risks have reduced through successful interventions and the trusting relationships built with key practitioners. If risks increase, children's cases are appropriately escalated through child protection processes to coordinate the multi-agency response.

Analytical research has highlighted three broad CSE profiles: peer-on-peer abuse (sexual offences/exploitation in a group setting), adult perpetrator exploitation (young person believing they are in a relationship with an adult through vulnerable friends or online contact), and exploitation via social media (inciting explicit image

In Hackney, contacts identifying Child Sexual Exploitation as a potential concern were received for 37 children during 2023/24. There were 1,301 missing episodes reported over the same time period, involving 265 children. The most prominent reason for children going missing was "difficulties at home or school," with overcrowding also noted. Mental health, emotional wellbeing, and learning needs were also precipitating factors. Contacts for 167 children identified Criminal Exploitation (CE) as a potential concern, and 145 children had statutory social work assessments where CE was a factor.

Most CE referrals related to male children from Black and Global Majority backgrounds. Contacts for 185 children identified Serious Youth Violence and Weapons as a potential concern.

The Youth Justice Service reported a 19% decrease in first-time entrants to the youth justice system in 2022/23, with 91% of triaged young people successfully diverted. An Extra-Familial Risk Panel continues to oversee and plan for cases where young people are at risk of harmful behaviours outside the home, with strong multi-agency attendance from Police, Education, Health, Youth Offending Team, Young Hackney, and the Community Gangs Team.

The Metropolitan Police Service's handling of sexual and criminal exploitation of children has improved.

The force's children's strategy now sets out the commissioner's ambition to adopt a 'child first' approach. This aims to make sure officers and staff recognise that children are different from adults and should be treated differently because they have different needs and vulnerabilities.

Continued overleaf



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



EVIDENCE, IMPROVEMENT AND IMPACT continued

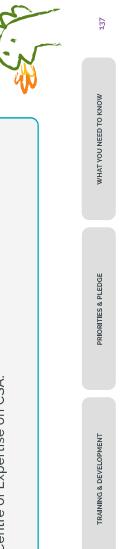
Through a renewed focus on child exploitation, its links to missing children and the language the force's officers and staff use, the force has made positive progress. The changes the force has implemented are also now providing better outcomes for children in London.

The Metropolitan Police Service's Safer Schools and Youth Engagement Teams regularly deliver presentations on various safeguarding issues, including youth-produced sexual imagery (YPSI), exploitation,

In terms of managing offenders, Probation and Jigsaw staff in Hackney are co-located which has been reported to assist in better collaboration locally. There is now greater emphasis on joint working, home visits, risk assessment, and information sharing.

Children's social care in Hackney has taken significant steps to strengthen its practice in response to child sexual abuse. Alongside identifying dedicated practice leads to develop expertise and be available for consultation, practitioners have access to much clearer guidance and there are defined processes in place such as the following:

- To ensure leadership focus, service managers are informed about any disclosures of child sexual abuse.
- Multi-agency strategy meetings under Section 47 of the Children Act 1989 are convened to discuss risk, develop safety plans, and determine the approach to investigation. There is an expectation that a safety plan is coproduced with the protective care giver, recorded on the case management system, and shared with the family and professionals.
- Importantly, there is defined guidance covering how to issue instructions for specialist risk assessments. This includes the following narrative about how Jigsaw risk assessments should be considered: 'Risk judgement offered by the Jigsaw team engaged with convicted sexual offenders This judgement of risk is given based on a number of factors present or absent at a specific point in time. This risk judgement should always be reviewed in light of changing context (e.g., living circumstances for the alleged perpetrator), which could cause the assessed risk level to either increase or decrease. We should not base our decisions about child safety on this risk judgement alone.'
- Revised guidance is also much more explicit about the need for direct work with children and how to engage them and protective carers. Within this guidance, there are clear examples about the practical work that can be undertaken.
- Defined pathways are in place at Homerton Hospital covering the management of suspected CSA. Routine awareness raising continues and best practice is promoted via the Centre of Expertise on CSA.



Support for Victims and Vulnerable Children:

of when they took place, is being promoted to ensure victims can refer cases to the independent The expansion of the right to review for all child sexual abuse and exploitation cases, regardless Child Sexual Abuse Review Panel.

Redthread, a charity embedded in Homerton Hospital's Emergency Department, supports young people affected by or at risk of violence and exploitation, providing wrap-around support and diverting them from offending.

with increasing complexity and vulnerability. The impact is most acute in the emotional wellbeing facing increasing demands as the number of referrals are increasing plus children are presenting and support service with pressures arising in terms of volume and waiting lists. Mitigations have setting was visited by the Children's Commissioner in April 2025. For added context, the hub is collaborating with Barnardo's to address both medical and emotional wellbeing needs. This The Sunrise (previously NEL CSA Hub) at Royal London provides a child sexual abuse hub, been implemented, but the waiting list is now 12 months.

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT**

PROGRESS 2024/25



THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25





staff. The training programme focuses on areas of practice prioritised by the CHSCP, with The training opportunities offered by the CHSCP are designed to meet the diverse needs young people, or adult family members. Sessions range from those that raise awareness about safeguarding and child protection to specialist topics aimed at more experienced of staff at different levels within the wide range of organisations that work with children, learning from local and national case reviews integrated into the training material.

EVIDENCE

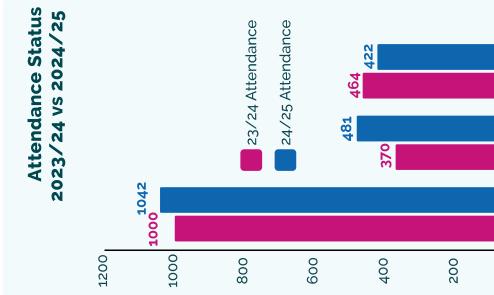
- 77 training sessions were held in 2024/25
 (An increase from 60 in 2023/24, 56 in 2022/23 and 47 in 2021/22).
- 43 safeguarding topics were covered.
- 17 new courses were introduced to the programme
- Most courses continued to be delivered virtually, with two face-to-face sessions held.

EVIDENCE

- Of the 1945 booked places (1834 in 2023/24), 1042 practitioners attended (and increase of 4% from 2023/24). 422 cancelled their training booking (a decrease of 9.1% from 2023/24). 481 did not attend the course (an increase of 30% from 2023/24).
- 67% of attended bookings were by practitioners working in Hackney, 16% in the City of London, and 17% by those working across both areas.

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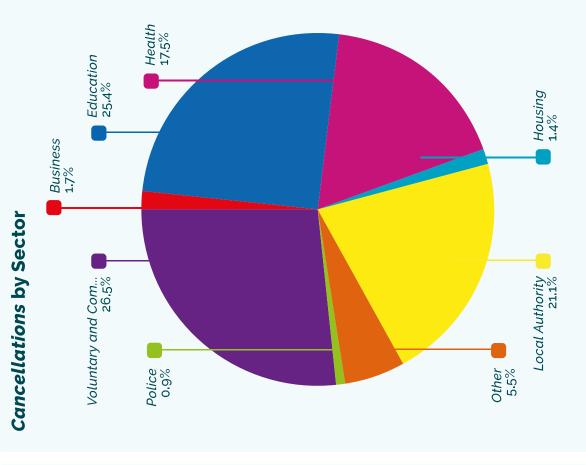
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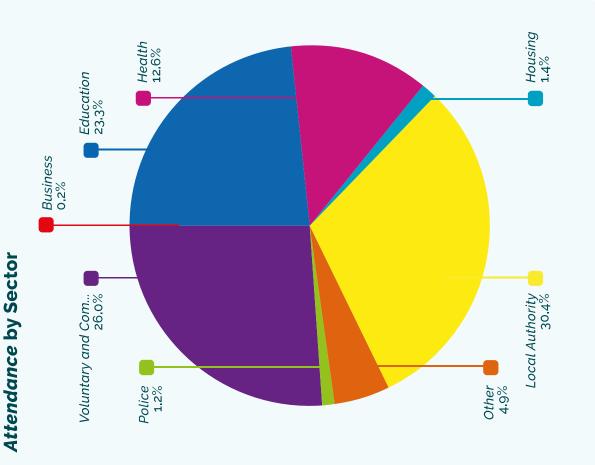


WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT **LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT** PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP

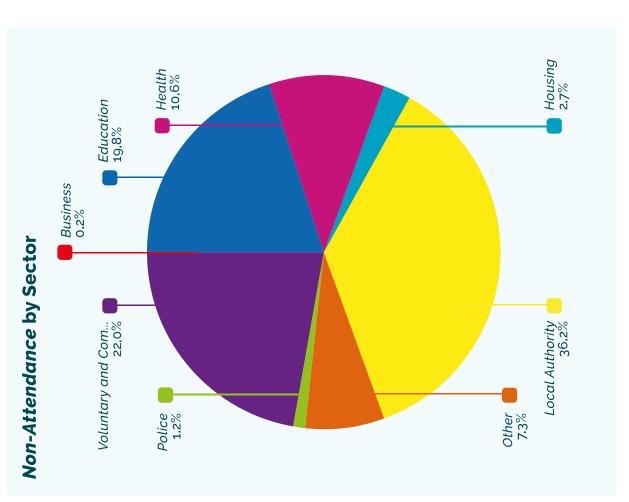
WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW







THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25



EVIDENCE

In August 2025, the ISCC wrote to all partner agencies about the increase 'non-attendance' numbers.

collective mission to provide high-quality training and support our knowledgeable colleagues to lead these sessions, and our budget, which supplements external training, is being wasted. In the current financial climate, we are all facing significant shows are no longer sustainable. We rely on the goodwill of Ultimately, this trend negatively impacts our ability to offer places to delegates on waiting lists, directly hindering our budgetary pressures. The costs associated with these noacross the partnership.

issue with your staff. Please remind them of their responsibility We ask for your support in reinforcing the importance of this to prioritise and attend all pre-booked training. If a delegate cannot attend, they must follow the established cancellation process to free up the place for someone else.

choice but to implement financial penalties to offset the wasted resources. We value your partnership and your commitment to succeed. Your cooperation in addressing this matter is greatly ensuring our staff have the skills and knowledge they need to If this trend of non-attendance continues, we will have no appreciated.





THE CHSCP

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25



Delegates Trained 24-	-25
œ	4
2	
9	
34	
65	
11	
28	
21	
49	
180	
12	
33	
17	
1	
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30	
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PROGRESS 2024/25

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

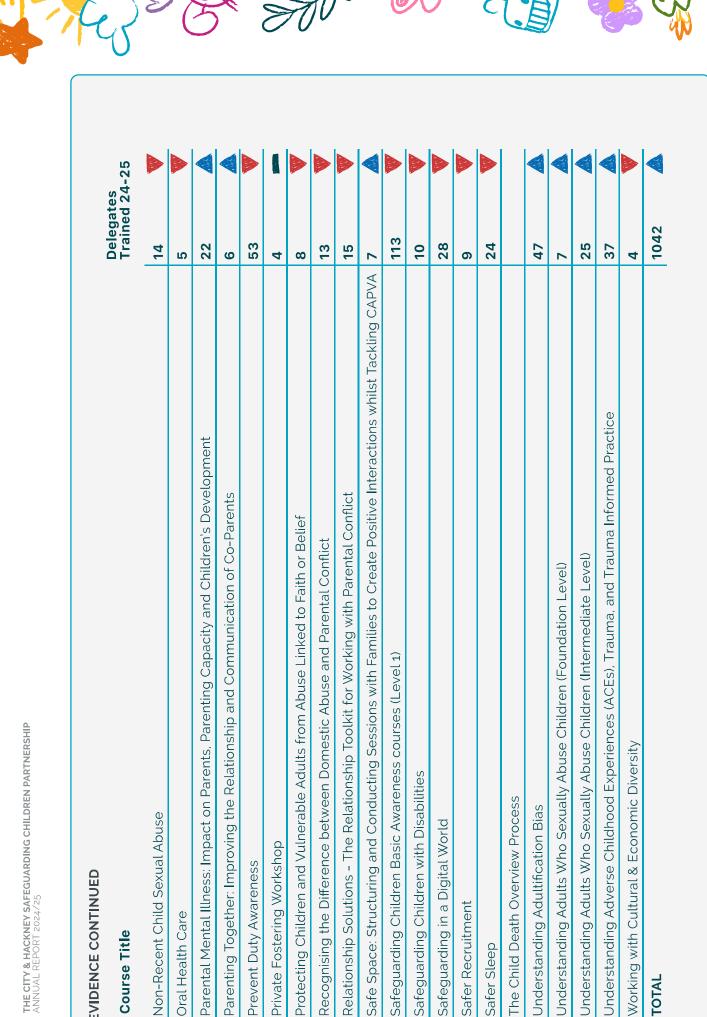
EVIDENCE CONTINUED

Course Title

Oral Health Care

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE





Private Fostering Workshop **Prevent Duty Awareness**

Safer Recruitment

Safer Sleep



TOTAL

THE CHSCP

EVIDENCE

the strict registration cut-off point, expectations related to visual and audio use during and recognition of attendance status for late attendees, the CHSCP Training, Learning, joining instructions, how to cancel course registration, downloading course materials, and Development Subgroup approved two versions of Course Attendance Standards comprehensive list of instructions covering before, during, and after the course. The To curb inconsistencies between courses, particularly relating to the admittance of, for Delegates covering virtual and face-to-face training. The standards provide a content covers pre-evaluation completion, when and how delegates will receive the course, and the evaluation schedule post course.

EVIDENCE

the training coordinator not having to produce individual certificates for delegates. In their own certificates after completion of the evaluation form for the relevant course. having to download registration data and evaluation data from multiple sources and During 2024/25, the CHSCP's Training Coordinator utilised the information on PHEW and reminder emails to delegates. Delegates are now able to download pre-course addition, the system sends calendar invites for each course, booking confirmations training element of the CHSCP. It has helped to reduce admin time in terms of not following their attendance being recorded online. Delegates are also able to print materials up to one week prior to their training session, and post course materials The PHEW learning management system continues to be a great addition to the to create 41 separate evaluation reports.







Supported by its Training Evaluation and Analysis Framework, the CHSCP continues to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of its core training programme. The evaluation schedule involves post-course feedback and follow-up engagement with delegates and their line managers, seeking evidence of how training has influenced practice. This has enabled the CHSCP to gain important insight into the difference its training programme is making towards improving outcomes for children and young people.

EVIDENCE

97.6% of delegates stated that the trainers' facilitation skills, teaching style and knowledge were GOOD (10,2%) VERY GOOD (37.5%) or EXCELLENT (49.9%). This feedback is a testament to the skill and expertise of our internal & commissioned trainers.

IMPACT

97.7% stated what they had learned would help them safeguard children & young people more effectively.

95.6% said the course met their expectations.

IMPACT

It's a lot to pack into one day and is full on and exhausting. It's quite hard to take in all the data. However, there was no part of the day I found not useful.

An Introduction to Intra-Familial Child Sexual Abuse - Post Course Evaluation.

Being able to discuss the case study with other people and hearing others' ideas really helped me to consider things that I may not have thought about before.

LADO: Completing Internal Employment-Based Investigations, Post Course Evaluation. It was quite rushed at the end when arguably covering the most important part.

Cultural Awareness: Working with the Orthodox Jewish Community - Post Course Evaluation. Continued overleaf



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THE CHSCP



IMPACT Continued

Training was hugely informative. There was plenty of time for discussion with others, enabling a multidisciplinary approach to analysing this bias. Marcia was very open to questions and perspectives being shared which fostered a positive environment to learn in. Understanding Adultification Bias, Post Course

Evaluation

including reviews and what can be learnt from them to Ilt was most usefull learning about real life situations improve the chance of a better outcome. Safeguarding Children: Basic Awareness - Post Course **Evaluation**, I have used some of the communication skills discussed in the training which has allowed me to capture the voice of non-verbal young children more effectively.

Designated Safeguarding Leads, Level 2 Evaluation.

situation that what they were describing when discussing a family situation was not domestic abuse, but a conflict I have explained to colleagues in a clinical supervision situation that they could help the parents to resolve. Recognising the Difference between Domestic Abuse and Parental Conflict, Level 2 Evaluation.

culturally sensitive and this has had a positive impact on my health assessment The knowledge I received during the training has enabled me to become of children and young people.

Gypsy Roma Traveller Cultural Competency Training - Basic Awareness, Level 2 Evaluation.

takeaway from the training was that supporting the individual's communication not come across a situation where she has had to raise a safeguard in the last 6 months. However, we have discussed the training in supervision and the big The employee! has not been directly involved in safeguarding issues and has needs is not classified as 'leading questions'.

Hear my Voice: Obtaining the Views and Opinions of Children with Communication Difficulties, Level 2 Evaluation. The staff member is I more confident to deal with issues as they arise and able and willing to engage in discussions at a management level.

Designated Safeguarding Leads, Line Manager Feedback.

[The member of staff now] understands drug related issues that affect young people.

Child Criminal Exploitation and County Lines, Line Manager Feedback.

No differences noted in practice. Staff members noted that they did not think the content of the training was useful and that the delivery was a little disorganised. Working with Economic and Cultural Diversity to Safeguard Children, Line Manager Feedback,



THE CHSCP

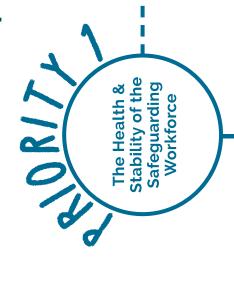
PROGRESS 2024/25

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



CHSCP Priorities 2024/25

SAIORIT.



Outcome

their workforce. A healthy and stable workforce contributes to high quality safeguarding practice that improves

outcomes for children and young

attract, retain, develop, and support agencies and named organisations

Safeguarding partners, relevant

Outcome

safeguarding children is characterised mechanisms in place to escalate their concerns and tell us that they can see change, Practitioners are confident in challenging racism, and this happens, families are confident in challenging by active anti-racism and aligns with their experiences of racism, have (and their outcomes) is identified the CHSCP's Anti-Racist Charter, and negatively impacts on Black and reduced, Children and their Practice that disproportionately The partnership's approach to and Global Majority children

Outcome

service design, develop practice and Multi-agency safeguarding practice children. The voices of children are central to all aspects of the child's journey and are used to influence reflects the lived experience of improve outcomes.



The Voice of Children

> Anti-Racist **Practice**

Active

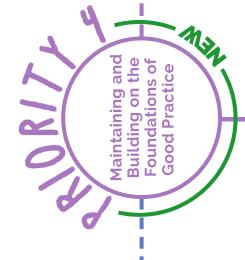




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WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP





The Appetite to

Learn

Outcome

on Child Sexual Abuse, Safeguarding The CHSCP identifies and develops For 2025/26, local priorities centre Unregistered Educational Settings. pathways to harm facing children. strategic vulnerabilities and the action in response to identified Adolescents, Neglect and

alignment with the national standards

continuous improvement and

Multi-agency safeguarding practice demonstrates a strong foundation,

Outcome

early, robust, timely and coordinated

multi-agency help and protection.

families are effectively supported by

for child protection. Children and



across their respective organisations. & improvement framework, Leaders challenge performance, and embed engaged with the CHSCP's learning lessons for practice improvement encourage independent scrutiny, are effectively safeguarded by professionals being actively Children and young people





THE CHSCP

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE



Our Pledge



THE HEALTH & STABILITY OF THE SAFEGUARDING WORKFORCE

current conditions – organisational change, reduced resourcing levels and increased demand. It will include evaluation of Without a healthy and engaged workforce, no agency can fully participate in and support the work of the partnership. the steps that can be taken to mitigate them. This work will be undertaken in the context of what we know about the The CHSCP will therefore seek to develop a better understanding of the pressures that staff and volunteers face and workforce stability, its capacity, and the support available to help deliver high-quality practice.



ACTIVE ANTI-RACIST PRACTICE

Through our collective leadership, we will model our values and promote a way of working that puts active anti-racism front active anti-racist practice will be evidenced in the behaviours of our staff and volunteers. Through a relentless focus on improvement and challenge, Black and Global Majority children and families will see, hear and feel the difference when and centre. This will be seen in the strategies we develop, the decisions we take and the people we employ. Critically, engaged by those responsible for their help and protection.



THE VOICE OF CHILDREN

We will support and enable a culture of working that routinely seeks out and reflects the voices of children. The lived experience of local children and their voices will be evident in the policies we create, the practice we review and the communication channels that our wider partnership creates. Importantly, it will be evident in our casework and our intervention to improve outcomes for children and their families.



PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP



WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW





MAINTAINING AND BUILDING ON THE FOUNDATIONS OF GOOD PRACTICE

NEW

work, covering the journey of the child through the safeguarding system. This includes our approaches to family help, child continuously building upon these. We will maintain focus on ensuring these fundamental aspects are embedded in our The CHSCP recognises that good practice is built upon solid foundations, and we are committed to maintaining and protection, looked after children, and care leavers.



STRATEGIC VULNERABILITIES & PATHWAYS TO HARM

implement solutions that directly support practice, improve outcomes and help tackle the root causes of harm to children. We will proactively respond to local strategic vulnerabilities and identified pathways to harm through robust and focused multi-agency arrangements. We will commit to developing our understanding of these issues and work together to



THE APPPETITE TO LEARN

will routinely revisit the action plans to ensure that identified improvements are reflected in contemporary practice. Critically, opportunities to learn. Our quality assurance activity remains structured on our learning and improvement framework. We the right to ask difficult questions and the right respectfully challenge. Whenever required, safeguarding partners, relevant we will respect the independent scrutiny role of the Independent Safeguarding Children Commissioner, the right to 'roam', agencies and named organisations will provide whatever information they can to address a relevant enquiry or concern. We are committed to maintaining our improvement journey and to that end, we will actively seek out and embrace





THE CHSCP

LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT

PROGRESS 2024/25

PRIORITIES & PLEDGE

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW



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THE CITY & HACKNEY SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN PARTNERSHIP
ANNUAL REPORT 2024/25

PROGRESS 2022/23

WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW

Children and Young People

- Nothing is more important than making sure you are safe and well cared for.
- As adults, sometimes we think we always know best. We don't, and that's why your voice is so important.
- how you think children and young people can be better This is about you, and we want to know more about protected.
- We want to talk to you more often and we want you to help us find the best way to do this.
- If you are worried about your own safety or that of a friend, speak to a professional you trust or speak to Childline on 0800 1111,

childline

ONLINE, ON THE PHONE, ANYTIME childline.org.uk | 0800 1111

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT



Parents and Carers

- Public agencies are there to support you and prevent any problems you are having from getting worse. Don't be afraid to ask for help.
- It's important to tell us what works for you and what doesn't so that professionals can help you in the best way possible.
- Make sure you know about the best way to protect your child and take time to understand some of the risks they can face.
- You'll never get ahead of your child when it comes to understanding social media and IT – but make yourself aware of the risks that children and young people can face.





The Community

- You are in the best place to look out for children and young people and to raise the alarm if something is going wrong for them.
- We all share responsibility for protecting children. Don't turn a blind eye. If you see something, say something.
- If you live in Hackney, call the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) on o208 356 5500.
- If you live in the City, call the Children & Families Team on 0207332 3621.
- You can also call the NSPCC Child Protection helpline on 0808 800 5000.



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Practitioners

- Make sure children and young people are seen, heard and helped. SAFEGUARDING FIRST, CONTEXT, CURIOSITY & CHALLENGE
- Your **professional judgement** is what ultimately makes a difference, and you must invest in developing the knowledge, skills and experiences needed to effectively safeguard children and young people. Attend all training required for your role.
- Be familiar with, and use, when necessary, the Hackney Child Wellbeing Framework and/or The City of London Thresholds of Need tool to ensure an appropriate response to safeguarding children and young people.
- Understand the importance of **talking with colleagues** and don't be afraid to share information. If in doubt, speak to your manager.
- **Escalate your concerns** if you do not believe a child or young person is being safeguarded. This is non-negotiable.
- Use your representative on the CHSCP to make sure that your voice and that of the children and young people you work with are heard.
- If your work is mainly with adults, make sure you consider the needs of any children if those adults are parents.









Local Politicians

- You are leaders in your local area. Do not underestimate
 the importance of your role in advocating for the most
 vulnerable children and making sure everyone takes their
 safeguarding responsibilities seriously.
- Deputy Mayor Anntoinette Bramble (Hackney) and Ruby Sayed (The City of London) are the lead members for Children's Services and have a key role in children's safeguarding so does every other councillor.
- You can be the eyes and ears of vulnerable children and families... Keep the protection of children at the front of volumind

Leaders

- You set the tone for the culture of your organisation. When you
 talk, people listen. Talk about children and young people. Talk
 about SAFEGUARDING FIRST.
- Your leadership is vital if children and young people are to be safeguarded.
- Understand the capability and capacity of your front-line services to protect children and young people - make sure both are robust.
- Ensure your workforce attend relevant CHSCP training courses and learning events.
- Ensure your agency contributes to the work of CHSCP and give this the highest priority. Be compliant with minimum standards for safeguarding.
- Advise the CHSCP of any organisational restructures and how these might affect your capacity to safeguard children and young people.





PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP

The Police

- Robustly pursue offenders and disrupt their attempts to abuse children.
- Ensure officers and police staff have the opportunity to train with their colleagues in partner agencies.
- Ensure that the voices of all child victims are heard, particularly in relation to listening to evidence where children disclose abuse.
- Ensure a strong focus on MAPPA and MARAC arrangements.





Head Teachers and Governors of Schools

- Ensure that your school / academy/ educational establishment is compliant with statutory guidance KCSIE.
- You see children more than any other profession and develop some of the most meaningful relationships with them.
- Keep engaged with the safeguarding process and continue to identify children who need early help and protection.
- Make sure your DSLs and Deputy DSLs have access to good quality supervision, support and training.







Commissioning Integrated Boards

- The ICB has a key role in scrutinising the governance and planning across a range of health organisations.
- ensure that services are commissioned for the most Discharge your safeguarding duties effectively and vulnerable children.

The Local Media

- Safeguarding children and young people is a tough job.
- Communicating the message that safeguarding is everyone's responsibility is crucial - you can help do this positively.
- effectively safeguarded every year across the Hundreds of children and young people are City and Hackney
- This is news.





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PRIORITIES & PLEDGE TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT LEARNING & IMPROVEMENT PROGRESS 2024/25 THE CHSCP



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